MultiVOIP[™]SS Survivable SIP Gateway & Server

User Guide for Voice/IP Gateways

Models: MVP210-SS MVP410-SS MVP810-SS



User Guide S000393B Analog MultiVOIPs with SIP Survivability Models MVP210-SS, MVP410-SS & MVP810-SS

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Chapter 1: Overview

About This Manual

This manual is about Voice-over-IP products made by Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. It describes three analog MultiVOIP units with SIPsurvivability features, models MVP810SS, MVP410SS, and MVP210SS

These MultiVOIP units can inter-operate with other contemporary analog MultiVOIP units (MVP130, MVP130FXS, MVP210, MVP410, and MVP810), with contemporary BRI MultiVOIP units (MVP410ST & MVP810ST), with contemporary digital T1/E1/ISDN-PRI MultiVOIP units (MVP2410 and MVP3010), and with the earlier generation of MultiVOIP products (MVP200, MVP400, MVP800, MVP120, etc.)

The table below (on next page) describes the vital characteristics of the various models in the MultiVOIP product family.

How to Use This Manual. *In short, use the index and the examples.* When our readers crack open this large manual, they generally need one of two things: information on a very specific software setting or technical parameter (about telephony or IP) *or* they need help when setting up phonebooks for their voip systems. The index gives quick access to voip settings and parameters. It's detailed. Use it. The best way to learn about phonebooks is to wade through examples like those in our chapters on T1 (North American standard) Phonebooks and E1 (Euro standard) Phonebooks. Finally, this manual is meant to be comprehensive. If you notice that something important is lacking, please let us know.

Additional Resources. The MultiTech web site (www.multitech.com) offers both a list of Frequently Asked Questions (the MultiVOIP FAQ) and a collection of resolutions of issues that MultiVOIP users have encountered (these are Troubleshooting Resolutions in the searchable Knowledge Base).

	Digital MultiVOIP Products								
Description		MVP- 2410	MVP 24-48	MVP 3010	MVP 30-60				
Function		T1 digital VOIP unit	T1 digital VOIP add-on card	E1 digital VOIP unit	E1 digital VOIP add-on card				
Capacity		24 channels	24 added channels	30 channels	30 added channels				
Chassis/ Mounting		19" 1U rack mount	circuit card only	19" 1U rack mount	circuit card only				

Analog MultiVOIP Products								
Description Model	MVP 810	MVP 428		MVP 410	MVP 210		MVP- 130/ 130FXS	
Function	analog voip	add-or card	l	analog voip	analog voip		analog voip	
Capacity	8 channels	4 added channels	3	4 channels	2 channels		1 channel	
Chassis/ Mounting	19" 1U rack mount	circuit card only		19" 1U rack mount	Table top		table top	
Description-	MVP 810 SS			IVP 10SS			VP 10SS	
Function	analog voip; acts as minimal SIP proxy server giving SIP proxy redundancy to WAN		analog voip; acts as minimal SIP proxy server giving SIP proxy redundancy to WAN			analog voip; acts as minimal SIP proxy server giving SIP proxy redundancy to WAN		
Capacity	8 chan	nels	4 channels			2 channels		
Chassis/ Mounting	19" 1U rack mount			19" 1U rack mount			table-top unit	

	ISDN/BRI MultiVOIP Products							
Description-	MVP810ST	MVP410ST						
Function	ISDN-BRI voip	ISDN-BRI voip						
Capacity	4 ISDN lines (8 B-channels)	2 ISDN lines (4 B-channels)						
Chassis/ Mounting	19" 1U rack mount	19" 1U rack mount						
	1. "BRI" means Basic Rate Interface.							

Introduction to Analog MultiVOIPs with SIP Survivability Features (MVP-210SS/410SS/810SS)

VOIP: The Free Ride. We proudly present Multi-Tech's MVP-210SS/410SS/810SS MultiVOIP Voice-over-IP Gateways. These three models allow voice/fax communication to be transmitted at no additional expense over your existing IP network, which has ordinarily been data only. To access this free voice and fax communication, you simply connect the MultiVOIP to your telephone equipment and your existing Internet connection. These analog MultiVOIPs inter-operate readily with T1 or E1 MultiVOIP units.

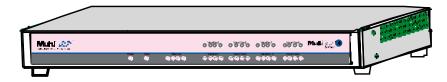


Figure 1-1: MVP-410SS/810SS Chassis

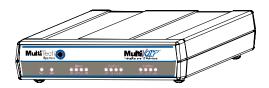
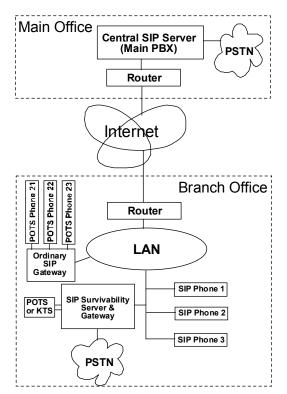


Figure 1-2: MVP210SS Chassis

Capacity. MultiVOIP model MVP810SS is an eight-channel unit, the model MVP410SS is a four-channel unit, and the MVP210SS is a two-channel unit. All three of these MultiVOIP units have a 10/100Mbps Ethernet interface and a command port for configuration.

SIP Survivability. The MVP210SS, MVP410SS and MVP810SS have a special capacity that reaches beyond ordinary voip functionality: they can direct call traffic for phones connected to their channels or phones connected to channels of other SIP gateways in the network (this is basic SIP server functionality). The MVP-SS unit would normally be located at a remote branch office served by a central SIP server (PBX) at the organization's main office. The MVP-SS is intended as a backup in case the network's main SIP server (often a PBX) fails or loses contact with the group of gateways at the remote branch office. If the main SIP server fails, the MVP-SS allows branch office phone users to call each other and access the PSTN via POTS lines or a key telephone system.





A single MVP210SS, MVP410SS or MVP810SS can provide SIP server functionality for as many as 500 other voip gateways. However, the number of phone lines that these units support (4 for the MVP410SS; 8

for the MVP810SS) constitutes a practical limitation on their capacity to support PSTN access for other gateways. Systems must be scaled to match required capacity by including additional MultiVOIP-SS units.

Mounting. Mechanically, the MVP410SS and MVP810SS MultiVOIPs are designed for a one-high industry-standard EIA 19-inch rack enclosure. The product must be installed by qualified service personnel in a restricted-access area, in accordance with Articles 110-16, 10-17, and 110-18 of the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70.

Phone System Transparency. These MultiVOIPs inter-operate with a telephone switch or PBX, acting as a switching device that directs voice and fax calls over an IP network. The MultiVOIPs have "phonebooks," directories that determine to who calls may be made and the sequences that must be used to complete calls through the MultiVOIP. The phonebooks allow the phone user to interact with the VOIP system just as they would with an ordinary PBX or telco switch. When the phonebooks are set, special dialing sequences are minimized or eliminated altogether. Once the call destination is determined, the phonebook settings determine whether the destination VOIP unit must strip off or add dialing digits to make the call appear at its destination to be a local call.

Voip Protocol. The MVP-SS units use the SIP protocol only. ("SIP" means Session Initiation Protocol.)

Data Compression & Quality of Service. The analog MultiVOIP unit comes equipped with a variety of data compression capabilities, including G.723, G.729, and G.711 and features DiffServ quality-of-service (QoS) capabilities.

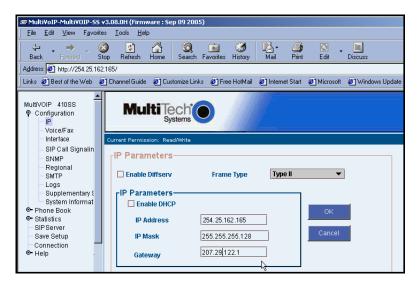
PSTN Failover Feature. The MultiVOIP can be programmed to divert calls to the PSTN temporarily in case the IP network fails.

RADIUS Support. Inter-operation with a RADIUS server allows for call accounting (especially for billing) on a voip system. The MultiVOIP supports inter-operation with RADIUS servers for the RADIUS accounting function (but not the RADIUS authentication function).

STUN Support. The STUN protocol (Simple Traversal of UDP through NATs (Network Address Translation)) assists with the packet routing functions of devices behind NAT firewalls or routers. The MultiVOIP supports inter-operation with STUN servers and NATs (SIP based environment only).

Management. Configuration and system management can be done locally with the MultiVOIP configuration software. After an IP address has been assigned locally, other configuration can be done remotely using the MultiVOIP web browser GUI. Remote system management can be done with the MultiVoipManager SNMP software or via the MultiVOIP web browser GUI. All of these control software packages are included on the Product CD.

While the web GUI's appearance differs slightly, its content and organization are essentially the same as that of the Windows GUI (except for logging).



The primary advantage of the web GUI is remote access for control and configuration. The controller PC and the MultiVOIP unit itself must both be connected to the same IP network and their IP addresses must be known.

Once you've begun using the web browser GUI, you can go back to the MultiVOIP Windows GUI at any time. However, you must log out of the web browser GUI before using the MultiVOIP Windows GUI.

Logging of System Events. MultiTech has built SysLog Server functionality into the software of the MultiVOIP units. SysLog is a *de facto* standard for logging events in network communication systems.

(Logs └ogs └ogs └urn Off Logs ⓒ <u>G</u> UI ⓒ <u>SMIP</u> SysLog Server ☑ Enable UR Address :
	P Address : Port : 514 Online Statistics Updation Interval 5 Sec

The SysLog Server resides in the MultiVOIP unit itself. To implement this functionality, you will need a SysLog client program (sometimes referred to as a "daemon"). SysLog client programs, both paid and freeware, can be obtained from Kiwi Enterprises, among other firms. See <u>www.kiwisyslog.com</u>. SysLog client programs essentially give you a means of structuring console messages for convenience and ease of use.

MultiTech Systems does not endorse any particular SysLog client program. SysLog client programs by any qualified provider should suffice for use with MultiVOIP units. Kiwi's brief description of their SysLog program indicates the typical scope of such programs. "Kiwi Syslog Daemon is a freeware Syslog Daemon for the Windows platform. It receives, logs, displays and forwards Syslog messages from hosts such as routers, switches, Unix hosts and any other syslog enabled device. There are many customizable options available."

MultiVOIP Front Panel LEDs

LED Types. The MultiVOIPs have two types of LEDs on their front panels:

- (1) general operation LED indicators (for power, booting, and ethernet functions), and
- (2) channel operation LED indicators that describe the data traffic and performance in each VOIP data channel.

Active LEDs. On both the MVP410SS and MVP810SS, there are eight sets of channel-operation LEDs. However, on the MVP410SS, only the lower four sets of channel-operation LEDs are functional. On the MVP810SS, all eight sets are functional.

Multi OTP				COO O O	Vice Fax 6	^{₩₩₽₩}	000 ^{7ax 1}	
	O	300	Therest	Voico#"sx 1 ØØØØØ	00000	00000	00000	

Figure 1-4. MVP-410SS/810SS LEDs

Similarly, the MVP210 has the general-operation indicator LEDs and two sets of channel-operation LEDs, one for each channel.

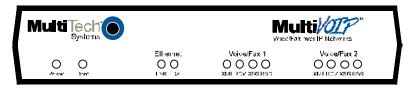


Figure 1-5. MVP210SS LEDs

LED Descriptions for MultiVOIP-SS Units

Front Panel LED Definitions		
LED NAME	DESCRIPTION	
General Ope	ration LEDs (one set on each MultiVOIP model)	
Power	Indicates presence of power.	
Boot	After power up, the Boot LED will be on briefly while the MultiVOIP is booting. It lights whenever the MultiVOIP is booting or downloading a setup configuration data set.	
Ethernet	 FDX. LED indicates whether Ethernet connection is half-duplex or full-duplex (FDX) and, in half-duplex mode, indicates occurrence of data collisions. LED is on constantly for full-duplex mode; LED is off constantly for half-duplex mode. When operating in half-duplex mode, the LED will flash during data collisions. LNK. Link/Activity LED. This LED is lit if Ethernet connection has been made. It is off when the link is down (i.e., when no Ethernet connection exists). While link is up, this LED will flash off to indicate data activity. 	
Channel-Ope	eration LEDs (one set for each channel)	
XMT	Transmit . This indicator blinks when voice packets are being transmitted to the local area network.	
RCV	Receive . This indicator blinks when voice packets are being received from the local area network.	
XSG	Transmit Signal . This indicator lights when the FXS- configured channel is off-hook, the FXO-configured channel is receiving a ring from the Telco, or the M lead is active on the E&M configured channel. That is, it lights when the MultiVOIP is receiving a ring from the PBX.	
RSG	Receive Signal . This indicator lights when the FXS- configured channel is ringing, the FXO-configured channel has taken the line off-hook, or the E lead is active on the E&M-configured channel.	

Computer Requirements

The computer on which the MultiVOIP's configuration program is installed must meet these requirements:

- must be IBM-compatible PC with MS Windows operating system;
- must have an available COM port for connection to the MultiVOIP.

However, this PC does not need to be connected to the MultiVOIP permanently. It only needs to be connected when local configuration and monitoring are done. Nearly all configuration and monitoring functions can be done remotely via the IP network.

Specifications

Parameter /Model	MVP410SS	MVP810SS	MVP210SS
Operating	100-240 VAC	100-240 VAC	External
Voltage/	1.2 - 0.6 A	1.2 - 0.6 A	transformer:
Current			3A @5V
Mains	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Frequencies			
Power	29 watts	46 watts	19 watts
Consumption			
Mechanical	1.75″ H x	1.75″ H x	6.2″ W x
Dimensions	17.4″ W x	17.4″ W x	9″ D x
	8.5″ D	8.5″ D	1.4″ H
	4.5cm H x	4.5cm H x	15.8cm W x
	44.2 cm W x	44.2 cm W x	22.9cm D x
	21.6 cm D	21.6 cm D	3.6cm H
Weight	7.1 lbs.	7.7 lbs.	1.8lbs (.82kg)
	(3.2 kg)	(3.5 kg)	2.6lbs (1.17kg)
			with transformer

Installation at a Glance

The basic steps of installing your MultiVOIP network involve unpacking the units, connecting the cables, and configuring the units using management software (MultiVOIP Configuration software) and confirming connectivity with another voip site. This process results in a fully functional Voice-Over-IP network.

Related Documentation

The MultiVOIP User Guide (the document you are now reading) comes in electronic form and is included on your system CD. It presents indepth information on the features and functionality of Multi-Tech's MultiVOIP Product Family. The MultiVOIP is shipped with a printed *Cabling Guide*.

The CD media is produced using Adobe Acrobat[™] for viewing and printing the user guide. To view or print your copy of a user guide, load Acrobat Reader[™] on your system. The Acrobat Reader is included on the MultiVOIP CD and is also a free download from Adobe's Web Site:

www.adobe.com/prodindex/acrobat/readstep.html

This MultiVOIP User Guide is also available on Multi-Tech's Web site at:

http://www.multitech.com

Viewing and printing a user guide from the Web also requires that you have the Acrobat Reader loaded on your system. To select the MultiVOIP User Guide from the Multi-Tech Systems home page, click **Documents** and then click **MultiVOIP Family** in the product list drop-down window. All documents for this MultiVOIP Product Family will be displayed. You can then choose User Guide (MultiVOIP Product Family) to view or download the **.pdf** file. (Note that the configuration of the MultiTech home page is subject to change. The current User Guide will be present, in any case.

Entries (organized by model number) in the "knowledge base" and 'troubleshooting resolutions' sections of the MultiTech web site (found under "Support") constitute another source of help for problems encountered in the field.

Chapter 2: Quick Start Instructions

Introduction

This chapter contains streamlined instructions to get the MultiVOIP up and running quickly. These start-up instructions include assistance on setting up the MultiVOIP's Inbound and Outbound Phonebooks. These sections of the Quick Start Instructions may be particularly useful for phonebook configuration:

> Phonebook Starter Configuration Phonebook Tips Phonebook Example (One Common Situation)

The Quick Start Guide also contains a "Phonebook Worksheet" section. You may want to print out several worksheet copies. Paper copies can be very helpful in comparing phonebooks at multiple sites at a glance. This will assist you in making the phonebooks clear and consistent and will reduce 'surfing' between screens on the configuration program.

A printed *Cabling Guide* is shipped with the MultiVOIP and an electronic copy is included on the Product CD.

MultiVOIP Startup Tasks

Task	Summary
Collecting Phone/IP Details (vital!)	The MultiVOIP must be configured to interface with your particular phone system and IP network. To do so, certain details must be known about those phone and IP systems.
Placement	Decide where you'll mount the voip.
 Command/Control Computer Setup: Specs & Settings 	Some modest minimum specifications must be met. A COM port must be set up.
Hookup	Connect power, phone, and data cables per diagram.
Software Installation	This is the configuration program. It's a standard Windows software installation.
Phone/IP Starter Configuration	You will enter phone numbers and IP addresses. You'll use default parameter values where possible to get the system running quickly. Use "Config Info CheckList" (page 28).
Phonebook Starter Configuration	The phonebook is where you specify how calls will be routed. To get the system running quickly, you'll make phonebooks for just two voip sites.
Connectivity Test	You'll find out if your voip system can carry phone calls between two sites. That means you're up and running!
Troubleshooting	Detect and remedy any problems that might have prevented connectivity.

Phone/IP Details *Absolutely Needed* Before Starting the Installation

The MultiVOIP will interface with both the IP network and the phone system. You must gather information about the IP network and about the phone system so that the MultiVOIP can be configured to operate with them properly. A summary of this configuration information appears on page 28 ("Config Info CheckList").

Gather IP Information

 Ask your computer network administrator.	Info needed to operate: all MultiVOIP models.	
	Parameters: each VOIP Site	
• IP Address		
• IP Mask		
• Gateway		
Domain Name Server (DNS) Info (optional)		
• Determine whether or not 802.1p Packet Prioritization will be used.		

Phone/IP Details *Absolutely Needed* Gather Telephone Information

 Telephony Parameters
Ask phone company or telecom manager.
Analog Telephony Interface Parameters: Record for this VOIP Site
Which interface type is used? E&M FXS/FXO DID/DPO
• If FXS, determine whether the line will be used for a phone, fax, or KTS (key telephone system)
• If FXO, determine if line will be an analog PBX extension or an analog line from a telco central office
 If E&M, determine these aspects of the E&M trunk line from the PBX: What is its Type (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5)? Is it 2-wire or 4-wire? Is it Dial-Tone or Wink?

Phone/IP Details Often Needed/Wanted

required if log reports of VOIP call traffic Optional are to be sent by email **SMTP Parameters Preparation Task:** MEMO: I.T. Department Ask Mail Server administrator to set up email account (with password) for the MultiVOIP unit itself. Be sure to give a unique *1966666*666 identifier to each individual MultiVOIP voip-unit2@biggytech.com unit. Get the IP address of the mail server computer, as well.

Obtain Email Address for VOIP (for email call log reporting)

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Cont	ia into	o Chec	KLIST

Type of Config Info Gathered	MultiVOIP Configuration screen on which to enter Config Info	 ✓ Info Obtained 	Info Entered
IP info for voip unit • IP address • Gateway • DNS IP (if used) • 802.1p Prioritization (if used)	Ethernet/IP Parameters		
Interface Type (Choices: E&M, FXS/FXO*, DIP, DPO)	Interface Parameters *In FXO/FXS systems, channels used for phone, fax, or key system are FXS; channels used for analog PBX extensions or analog telco lines are FXO.		
E&M info (only if E&M is used) ● Type (1-5) ● 2 or 4 wires? ● Dial Tone or Wink?	Interface Parameters		
Country Code	Regional Parameters		
Email address for voip (optional)	SMTP Parameters		
SIP Operating Mode • Survivability • Stand-Alone	SIP Server Configuration		
Network Locations of Alternate SIP Proxy units, if used (IP Address or Domain Name) Alt #1:	SIP Call Signaling		
Alt #2			
Endpoint Info	SIP Server Predefined		
Device Name Regist Type	Endpoints		
IP Address Port			
Device Name Regist Type			
IP Address Port			
Reminder: Be sure to Save Setup after entering configuration values.			

Identify Remote VOIP Site to Call

When you're done installing the MultiVOIP, you'll want to confirm that it is configured and operating properly. To do so, it's good to have another voip that you can call for testing purposes. You'll want to confirm end-to-end connectivity. You'll need IP and telephone information about that remote site.

If this is the very first voip in the system, you'll want to coordinate the installation of this MultiVOIP with an installation of another unit at a remote site.

Identify MVP-SS Unit's Role in SIP VOIP System

The MVP210-SS/410-SS/810-SS unit always uses the SIP protocol. However, the MVP-SS units are equipped to play an additional role in the voip system -- the role of a SIP server. And as a SIP server, the MVP-SS unit can operate in either "stand-alone" mode or "SIP survivability" mode.

Stand-Alone Mode. The MVP-SS unit can function as a stand-alone SIP server that controls the flow of phone traffic to lines connected to gateways that are registered with the MVP-SS unit. This stand-alone capability allows the MVP-SS to operate with 'smart' SIP phones. Such smart SIP phones can choose the SIP server under which they operate and, consequently, can be controlled by either the SIP-based PBX or by the MVP-SS.

SIP Survivability Mode. The MVP-SS unit can function as a back-up SIP server that performs SIP server functions when/if the network's main SIP server fails or loses contact with the subnetwork in which the MVP-SS unit is placed.

Placement

Mount your MultiVOIP in a safe and convenient location where cables for your network and phone system are accessible. Rack-mounting instructions are in *Chapter 3: Mechanical Installation & Cabling* of the User Guide.

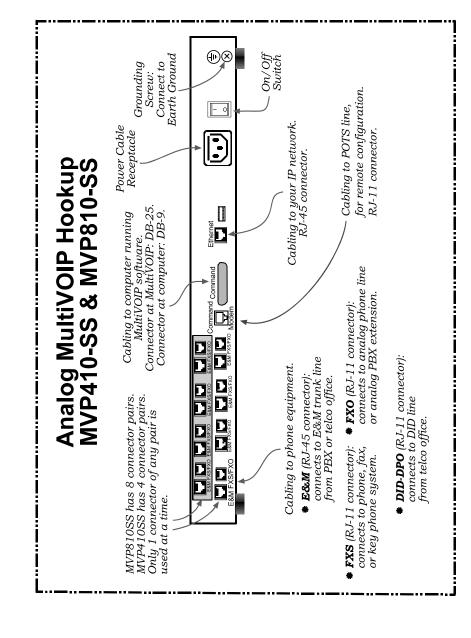
Command/Control Computer Setup (Specs & Settings)

The computer used for command and control of the MultiVOIP

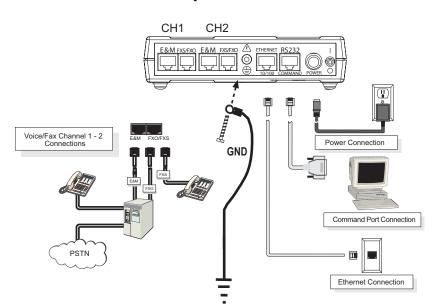
- (a) must be an IBM-compatible PC,
- (b) must use a Microsoft operating system,
- (c) must be connected to your local network (Ethernet) system, and
- (d) must have an available serial COM port.

The configuration tasks and control tasks the PC will have to do with the MultiVOIP are not especially demanding. Still, we recommend using a reasonably new computer. The computer that you use to configure your MultiVOIP need not be dedicated to the MultiVOIP after installation is complete.

COM port on controller PC. You'll need an available COM port on the controller PC. You'll need to know which COM port is available for use with the MultiVOIP (COM1, COM2, etc.).



Quick Hookup for MVP410-SS & MVP810-SS



Quick Hookup for MVP210-SS

Load MultiVOIP Control Software onto PC

For more details, see Chapter 4: Software Installation in User Guide.

- 1. MultiVOIP must be properly cabled. Power must be turned on.
- 2. Insert MultiVOIP CD into drive. Allow 10-20 seconds for Autorun to start. If Autorun fails, go to
- My Computer | CD ROM drive | Open. Click Autorun icon.
- 3. At first dialog box, click Install Software.
- 4. At 'welcome' screen, click Next.
- 5. Follow on-screen instructions. Accept default program folder location and click **Next.**
- 6. Accept default icon folder location. Click Next. Files will be copied.
- 7. Select available COM port on command/control computer.
- 8. At completion screen, click Finish.
- 9. At the prompt "Do you want to run MultiVOIP Configuration?," click **No**. Software installation is complete.

Phone/IP Starter Configuration

This is a summary. For full details, see "Technical Configuration" chapter of *User Guide*.

1. Open MultiVOIP program: Start | MultiVOIP xxx | Configuration.

2. Go to **Configuration** | **Ethernet/IP**. Enter the IP parameters for your voip site. Activate Packet Prioritization (802.1p) if desired. If you use a Domain Name Server (DNS), specify its IP address. If DNS is used, you can activate the Service Record (SRV) feature. For details, see the "Technical Configuration" chapter of the *User Guide*.

 Do you want to configure and operate the MultiVOIP unit using the web browser GUI? (It has the same functionality as the local Windows GUI, but offers remote access.) If NO, skip to step 5. If YES, continue with step 4.

4. Web Browser GUI Setup (Optional). To do configuration and operation procedures using the web browser GUI, you must first set it up. To do so, follow these steps. (The browser used must be Internet Explorer 6.0 or above; or Netscape 6.0 or above; or FireFox 1.0 or above.)

A. Be sure an IP address has	E. Open web browser.	
been assigned to the	(Note: The PC being used must	
MultiVOIP unit (this must be	be connected to and have an IP	
done in the MultiVOIP	address on the same IP network	
Windows GUI).	that the voip is on.)	
B . Save Setup in Windows GUI.	F . Browse to IP address of	
_	MultiVOIP unit.	
C. Close the MultiVOIP	G . If username and password	
Windows GUI.	have been established, enter	
	them when prompted by	
	voip.	
D. Install Java program from	H. Use web browser GUI to	
MultiVOIP product CD.	configure or operate voip.	
(Must be Java Runtime		
Environment 1.4.2_01 or above.)		
NOTE: Required on first use of		
Web Browser GUI only.		
Need more See "Web Browser	Interface" in Operation &	
info? <i>Maintenance</i> chapte	<i>Maintenance</i> chapter of User Guide (on CD).	

Once you've begun using the web browser GUI, you can go back to the MultiVOIP Windows GUI at any time. However, you must log out of the web browser GUI before using the MultiVOIP Windows GUI.

Phone/IP Starter Configuration (continued)

- 5. Go to **Configuration** | **Voice/Fax**. Select **Coder** | "Automatic." At the right-hand side of the dialog box, click **OK**. If you know any specific parameter values that will apply to your system, enter them. Click **Copy Channel**. Select **Copy to All**. Click **Copy**. At main Voice/Fax Parameters screen, click **OK** to exit from the dialog box.
- 6. Enter telephone system information.
 Go to Configuration | Interface.
 Enter parameters obtained from phone company or PBX administrator.
- 7. Go to **Configuration** | **Regional Parameters**. Select the **Country/Region** that fits your situation. Click **OK** and confirm. Click **OK** to exit from the dialog box.
- 8. Go to **Configuration** | **Regional Parameters**. In the **Country Selection for Built-In Modem** field (drop-down list), select the country that best fits your situation. (This may not be the same as your selection for the **Country/Region** field. The selections in the **Country Selection for Built-In Modem** field entail more detailed groupings of telephony parameters than do the **Country/Region** values.)
- Do you want the phone-call logs produced by the MultiVOIP to be sent out by email (to your Voip Administrator or someone else)? If NO, skip to step 11. If YES, continue with step 10.

10. Go to **Configuration** | **SMTP**.

SMTP lets you send phone-call log records to the Voip Administrator by email. Select **Enable SMTP**. You should have already obtained an email address for the

MultiVOIP itself (this serves as the origination email account for email logs that the MultiVOIP can email out automatically).

Enter this email address in the "Login Name" field. Type the password for this email account.

Enter the IP address of the email server where the MultiVOIP's email account is located in the "Mail Server IP Address" field.

Typically the email log reports are sent to the Voip Administrator but they can be sent to any email address. Decide where you want the email logs sent and enter that email address in the "Recipient Address" field. Whenever email log messages are sent out, they must have a standard Subject line. Something like "Phone Logs for Voip N" is useful. If you have more than one MultiVoip unit in the building, you'll need a unique identifier for each one (select a useful name or number for "N"). In this "Subject" field, enter a useful subject title for the log messages.

In the "Reply-To Address" field, enter the email address of your Voip Administrator.

11. Go to **Configuration** | **Logs**.

Select "Enable Console Messages."

To allow log reports by email (if desired), click SMTP. Click OK.

To do logging with a SysLog client program, click on "SysLog Server – Enable" in the **Logs** screen. To implement this function, you must install a SysLog client program. For more info, see the "SysLog Server Functions" section of the *Operation & Maintenance* chapter of the **User Guide**.

Phone/IP Starter Configuration (continued)

12. Enable premium (H.450) telephony features.

Go to **Supplementary Services**. Select any features to be used. For Call Hold, Call Transfer, & Call Waiting, specify the key sequence that the phone user will press to invoke the feature. For Call Name Identification, specify the allowed name types to be used and a callerid descriptor.

If Call Forwarding is to be used, enable this feature in the Add/Edit Inbound Phone Book screen.

After making changes, click on **OK** in the current configuration screen before moving on to the next configuration screen.

- 13. **RADIUS Support**. If you intend to use a RADIUS server for billing or other accounting purposes, enter the server information in the **RADIUS** screen.
- 14. **STUN Support**. If you are using the SIP protocol with the UDP transmission protocol, and if you want the MultiVOIP to operate behind a NAT (Network Address Translation server) using the STUN protocol (Simple Traversal of UDP through NAT), enable this feature in the **NAT Traversal** screen. You must also specify the IP address (etc.) of the STUN server you will use. The STUN server could be a local device or it could be a public STUN server accessible on the Internet.

15. Network Locations of SIP Servers (Primary & Alternate).

Go to **SIP Call Signaling** and enter the IP address or domain name for the primary SIP Server in your system, as well as any alternate SIP servers. The UserName and Password entered here will be used to authenticate all inbound phonebook entries that do not already have their own unique usernames and passwords.

16. Endpoint Info. Go to SIP Server | Predefined Endpoints. For every other endpoint (gateway) to be registered with the MultiVOIP-SS unit, enter values for the following parameters. The parameters required are different for static registrations than for dynamic registrations, as shown in the table below.

Static Registration	Dynamic Registration
Endpoint Name =	Endpoint Name =
IP Address:	Password:
Port #:	Re-Registrat. Interval (sec):

17. Go to **Save Setup** | **Save and Reboot**. Click **OK**. This will save the parameter values that you have just entered.

The MultiVOIP's "BOOT" LED will light up while the configuration file is being saved and loaded into the MultiVOIP. Don't do anything to the MultiVOIP until the "BOOT "LED is off (a loss of power at this point could cause the MultiVOIP unit to lose the configuration settings you have made).

END OF PROCEDURE.

Phonebook Starter Configuration (with remote voip)

If the topic of voip phone books is new to you, it may be helpful to read the PhoneBook Tips section (page 47) before starting this procedure.

To do this part of the quick setup, you need to know of another voip that you can call to conduct a test. It should be at a remote location, typically somewhere outside of your building. You must know the phone number and IP address for that site. We are assuming here that the MultiVOIP will operate in conjunction with a PBX.

You must configure both the Outbound Phonebook and the Inbound Phonebook. A starter configuration only means that two voip locations will be set up to begin the system and establish voip communication.

Outbound Phonebook

- 1. Open the MultiVOIP program. (Start | MultiVOIP xxx | Configuration)
- 2. Go to Phone Book | Outbound Phonebook | Add Entry.
- 3. On a sheet of paper, write down the calling code of the remote voip (area code, country code, city code, etc.) that you'll be calling.

Follow the example that best fits your situation.

North America,

Long-Distance Example Technician in Seattle (area 206) must set up one voip there, another in Chicago (area 312, downtown).

Euro, National Call Example

Technician in central London (area 0207) to set up voip there, another in Birmingham (area 0121).

Answer: Write down 312.

Answer: write down 0121.

Euro, International Call Example

Technician in Rotterdam (country 31; city 010) to set up one voip there, another in Bordeaux (country 33; area 05).

Answer: write down 3305.

4. Suppose you want to call a phone number outside of your building using a phone station that is an extension from your PBX system (if present). What digits must you dial? Often a "9" or "8" must be dialed to "get an outside line" through the PBX (i.e., to connect to the PSTN). Generally, "1 "or "11" or "0" must be dialed as a prefix for calls outside of the calling code area (long-distance calls, national calls, or international calls).

On a sheet of paper, write down the digits you must dial before you can dial a remote area code.

North America, Long-Distance Example	_	Euro, National Call Example
Seattle-Chicago system.		London/Birming. system.
Seattle voip works with PBX that uses "8" for all voip calls. "1" must immediately precede area code of dialed number. Answer: write down 81 .		London voip works with PBX that uses "9" for all out-of-building calls whether by voip or by PSTN. "0" must immediately precede area code of dialed number.
		Answer: write down 90.
· · ·		· · ·

Euro, International Call Example

Rotterdam/Bordeaux system. Rotterdam voip works with PBX where "9" is used for all out-of-building calls. "0" must precede all international calls.

Answer: write down 90.

5. In the "Destination Pattern" field of the **Add/Edit Outbound Phonebook** screen, enter the digits from step 4 followed by the digits from step 3.

North America, Long-Distance Example Seattle-Chicago system. Answer: enter 81312 as Destination Pat- tern in Outbound Phone-book of Seattle voip.	Euro, National Call Example London/Birming. system Leading zero of Birmingham area code i dropped when combined with national-dialing access code. (Such practices vary by countr Answer: enter 90121 as Destination Pat- tern in Outbourn Phonebook of London voip.	s ed ry.)			
	Not 900121.				
Euro, International Call Example Rotterdam/Bordeaux system.					
Answer: enter 903305 as Destination Pattern in					

Answer: enter **903305** as Destination Pattern in Outbound Phonebook of Rotterdam voip.

6. In the "Remove Prefix" field, enter the initial PBX access digit ("8" or "9").

North America, Long-Distance Example Seattle-Chicago system. Answer: enter 8 in "Remove Prefix" field of Seattle Outbound Phonebook.		Euro, National Call Example London/Birming. system. Answer: enter 9 in "Remove Prefix" field of London Outbound Phonebook.
Euro, Internati Rotterdam/Bordeaux syst Answer: enter 9 in "Remov Phonebook for R	Prefix" field of Outbound	

Some PBXs will not 'hand off' the "8" or "9" to the voip. But for those PBX units that do, it's important to enter the "8" or "9" in the "Remove Prefix" field in the Outbound Phonebook. This precludes the problem of having to make two inbound phonebook entries at remote voips, one to account for situations where "8" is used as the PBX access digit, and another for when "9" is used.

- 7. In the "SIP" field group, select "Use Proxy" and specify the Transport Protocol to be used (TCP or UDP). Use the default SIP Port Number (5060).
- 8. Click OK to exit from the Add/Edit Outbound Phonebook screen.

Inbound Phonebook

- 1. Open the MultiVOIP program. (Start | MultiVOIP xxx | Configuration)
- 2. Go to Phone Book | Inbound Phonebook | Add Entry.
- 3. In the "Remove Prefix" field, enter your local calling code (area code, country code, city code, etc.) preceded by any other "access digits" that are required to reach your local site from the remote voip location (think of it as though the call were being made through the PSTN even though it will not be).

	Euro, National Call Example					
	London/Birming. system.					
	Inner London is 0207 area. Birmingham employees must dial 9 before dialing any London number on the voip system. Answer: 0207 is prefix to be removed by local (London) voip.					
on	al Call Example					
tem						
Rotterdam is country code 31, city code 010. Bordeaux employees must dial 903110 before dialing any Rotterdam number on the voip system.						
	tem e 31 .10 1					

Answer: **03110** is prefix to be removed by local (Rotterdam) voip.



4. In the "Add Prefix" field, enter any digits that must be dialed from your local voip to gain access to the PSTN.

North America, Long-Distance Example	Euro, National (Example	Call		
Seattle-Chicago system.	London/Birming. syst	tem.		
On Seattle PBX, "9" is used to get an outside line.	On London PBX, "9" i to get an outside line.	s used		
Answer: 9 is prefix to be added by local (Seattle) voip.	Answer: 9 is prefix to be added by local (London) voip.			
Euro, Internati	onal Call Example			
Rotterdam/Bordeaux syst On Rotterdam PBX, "9" is		·.		
Answer: 9 is prefix to be added by local (Rotterdam) voip.				

5. In the "Channel Number" field, enter "Hunting." A "hunting" value means the voip unit will assign the call to the first available channel. If desired, specific channels can be assigned to specific incoming calls (i.e., to any set of calls received with a particular incoming dialing pattern).

6. In the "Description" field, it is useful to describe the ultimate destination of the calls. For example, in a New York City voip system, "incoming calls to Manhattan office," might describe a phonebook entry, as might the descriptor "incoming calls to NYC local calling area." The description should make the routing of calls easy to understand. (40 characters max.)

North America, Long-Distance Example		Euro, National Call Example			
Seattle-Chicago system.		London/Birming. system.			
Possible Description:. Free Seattle access, all employees		Possible Description:. Local-rate London access, all empl.			
Euro, Internat	ion	al Call Example			
Rotterdam/Bordeaux system.					
Possible Description:. Local-rate Rotterdam access, all empl.					

- 7. In the **Add/Edit Inbound Phonebook** screen, under "Registration Options," enter the special password (if any) that will be used for this inbound phonebook entry. If you specify a special password that applies only to this inbound phonebook entry, that password will override the general password used by endpoints registering with the SIP server (in the SIP Call Signaling screen).
- 8. Repeat steps 2-8 for each inbound phonebook entry. When all entries are complete, go to step 9.
- 9. Click OK to exit the inbound phonebook screen.
- 10. Click on Save Setup. Highlight Save and Reboot. Click OK.

Your starter inbound phonebook configuration is complete.

Phonebook Tips

Preparing the phonebook for your voip system is a complex task that, at first, seems quite daunting. These tips may make the task easier.

1. **Use Dialing Patterns, Not Complete Phone Numbers**. You will not generally enter complete phone numbers in the voip phonebook. Instead, you'll enter "destination patterns" that involve area codes and other digits. If the destination pattern is a whole area code, you'll be assigning all calls to that area code to go to a particular voip which has a unique IP address. If your destination pattern includes an area code plus a particular local phone exchange number, then the scope of calls sent through your voip system will be narrowed (only calls within that local exchange will be handled by the designated voip, not all calls in that whole area code). In general, when there are fewer digits in your destination pattern, you are asking the voip to handle calls to more destinations.

2. The Four Types of Phonebook Digits Used. Important!

"Destination patterns" to be entered in your phonebook will generally consist of:

- (a) calling area codes,
- (b) access codes,
- (c) local exchange numbers, and
- (d) specialized codes.

Although voip phonebook entries may look confusing at first, it's useful to remember that all the digits in any phonebook entry must be of one of these four types.

(a) **calling area codes**. There are different names for these around the world: "area codes," "city codes," "country codes," etc. These codes, are used when making non-local calls. They always precede the phone number that would be dialed when making a local call.

(b) **access codes**. There are digits (*PSTN access codes*) that must be dialed to gain access to an operator, to access the publicly switched 'long-distance' calling system(North America), to access the publicly switched 'national' calling system (Europe and elsewhere), or to access the publicly switched 'international' calling system (worldwide).

There are digits (*PBX access codes*) that must be dialed by phones connected to PBX systems or key systems. Often a "9" must be dialed on a PBX phone to gain access to the PSTN ('to get an outside line'). Sometimes "8" must be dialed on a PBX phone to divert calls onto a leased line or to a voip system. However, sometimes PBX systems are 'smart' enough to route calls to a voip system without a special access code (so that "9" might still be used for all calls outside of the building).

There are also digits (*special access codes*) that must be dialed to gain access to a particular discount long-distance carrier or to some other closed or proprietary telephone system.

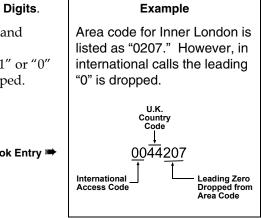
(c) **local exchange numbers**. Within any calling area there will be many local exchange numbers. A single exchange may be used for an entire small town. In cities, an exchange may be used for a particular neighborhood (although exchanges in cities do not always cover easily discernible areas). Organizations like businesses, governments, schools, and universities are also commonly assigned exchange numbers for their exclusive use. In some cases, these organizational-assigned exchanges can become non-localized because the exchange is assigned to one facility and linked, by the organization's private network, to other sometimes distant locations.

(d) **specialized codes**. Some proprietary voip units assign, to sites and phone stations, numbers that are not compatible with PSTN numbering. This can also occur in PBX or key systems. These specialized numbers must be handled on a case-by-case basis.

3. Knowing When to Drop Digits.

When calling area codes and access codes are used in combination, a leading "1" or "0" must sometimes be dropped.

Phonebook Entry



4. Using a Comma.

Commas are used in telephone dialing strings to indicate a pause to allow a dial tone to appear (common on PBX and key systems). Commas may be used only in the "Add Prefix" field of the Inbound Phonebook.

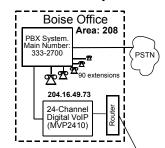
5. **Ease of Use**. The phonebook setup determines how easy the voip system is to use. Generally, you'll want to make it so dialing a voip call is very similar to dialing any other number (on the PSTN or through the PBX).

6. Avoid Unintentional Calls to Official/Emergency Numbers. Dialing a voip call will typically be somewhat different than ordinary dialing. Because of this, it's possible to set up situations, quite unwittingly, where phone users may be predisposed to call official numbers without intending to do so. Conversely, a voip/PBX system might also make it difficult to place an official/emergency call when one intends to do so. Study your phonebook setup and do some test-dialing on the system to avoid these pitfalls.

7. Inbound/Outbound Pattern Matching. In general, the Inbound Phonebook entries of the local voip unit will match the Outbound Phonebook entries of the remote voip unit. Similarly, the Outbound Phonebook entries of the local voip unit will match the Inbound Phonebook entries of the remote voip unit. There will often be nonmatching entries, but it's nonetheless useful to notice the matching between the phonebooks.

8. **Simulating Network in-lab/on-benchtop**. One common method of configuring a voip network is to set up a local IP network in a lab, connect voip units to it, and perhaps have phones connected on channel banks to make test calls.

Phonebook Example

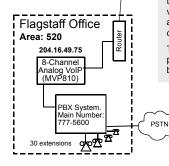


Inbound Phonebook

Each Inbound Phonebook contains two entries. The first entry (4 digits) spedifies how incoming calls from the other voip sites will be handled if they go out onto the local PSTN. Essentially, all those calls come to the receiving voip with 4 reare aced. The local voip removes those four digits because they aren't need when dialing locally. The local voip attaches a "9" at the beginning of the number to get an outside line. The PSTN.

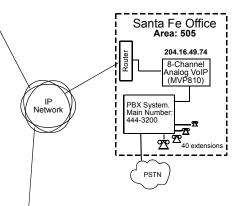
The second Inbound Phonebook entry (1 digit) is for receiving calls from company employees in the other two otites. The out-of-lown employee simply dials 3 digits. The first of the three digits is uniquely used at each site and so acts as a destination pattern (Boise extensions are 7xx, Santa Fe extensions 2xx, Flagstaff extensions 8xx).

The local voip sees the pattern in its inbound phone book and notes the first digit (here either 2, 5, or 6). To make the match, this first digit, 2, 5, or 6 is put in the "Remove Prefix" field. This first digit must then be added back once again so that the voip will send all three digits to the PBX. The PBX can then dial the specific extension identified by the three-digit number.



One Common Situation

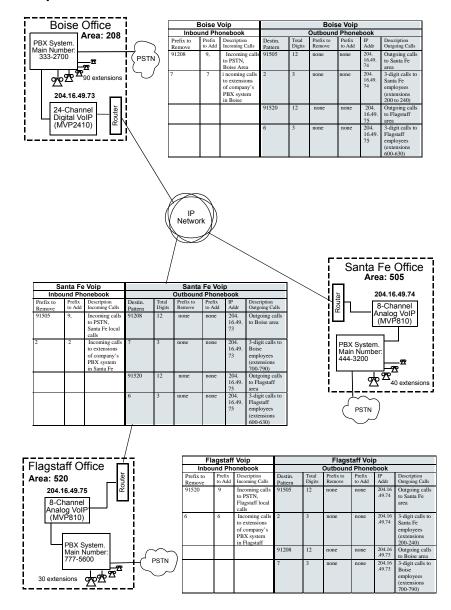
Voip Example. This company has offices in three different cities. The PBX units all operate alike. Notably, they all give access to outside lines using "9." They all are 'smart' enough to identify voip calls without using a special access digit ("8" is used in some systems). Finally, the system operates so that employees in any office can dial employees in any other office using only three digits. Here are the phonebooks needed for that system.



Each **Outbound Phonebook** contains two pairs of entries, two entries for each remote site. Whenever an out-of-town employee dials a 12-digit number beginning with the listed 5-digit destination pattern (9+1+area code) of another company location, the PBX hands the call to the voip system. The local voip strips off the "9" and directs the call to the IP address of the remote voip. The remote voip receives the call and hands it to its PBX. The PBX then completes the call to the PSTN.

The one-digit **Outbound** destination patterns pertain to 3-digit calling between company employees.

Voip Sites with Phonebooks



Sample Phonebooks Enlarged

	Boise Voip			Boise Voip				
Inbound Phonebook					Outbound	d Phone	book	
Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	Description Incoming Calls	Destin. Pattern	Total Digits	Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	IP Addr	Description Outgoing Calls
91208	9,	Incoming calls to PSTN, Boise Area	91505	12	none	none	204. 16.49. 74	Outgoing calls to Santa Fe area
7	7	i ncoming calls to extensions of company's PBX system in Boise	2	3	none	none	204. 16.49. 74	3-digit calls to Santa Fe employees (extensions 200 to 240)
			91520	12	none	none	204. 16.49. 75	Outgoing calls to Flagstaff area
			6	3	none	none	204. 16.49. 75	3-digit calls to Flagstaff employees (extensions 600-630)

S	anta Fe	e Voip			Santa	Fe Voi	р	
Inbo	und Ph	onebook		Ū	Outbound	l Phone	book	
Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	Description Incoming Calls	Destin. Pattern	Total Digits	Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	IP Addr	Description Outgoing Calls
91505	9,	Incoming calls to PSTN, Santa Fe local calls	91208	12	none	none	204. 16.49. 73	Outgoing calls to Boise area
2	2	Incoming calls to extensions of company's PBX system in Santa Fe	7	3	none	none	204. 16.49. 73	3-digit calls to Boise employees (extensions 700-790)
			91520	12	none	none	204. 16.49. 75	Outgoing calls to Flagstaff area
			6	3	none	none	204. 16.49. 75	3-digit calls to Flagstaff employees (extensions 600-630)

	Flagstaff Voip Inbound Phonebook				Flagst Outbound	taff Voi		
Prefix to Remove Prefix to Add Description			Destin. Pattern	Total Digits	Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	IP Addr	Description Outgoing Calls
91520	9	Incoming calls to PSTN, Flagstaff local calls	91505	12	none	none	204.16 .49.74	Outgoing calls to Santa Fe area
6	6	Incoming calls to extensions of company's PBX system in Flagstaff	2	3	none	none	204.16 .49.74	3-digit calls to Santa Fe employees (extensions 200-240)
			91208	12	none	none	204.16 .49.73	Outgoing calls to Boise area
			7	3	none	none	204.16 .49.73	3-digit calls to Boise employees (extensions 700-790)

Phonebook Worksheet

Voin	Location/ID:	

		o.p =0000.00						
luch a				0	Phonebook			
Inbo	una Pne	onebook			Outbound	Phone	зоок	
Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	Description Incoming Calls	Destin. Pattern	Total Digits	Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	IP Addr	Description Outgoing Calls

Other Details:

Other Details:

Voip Location/ID:____

Inbound Phonebook			Outbound Phonebook							
Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	Description Incoming Calls	Destin. Pattern	Total Digits	Prefix to Remove	Prefix to Add	IP Addr	Description Outgoing Calls		

Other Details:

		Outbound Phonebook	Description Outgoing Calls					
			Prefix IP to Add Addr					
Ö			TotalPrefix toPrefixIPDigitsRemoveto AddAddr					
			Total Digits					
		Destin. Pattern						
Voip Location/ID:	ip Location/	Inbound Phonebook	Prefix to Prefix Description Remove to Add Incoming Calls					
V			Prefix to Add					
	Inbou	Prefix to Remove						

Enlarged Phonebook Worksheet

Other Details:

55

Connectivity Test

The procedures "Phone/IP Starter Configuration" and "Phonebook Starter Configuration" must be completed before you can do this procedure.

- 1. These connections must be made:
 - MultiVOIP to local phone station -OR--MultiVOIP to extension of key phone system
 - MultiVOIP to command PC
 - MultiVOIP to Internet
- 2. Inbound Phonebook and Outbound Phonebook must both be set up with at least one entry in each. These entries must allow for connection between two voip units.
- 3. Console messages must be enabled. (If this has not been done already, go, in the MultiVOIP GUI, to Configuration | Logs and select the "Console Messages" checkbox.

- 4. You now need to free up the COM port connection (currently being used by the MultiVOIP program) so that the HyperTerminal program can use it. To do this, you can either (a) click on **Connection** in the sidebar and select "Disconnect" from the drop-down box, or (b) close down the MultiVOIP program altogether.
- 5. Open the HyperTerminal program.

🍓 asdf - HyperTermina	1			k				_ 🗆 ×
<u>Eile E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>C</u> all <u>I</u>				~				
02 28 -	8							
-			I					
Disconnected	Auto detect	115200 8-N-1	SCROLL	CAPS	NUM	Capture	Print echo	

- 6. Use HyperTerminal to receive and record console messages from the MultiVOIP unit. To do so, set up HyperTerminal as follows (setup shown is for Windows NT4; details will differ slightly in other MS operating systems):
 - □ In the upper toolbar of the HyperTerminal screen, click on the **Properties** button.
 - □ In the "Connect To" tab of the **Connection Properties** dialog box, click on the **Configure** button.
 - □ In the next dialog box, on the "General" tab, set "Maximum Speed" to 115200 bps.
 - □ On the "Connection" tab, set connection preferences to:

Data bits: 8	
--------------	--

Parity: none

Stop bits: 1

□ Click **OK** twice to exit settings dialog boxes.

- 7. Make VOIP call. Make call on a local phone line accessing PSTN directly or through key system.
- 8. Read console messages recorded on HyperTerminal.

Console Messages from **Originating VOIP**. The voip unit that originates the call will send back messages like that shown below.

[00026975] CAS[0] : RX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1, Pstn State[1] TimeStamp : 26975
[00027190] CAS[0] : TX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1
[00027190] PSTN: cas seizure detected on 0
[00027440] CAS[0] : TX : ABCD = 0, 0, 0, 0
[00033290] PSTN:call detected on 0 num=17637175662*
[00033290] H323IF[0]:destAddr =
TA:200.2.10.5:1720,NAME:Mounds
View,TEL:17637175662,17637175662
[00033290] H323IF[0]:srcAddr = NAME:New York,TA:200.2.9.20
[00033440] H323IF [0]:cmCallStateProceeding
[00033500] H323[0]: Remote Information (Q931): MultiVOIP - T1
[00033565] CAS[0] : TX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1
[00033675] H323IF [0]: MasterSlaveStatus=Slave
[00033675] H323IF[0]:FastStart Setup Not Used
[00033690] CAS[0] : TX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1
[00033755] H323IF[0]: Coder used 'g7231'
[00033810] PSTN:pstn call connected on 0

Console Messages from **Terminating VOIP**. The voip unit connected to the phone where the call is answered will send back messages like that shown below.

[00170860]	H323[0]: New incoming call
[00170860]	PSTNIF : Placing call on channel 0 Outbound digit 7175662
[00170885]	CAS[0] : TX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1
[00171095]	H323IF [0]: MasterSlaveStatus=Master
[00171105]	CAS[0] : RX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1,Pstn State[7] TimeStamp : 171105
[00171105]	H323IF[0]: Coder used 'g7231'
[00171110]	H323IF[0]:FastStart Setup Not Used
[00171110]	H323IF[0]: Already opened the outgoing logical channel
[00171110]	H323IF[0]: Coder used 'g7231'
[00171315]	CAS[0] : RX : ABCD = 0, 0, 0, 0, Pstn State[9] TimeStamp : 171315
[00172275]	PSTN: dialing digit ended on 0
[00172285]	PSTN: pstn proceeding indication on 0
[00172995]	CAS[0] : RX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1,Pstn State[12] TimeStamp : 172995
[00173660]	CAS[0] : TX : ABCD = 1, 1, 1, 1
[00173760]	PSTN:pstn call connected on 0

9. When you see the following message, end-to-end voip connectivity has been achieved.

"PSTN: pstn call connected on X"

where x is the number of the voip channel carrying the call

10. If the HyperTerminal messages do not confirm connectivity, go to the *Troubleshooting* procedure below.

Troubleshooting

If you cannot establish connectivity between two voips in the system, follow the steps below to determine the problem.

1. Ping both MultiVOIP units to confirm connectivity to the network.

Command Prompt	_ 🗆 ×
C:\>ping 204.26.122.2	
Pinging 204.26.122.2 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254 Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254 Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254 Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254	
C:\>ping 204.26.122.2	
Pinging 204.26.122.2 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254 Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254 Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254 Reply from 204.26.122.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=254	
C:\>	

- 2. Verify the telephone connections.
 - □ Check cabling. Are connections well seated? To correct receptacle?
 - \Box Are telephone Interface Parameter settings correct?
- 3. Verify phonebook configuration.
- 4. Observe console messages while placing a call. Look for error messages indicating phonebook problems, network problems, voice-coder mismatches, etc.

Chapter 3: Mechanical Installation and Cabling

Introduction

When MVP410-SS or MVP810-SS units are to be installed into a rack, two able-bodied persons should participate. The MVP210-SS is a table-top unit that can generally be handled easily by one person.

Please read the safety notices before beginning installation.

Safety Warnings

Lithium Battery Caution

A lithium battery on the voice/fax channel board provides backup power for the timekeeping capability. The battery has an estimated life expectancy of ten years.

When the battery starts to weaken, the date and time may be incorrect. If the battery fails, the board must be sent back to Multi-Tech Systems for battery replacement.

Warning: There is danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced.

Safety Warnings Telecom

- 1. Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm.
- 2. Never install a telephone jack in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
- 3. This product is to be used with UL and UL listed computers.
- 4. Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
- 5. Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines.
- 6. Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electrical shock from lightning.
- 7. Do not use a telephone in the vicinity of a gas leak.
- 8. To reduce the risk of fire, use only a UL-listed 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.
- 9. This product must be disconnected from its power source and telephone network interface when servicing.

Unpacking Your MultiVOIP

When unpacking your MultiVOIP, check to see that all of the items shown are included in the box. For the various MultiVOIP models, the contents of the box will be different. Study the particular illustration below that is appropriate to the model you have purchased. If any box contents are missing, contact MultiTech Tech Support at 1-800-972-2439.

Unpacking the MVP-410SS/810SS



Figure 3-1: Unpacking the MVP-410SS/810SS

Unpacking the MVP210-SS



Figure 3-2: Unpacking the MVP210-SS

Rack Mounting Instructions for MVP410-SS & MVP810-SS

The MultiVOIPs can be mounted in an industry-standard EIA 19-inch rack enclosure, as shown in Figure 3-3.

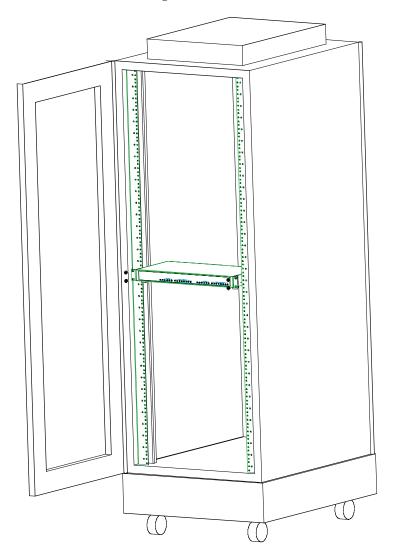


Figure 3-3: Rack-Mounting (MVP410SS or MVP810SS)

Safety Recommendations for Rack Installations

Ensure proper installation of the unit in a closed or multi-unit enclosure by following the recommended installation as defined by the enclosure manufacturer. Do not place the unit directly on top of other equipment or place other equipment directly on top of the unit. If installing the unit in a closed or multi-unit enclosure, ensure adequate airflow within the rack so that the maximum recommended ambient temperature is not exceeded. Ensure that the unit is properly connected to earth ground by verifying that it is reliably grounded when mounted within a rack. If a power strip is used, ensure that the power strip provides adequate grounding of the attached apparatus.

When mounting the equipment in the rack, make sure mechanical loading is even to avoid a hazardous condition, such as loading heavy equipment in rack unevenly. The rack used should safely support the combined weight of all the equipment it supports.

Ensure that the mains supply circuit is capable of handling the load of the equipment. See the power label on the equipment for load requirements (full specifications for MultiVOIP models are presented in chapter 1 of this manual).

Maximum ambient temperature for the unit is 60 degrees Celsius (140 degrees Fahrenheit) at 20-90% non-condensing relative humidity. This equipment should only be installed by properly qualified service personnel. Only connect like circuits. In other words, connect SELV (Secondary Extra Low Voltage) circuits to SELV circuits and TN (Telecommunications Network) circuits to TN circuits.

19-Inch Rack Enclosure Mounting Procedure

Attaching the MultiVOIP to a rack-rail of an EIA 19-inch rack enclosure will certainly require two persons. Essentially, the technicians must attach the brackets to the MultiVOIP chassis with the screws provided, as shown in Figure 3-4, and then secure unit to rack rails by the brackets, as shown in Figure 3-5. Because equipment racks vary, screws for rack-rail mounting are not provided. Follow the instructions of the rack manufacturer and use screws that fit.

- 1. Position the right rack-mounting bracket on the MultiVOIP using the two vertical mounting screw holes.
- 2. Secure the bracket to the MultiVOIP using the two screws provided.
- 3. Position the left rack-mounting bracket on the MultiVOIP using the two vertical mounting screw holes.
- 4. Secure the bracket to the MultiVOIP using the two screws provided.
- 5. Remove feet (4) from the MultiVOIP unit.
- 6. Mount the MultiVOIP in the rack enclosure per the rack manufacture's mounting procedure.



Figure 3-4: Bracket Attachment for Rack Mounting (MVP410SS & MVP810SS)

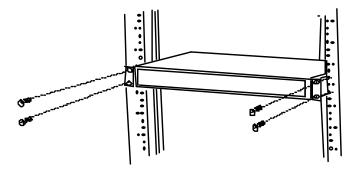


Figure 3-5: Attaching MultiVOIP to Rack Rail (MVP410-SS & MVP810-SS)

Cabling Procedure for MVP-410SS/810SS

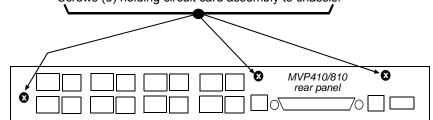
Cabling involves connecting the MultiVOIP to your LAN and telephone equipment.

1. For DID channels only. If all channels of your MultiVOIP will be using either FXS, FXO, or E&M telephony interfaces, skip to step 2.

For any channel on which you are using the DID interface type, you must change the jumper on the MultiVOIP circuit card.

a. Disconnect power. Unplug the AC power cord from the wall outlet or from the receptacle on the MultiVOIP unit.

b. Using a #1 Phillips driver, remove the three screws (at back of unit) that attach the main circuit card to the chassis of the MultiVOIP.



Screws (3) holding circuit card assembly to chassis.



c. Pull the main circuit card out about 5 inches (the power connection to the board prevents it from being removed entirely from the chassis).

d. Identify the channels on which the DID interface will be used.

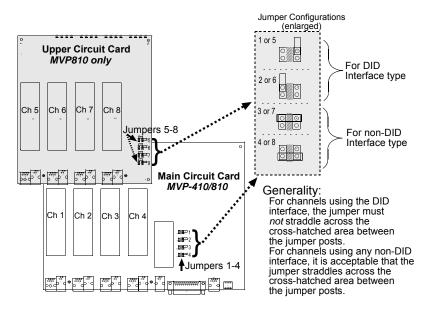


Figure 3-7. MVP-410SS/810SS Channel Jumper Settings

- e. Position the jumper for each DID channel so that it does not connect the two jumper posts. For DID operation of a voip channel, the MultiVOIP will work properly if you simply remove the jumper altogether, but that is inadviseable because the jumper might be needed later if a different telephony interface is used for that voip channel.
- f. Slide the main circuit card back into the MultiVOIP chassis and replace the three screws.

2. Connect the power cord supplied with your MultiVOIP to a live AC outlet and to the power connector on the back of the MultiVOIP as shown at top right in Figure 3-8.

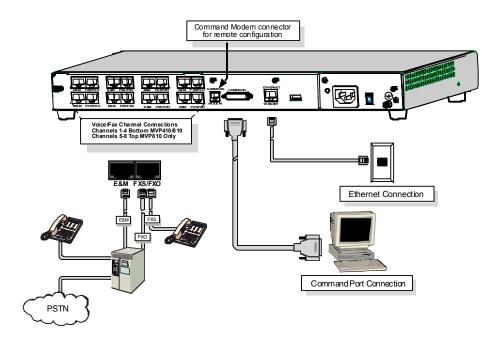


Figure 3-8: Cabling for MVP-410SS/810SS

- 3. Connect the MultiVOIP to a PC by using a DB-25 (male) to DB-9 (female) cable. Plug the DB-25 end of the cable into the Command port of the MultiVOIP and the other end into the PC serial port. See Figure 3-8.
- Connect a network cable to the ETHERNET 10BASET connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end of the cable to your network.

5. For an FXS or FXO connection.

(FXS Examples: analog phone, fax machine, Key Telephone System.) (FXO Examples: PBX extension, POTS line from telco central office.) Connect one end of an RJ-11 phone cord to the Channel **1** FXS/FXO connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end to the device or phone jack.

For an E&M connection.

(*E&M Example: trunk line from telephone switch.*) Connect one end of an RJ-45 phone cord to the Channel **1 E&M** connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end to the trunk line.

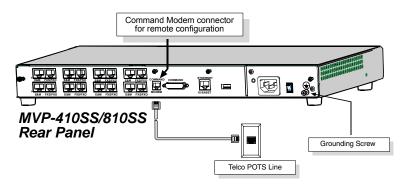
Verify that the E&M Type in the E&M Options group of the Interface dialog box is the same as the E&M trunk type supported by the telephone switch. See Appendix B for an E&M cabling pinout.

For a DID connection.

(*DID Example: DID fax system or DID voice phone lines.*) Connect one end of an RJ-11 phone cord to the Channel **1 FXS/FXO** connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end to the DID jack.

- **NOTE**: DID lines are polarity sensitive. If, during testing, the DID line rings busy consistently, you will need to reverse the polarity of one end of the connector (swap the connections of the wires to the two middle pins of one RJ-11 connector).
- 6. Repeat step 5 to connect the remaining telephone equipment to each channel on your MultiVOIP. Although a MultiVOIP's channels are often all configured identically, each channel is individually configurable. So, for example, some channels of a MultiVOIP might use the FXO interface and others the FXS; some might use the DID interface and others E&M, etc.
- 7. If you intend to configure the MultiVOIP remotely using the MultiVOIP Windows GUI, connect an RJ-11 phone cable between the Command Modem connector (at the rear of the MultiVOIP) and a receptacle served by a telco POTS line. See Figure 3-9.

The Command Modem is built into the MultiVOIP unit. To configure the MultiVOIP remotely using its Windows GUI, you must call into the MultiVOIP's Command Modem. Once a connection is made, the configuration process is identical to local configuration with the Windows GUI.





8. Ensure that the unit is properly connected to earth ground by verifying that it is reliably grounded when mounted within a rack.

This can be accomplished by connecting a grounding wire between the chassis grounding screw (see Figure 3-9) and a metallic object that will provide an electrical ground.

9. Turn on power to the MultiVOIP by placing the ON/OFF switch on the back panel to the ON position. Wait for the **Boot** LED on the MultiVOIP to go off before proceeding. This may take a few minutes.

Proceed to Chapter 4 to load the MultiVOIP software.

Cabling Procedure for MVP210-SS

Cabling involves connecting the MultiVOIP to your LAN and telephone equipment.

1. For DID channels only. If both channels of your MVP210-SS MultiVOIP will be using either FXS, FXO, or E&M telephony interfaces, skip to step 2.

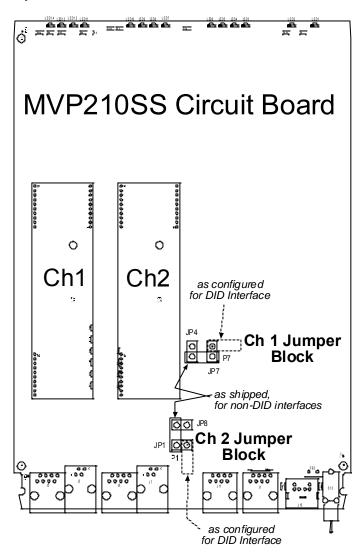
For any channel on which you are using the DID interface type, you must change the jumper on the MultiVOIP circuit card.

a. Disconnect power. Unplug the AC power cord from the wall outlet or from the receptacle on the MultiVOIP unit.

b. Using a #1 Phillips driver, remove the screw (at bottom of unit, near the back-cover end) that attaches the main circuit card to the chassis of the MVP210-SS.

c. Pull the main circuit card out about half way.

d. Identify the channels on which the DID interface will be used.





- e. Position the jumper for each DID channel so that it does not connect the two jumper posts. For DID operation of a voip channel, the MultiVOIP will work properly if you simply remove the jumper altogether, but that is inadviseable because the jumper might be needed later if a different telephony interface is used for that voip channel.
- f. Slide the main circuit card back into the MultiVOIP chassis and replace the screw at the bottom of the unit.

2. Connect the power cord supplied with your MultiVOIP to the power connector on the back of the MultiVOIP and to a live AC outlet as shown in Figure 3-11.

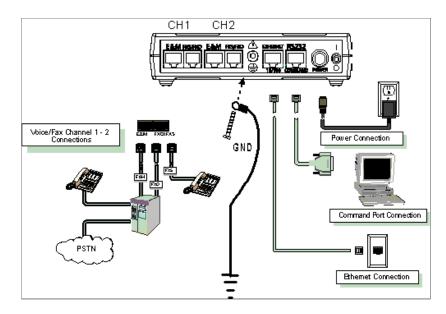


Figure 3-11: Cabling for MVP210-SS

- 3. Connect the MultiVOIP to a PC by using a RJ-45 (male) to DB-9 (female) cable. Plug the RJ-45 end of the cable into the Command port of the MultiVOIP and the other end into the PC serial port. See Figure 3-11.
- 4. Connect a network cable to the **ETHERNET 10/100** connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end of the cable to your network.

5. For an FXS or FXO connection.

(FXS Examples: analog phone, fax machine, Key Telephone System.) (FXO Examples: PBX extension, POTS line from telco central office.) Connect one end of an RJ-11 phone cord to the Channel **1** FXS/FXO connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end to the device or phone jack.

For an E&M connection.

(*E&M Example: trunk line from telephone switch.*) Connect one end of an RJ-45 phone cord to the Channel **1 E&M** connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end to the trunk line. Verify that the E&M Type in the E&M Options group of the Interface dialog box is the same as the E&M trunk type supported by the telephone switch. See Appendix B for an E&M cabling pinout.

For a DID connection.

(*DID Example: DID fax system or DID voice phone lines.*) Connect one end of an RJ-11 phone cord to the Channel **1 FXS/FXO** connector on the back of the MultiVOIP. Connect the other end to the DID jack.

- **NOTE**: DID lines are polarity sensitive. If, during testing, the DID line rings busy consistently, you will need to reverse the polarity of one end of the connector (swap the connections of the wires to the two middle pins of one RJ-11 connector).
- 6. Repeat the above step to connect the remaining telephone equipment to the second channel on your MultiVOIP.
- 7. Ensure that the unit is properly connected to earth ground by verifying that it is reliably grounded when mounted within a rack.

This can be accomplished by connecting a grounding wire between the chassis and a metallic object that will provide an electrical ground.

8. Turn on power to the MultiVOIP by placing the ON/OFF switch on the back panel to the ON position. Wait for the **BOOT** LED on the MultiVOIP to go off before proceeding. This may take a few minutes.

Proceed to the *Software Installation* chapter to load the MultiVOIP software.

Chapter 4: Software Installation

Introduction

Configuring software for your MultiVOIP entails three tasks: (1) loading the software onto the PC (this is "Software Installation and is discussed in this chapter),

(2) setting values for telephony and IP parameters that will fit your system (this is "Technical Configuration" and it is discussed in Chapter 5), and

(3) establishing "phonebooks" that contain the various dialing patterns for VOIP calls made to different locations (this is "Phonebook

Configuration" and it is discussed in Chapter 6 for North American (T1) telephony standards and in Chapter 7 for European (E1) telephony standards.

Loading MultiVOIP Software onto the PC

The software loading procedure does not present every screen or option in the loading process. It is assumed that someone with a thorough knowledge of Windows and the software loading process is performing the installation.

The MultiVOIP software and User Guide are contained on the MultiVOIP product CD. Because the CD is auto-detectable, it will start up automatically when you insert it into your CD-ROM drive. When you have finished loading your MultiVOIP software, you can view and print the User Guide by clicking on the **View Manuals** icon.

1. Be sure that your MultiVOIP has been properly cabled and that the power is turned on.

2. Insert the MultiVOIP CD into your CD-ROM drive. The CD should start automatically. It may take 10 to 20 seconds for the Multi-Tech CD installation window to display.

User Documentation	
Release Notes	Welcome to the
Install Software	Multi-Tech Systems, Inc
▶ Install MVP Manager	Analog MultiVOIPs
Install Java	Models: MVP-410SS MVP-810SS
Exit	
Warning: If you have softw please read the Release	are version X.04 or earlier, Notes for ftp Upgrade.
	MultiTecho

If the Multi-Tech Installation CD window does not display automatically, click **My Computer**, then right click the **CD ROM drive** icon, click **Open**, and then click the **Autorun** icon.

3. When the Multi-Tech Installation CD dialog box appears, click the **Install Software** icon.

4. A 'welcome' screen appears.



Press Enter or click Next to continue.

5. Follow the on-screen instructions to install your MultiVOIP software. The first screen asks you to choose the folder location of the files of the MultiVOIP software.

Multi-Tech Systems	X
MultiVOIP-SS 3.08 Installation	
Setup will install MultiVOIP-SS in the following f	older.
To install to this folder, Click Next. To install to select another folder.	another folder, Click Browse and
Destination Folder	
C:\\Multi-Tech Systems\MultiVDIP-SS 3.08	Browse
InstallShield	
	<back next=""> Cancel</back>

Choose a location and click Next.

6. At the next screen, you must select a program folder location for the MultiVOIP software program icon.

Multi-Tech Systems		
MultiVOIP-SS 3.08 Installation		
Setup will add program icons to the Program Fo name, or select one from the existing folders list		new folder
Program Folders:		
MultiVOIP-SS 3.08		
Existing Folders:		
Accessories Administrative Tools Adobe Acrobat Ahead Nero FullShot 8 Games Jasc Software MCSI2000 RasFinder 4.07		
InstallShield ————	< Back Next >	Cancel

Click **Next**. Transient progress screens will appear while files are being copied.

7. On the next screen you can select the COM port that the command PC will use when communicating with the MultiVoip unit. After software installation, the COM port can be re-set in the MultiVOIP Software (from the sidebar menu, select **Connection | Settings** to access the **COM Port Setup** screen or use the keyboard shortcut Ctrl + G).

Multi-Tech Systems		
MultiVOIP-SS Setup has detected to Command Port(s):	he tollowing	
Enter the Command Port to be used:		
СОМ1		
C COM2		
All configured in the commar	nd PC	
will be displaye	əd.	
InstallShield		
	< Back Next >	Cancel
	ort setting can be rinstallation in the	
	etup dialog box.	N
- Connection	COM Port Setup	
- Connect - Disconnect	Select Port COM	1 <u>■</u>
+ Settings	Baud Rate: 11520	and the second
	Init String	0
	Init Besponse OK	
	Dial String	IECT
	Hangup String	
	NOTE: If there is a Dial String	specified in Modern Setup, Configuration
	programs will try to init	tialize modem and dial this string.
	t setting made	
OTE : If the COM por		
IOTE: If the COM por ere conflicts with the a	ctual COM	MultiVOIP -COM
ere conflicts with the a		MultiVOIPCOM
ere conflicts with the a ort resources available	in the	MultiVOIPCOM Error in Opencomm handle
ere conflicts with the a	e in the r message will	

reset the COM port.

8. Transient screens will flash by as files are being copied. Then a completion screen will appear.

Multi-Tech Systems				
	InstallShield Wizard Complete Setup has finished installing MultiVOIP-SS on your computer.			
	< Back Finish Cancel			

Click Finish.

9. When setup of the MultiVOIP software is complete, you will be prompted to run the MultiVOIP software to configure the VOIP.

MultiVOIP-SS 3.08					
Do you want to run MultiVOIP-SS Configura					
	Yes No				

Software installation is complete at this point. You may proceed with Technical Configuration now or not, at your convenience.

Technical Configuration instructions are in the next chapter of this manual.

Un-Installing the MultiVOIP Configuration Software

1. To un-install the MultiVOIP configuration software, go to **Start** | **Programs** and locate the entry for the MultiVOIP program. Select **Uninstall**.



2. Two confirmation screens will appear. Click **Yes** and **OK** when you are certain you want to continue with the uninstallation process.



Confirm File Deletion
Do you want to completely remove the selected application and all of its components?
Cancel

3. A special warning message similar to that shown below may appear concerning the MultiVOIP software's ".bin" file. Click **Yes**.

ReadOnly File Detected
An option you selected requires that files be installed to your system, or files be uninstalled from your system, or both. A read-only file, C:\Program Files_MVP410_v4.00\mvpt1.bin, was found while performing the needed file operations on your system. To perform the file operation, click the Yes button; otherwise, click No.
Don't display this message again.
Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel

4. A completion screen will appear.



Click Finish.

Chapter 5: Technical Configuration

Configuring the MultiVOIP

There are two ways in which the MultiVOIP must be configured before operation: technical configuration and phonebook configuration.

Technical Configuration. First, the MultiVOIP must be configured to operate with technical parameter settings that will match the equipment with which it interfaces. There are eight types of technical parameters that must be set.

These technical parameters pertain to

(1) its operation in an IP network,

(2) its operation with telephony equipment,

(3) its transmission of voice and fax messages,

(4) its interaction with SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) network management software (MultiVoipManager),

(5) certain telephony attributes that are common to particular nations or regions,

(6) its operation with a mail server on the same IP network (per SMTP parameters) such that log reports about VoIP telephone call traffic can be sent to the administrator by email,

(7) implementing some common premium telephony features (Call Transfer, Call Hold, Call Waiting, Call ID – "Supplementary Services"), and

(8) selecting the method by which log reports will be made accessible.

The process of specifying values for the various parameters in these seven categories is what we call "technical configuration" and it is described in this chapter.

Phonebook Configuration. The second type of configuration that is required for the MultiVOIP pertains to the phone number dialing sequences that it will receive and transmit when handling calls. Dialing patterns will be affected by both the PBX/telephony equipment and the other VOIP devices that the MultiVOIP unit interacts with. We call this "Phonebook Configuration," and, for analog MultiVOIP units, it is described in Chapter 6. The *Quick Start Guide* presents additional information on phonebook setup.

Local/Remote Configuration. The MultiVOIP must be configured locally at first (to establish an IP address for the MultiVOIP unit). But changes to this initial configuration can be done either locally or remotely.

Local configuration is done through a connection between the "Command" port of the MultiVOIP and the COM port of the computer; the MultiVOIP configuration program is used.

Remote configuration is done through a connection between the MultiVOIP's Ethernet (network) port and a computer connected to the same network. The computer could be miles or continents away from the MultiVOIP itself. There are two ways of doing remote configuration and operation of the MultiVOIP unit: (1) using the MultiVoipManager SNMP program, or (2) using the MultiVOIP web browser interface program.

MultiVoipManager. MultiVoipManager is an SNMP agent program (Simple Network Management Protocol) that extends the capabilities of the MultiVOIP configuration program: MultiVoipManager allows the user to manage any number of VOIPs on a network, whereas the MultiVOIP configuration program can manage only the VOIP to which it is directly/locally connected. The MultiVoipManager can configure multiple VOIPs simultaneously, whereas the MultiVOIP configuration program can configure only one at a time.

MultiVoipManager may (but does not need to) reside on the same PC as the MultiVOIP configuration program. The MultiVoipManager program is on the MultiVOIP Product CD. Updates, when applicable, may be posted at on the MultiTech FTP site. To download, go to http://ftp.multitech.com/MultiVoip/.

Web Browser Interface. The MultiVOIP web browser GUI gives access to the same commands and configuration parameters as are available in the MultiVOIP Windows GUI except for logging functions. When using the web browser GUI, logging can be done by email (the SMTP option).

Functional Equivalence of Interfaces. The MultiVOIP configuration program is required to do the initial configuration (that is, setting an IP address for the MultiVOIP unit) so that the VOIP unit can communicate with the MultiVoipManager program or with the web browser GUI. Management of the VOIP after that point can be done from any of these three programs since they all offer essentially the same functionality. Functionally, either the MultiVoipManager program or the web browser GUI can replace the MultiVOIP configuration program after the initial configuration is complete (with minor exceptions, as noted).

WARNING: Do not attempt to interface the MultiVOIP unit with two control programs simultaneously (that is, by accessing the MultiVOIP configuration program via the Command Port and either the MultiVoipManager program or the web browser interface via the Ethernet Port). The results of using two programs to control a single VOIP simultaneously would be unpredictable.

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Local Configuration

This manual primarily describes local configuration with the Windows GUI. After IP addresses have been set locally using the Windows GUI, most aspects of configuration (logging functions are an exception) can be handled through the web browser GUI, as well (see the *Operation and Maintenance* chapter of this manual). In most aspects of configuration, the Windows GUI and web-browser GUI differ only graphically, not functionally. For information on SNMP remote configuration and management, see the MultiVoipManager documentation.

Pre-Requisites



To complete the configuration of the MultiVOIP unit, you *must* know several things about the overall system.

Before configuring your MultiVOIP Gateway unit, you must know the values for several IP and telephone parameters that describe the IP network system and telephony system (PBX or telco central office equipment) with which the digital MultiVOIP will interact. If you plan to receive log reports on phone traffic by email (SMTP), you must arrange to have an email address assigned to the VOIP unit on the email server on your IP network. A summary of this configuration information appears on page 58 ("Config Info CheckList").

IP Parameters

The following parameters must be known about the network (LAN, WAN, Internet, etc.) to which the MultiVOIP will connect:

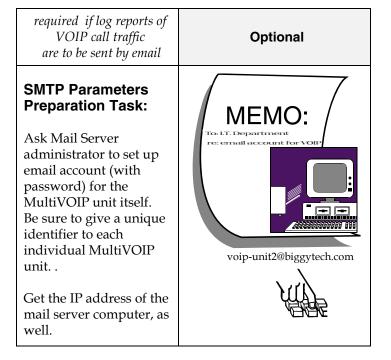
3→	Ask your computer network administrator.	Info needed to operate: all MultiVOIP models.			
	IP Network Parameters: Record for each VOIP Site in System				
	• IP Address				
	• IP Mask				
	• Gateway				
	Domain Name Server (DNS) Info				
	• If SIP protocol is used, determine whether or not 802.1p Packet Prioritization will be used.				

Write down the values for these IP parameters. You will need to enter these values in the "IP Parameters" screen in the Configuration section of the MultiVOIP software. You must have this IP information about *every* VOIP in the system.

Telephony Interface Parameters

The following parameters must be known about the PBX or telco central office equipment to which the analog MultiVOIP will connect:

 Phone Parameters
Ask phone company or telecom manager.
Telephony Interface Parameters: Record for this VOIP Site
Which interface type is to be used? E&M FXS/FXO DIP/DPO
• If FXS, determine whether the line will be used for a phone, fax, or KTS (key telephone system)
• If FXO, determine if line will be an analog PBX extension or an analog line from a telco central office
 If E&M, determine these aspects of the E&M trunk line from the PBX: What is its Type (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5)? Is it 2-wire or 4-wire? Is it Dial Tone or Wink?



SMTP Parameters (for email call log reporting)

Config Info CheckList

Type of Configuration Info Gathered	MultiVOIP Configuration screen on which to enter the Info	Info Obtained √	Info Entered √
IP Info for voip unit	Ethernet/IP		
• IP address	Parameters		
• Gateway			
• DNS IP (if used)			
•802.1p Prioritization (if used)			
Interface Type (Choices: E&M, FXS/FXO*, DIP, DPO)	Interface Parameters *In FXO/FXS systems, channels used for phone, fax, or key system are FXS; channels used for analog PBX extensions or analog telco lines are FXO.		
E&M info (only if E&M is used) • Type (1-5) • 2 or 4 wires? • Dial Tone or Wink?	Interface Parameters		
Country Code	Regional Parameters		
Email address for voip (optional)	SMTP Parameters		
Reminder: Be sure to Save Setup after entering configuration values.			

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Local Configuration Procedure (Summary)

After the MultiVOIP configuration software has been installed in the 'Command' PC (which is connected to the MultiVOIP unit), several steps must be taken to configure the MultiVOIP to function in its specific setting. Although the summary below includes all of these steps, some are optional.

- 1. Check Power and Cabling.
- 2. Start MultiVOIP Configuration Program.
- 3. Confirm Connection.
- 4. Solve Common Connection Problems.

A. Fixing a COM Port Problem.

B. Fixing a Cabling Problem.

5. Familiarize yourself with configuration parameter screens and how to access them.

- 6. Set Ethernet/IP Parameters.
- 7. Set up web browser GUI (optional).
- 8. Set Voice/Fax Parameters.
- 9. Set Telephony Interface Parameters.
- 10. Set SIP Call Signaling parameters.

12. Set Regional Parameters (Phone Signaling Tones & Cadences and setup for built-in Remote Configuration/Command Modem).

13. Set Custom Tones and Cadences (optional).

14. Set SMTP Parameters (applicable if Log Reports are via Email).

15. Set Log Reporting Method (GUI, locally in MultiVOIP Configuration program; or SMTP, via email).

16. Set Supplementary Services Parameters. The Supplementary Services screen allows voip deployment of features that are normally found in PBX or PSTN systems (e.g., call transfer and call waiting).

17. Set NAT Traversal (STUN) parameters. Optional. Applicable only under SIP Call Signaling when the UDP transport protocol is used.

18. Set RADIUS parameters. Optional. Used only if system interfaces with RADIUS server for billing or other accounting functions.

19. Set Baud Rate (of COM port connection to 'Command' PC).

- 20. Set SIP Server Configuration parameters.
- 21. Set SIP Server PreDefined Endpoint parameters.
- 22. View System Info screen and set updating interval (optional).
- 23. Save the MultiVOIP configuration.
- 24. Create a User Default Configuration (optional).

When technical configuration is complete, you will need to configure the MultiVOIP's inbound and outbound phonebooks. This manual has separate chapters describing *T1 Phonebook Configuration* for North-American-influenced telephony settings and *E1 Phonebook Configuration* for Euro-influenced telephony settings.

Local Configuration Procedure (Detailed)

You can begin the configuration process as a continuation of the MultiVOIP software installation. You can establish your configuration or modify it at any time by launching the MultiVOIP program from the Windows **Start** menu.

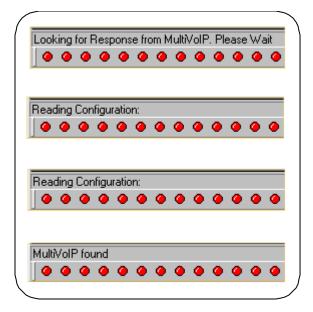
- 1. Check Power and Cabling. Be sure the MultiVOIP is turned on and connected to the computer via the MultiVOIP's Command Port (DB9 connector at computer's COM port; RJ45 connector at MultiVOIP).
- 2. **Start MultiVOIP Configuration Program**. Launch the MultiVOIP program from the Windows **Start** menu (from the folder location determined during installation).

				🛗 MultiVOIP-SS 3.08	• 🛃	Configuration
	-	-) Configuration Port Setup 🎋
	L	Programs	•		-) Date and Time Setup
al		Documents	•			Download Factory Defaults
io.					2	Download Firmware
ess	4	Settings	+		2	Download IFM Firmware
Prof	\bigcirc	Search			2	Download User Defaults
	<i></i>	boaren	,		-) Set Password
Ř	0	Help and Support			6	UnInstall
NS.	-	_			2	Upgrade Software
indows		Run				
i, E		Chut Davie		-		
2		Shut Down				
🦺 s	tart					

3. **Confirm Connection**. If the MultiVOIP is set for an available COM port and is correctly cabled to the PC, the MultiVOIP main screen will appear. (If the main screen appears *grayed out* and seems inaccessible, go to step 4.)



In the lower left corner of the screen, the connection status of the MultiVOIP will be displayed. The messages in the lower left corner will change as detection occurs. The message "MultiVOIP Found" confirms that the MultiVOIP is in contact with the MultiVOIP configuration program. Skip to step 5.



4. Solving Common Connection Problems.

A. Fixing a COM Port Problem. If the MultiVOIP main screen appears but is grayed out and seems inaccessible, the COM port that was specified for its communication with the PC is unavailable and must be changed. An error message will appear.

MultiVOIP COM 🛛 🕅	
Error in Opencomm handle	

To change the COM port setting, use the **COM Port Setup** dialog box, which is accessible via the keyboard shortcut **Ctrl + G** or by going to the **Connection** pull-down menu and choosing "Settings." In the "Select Port" field, select a COM port that is available on the PC. (If no COM ports are currently available, re-allocate COM port resources in the computer's MS Windows operating system to make one available.)

Ctrl + G	Connection 2Help Connect Ctrl+C Disconnect Ctrl+D Settings Ctrl+G
Modern Setup Init Strin Dial Strin Connect Respons Hangup Strin NOTE: If there is a I	a: 115200 v 115200 v g 115200 s\$SB13200&D1 e OK g connect

4B. Fixing a Cabling Problem. If the MultiVOIP cannot be located by the computer, four error messages will appear (saying "MultiVOIP-SS Not Found," "Phone Database Not Read," "SIP Endpoint Database Not Read," and "Password Phone Database Not Read").

MultiVOIP-SS	MultiVOIP-SS- PDD 🔀
MultiVOIP-SS Not Found!	Phone Database not Read
ОК	ОК
MultiVOIP-SS- SIP Endpoint 🛛	MultiVOIP-SS- PDD
SIP Endpoint Database not Read	Password Phone Database not Read
ок	ОК

In this case, the MultiVOIP is simply disconnected from the network. For instructions on MultiVOIP cable connections, see the Cabling section of Chapter 3.

5. Configuration Parameter Groups: Getting Familiar, Learning

About Access. The first part of configuration concerns IP parameters, Voice/FAX parameters, Telephony Interface parameters, SNMP parameters, Regional parameters, SMTP parameters, Supplementary Services parameters, Logs, and System Information. In the MultiVOIP software, these seven types of parameters are grouped together under "Configuration" and each has its own dialog box for entering values.

Generally, you can reach the dialog box for these parameter groups in one of four ways: pulldown menu, toolbar icon, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

Pulldo	wn	lcon
Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Voice Channels Interface Regional Parameters SMTP Parameters Logs/Traces Supplementary Services System Information SIP CallSignaling RADIUS NAT Traversal	Ctrl+Alt+1 Ctrl+H Ctrl+Alt+N Ctrl+Alt+N Ctrl+Alt+5 Ctrl+Alt+L	Configuration Configuration Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Voice/Fax Interface
Short		Sidebar
	Alt + I	Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling Regional SMTP RADIUS Logs/Traces NAT Traversal Supplementary Services System Information

6. **Set Ethernet/IP Parameters.** This dialog box can be reached by pulldown menu, toolbar icon, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

Packet Prioritization(802.1 802.1p Parameters Priority Call Control VolP Media Others	Erame Type TYPE-II G-Voice G-Voice G-Kcellent Effort D-Best Effort	O <u>K</u> Cancel Help
IP Mask : 255 . 255 <u>G</u> ateway : 216 . 133 DNS	1 Diff serv Parameters 3 69 . 77 5 . 255 . 0 FTP Server	
Enable DNS Enable SRV DNS Server IP Address : TDM Routing Option Use TDM Bouting For In	· · ·	

In each field, enter the values that fit your particular network.

The **Ethernet/IP Parameters** fields are described in the tables and text passages below. Note that both DiffServ parameters (Call Control PHB and VoIP Media PHB) must be set to zero if you enable Packet Prioritization (802.1p). Nonzero DiffServ values negate the prioritization scheme.

Ethernet/IP Parameter Definitions (cont'd)					
Field Name	Values	Description			
Ethernet	Parameters				
Packet Prioritization (802.1p)	Y/N	Select to activate prioritization under 802.1p protocol (described below).			
Frame Type	Type II, SNAP	Must be set to match network's frame type. Default is Type II.			
802.1p	 prioritization on Ethe draft is an extension of standard. 802.1D det will operate within a kind of media. The 8 area-networks (VLAI prioritization for Ethe 802.1p enacts this 0 using 3 bits. This 3-bit reorder packets based descriptors for the 8 p 802.1p PRIORITY LI LOWEST PRIORITY LI LOWEST PRIORITY LI LOWEST PRIORITY I activities perm but should no network by of applications. 2 - Spare: An unusu user priority. 0 - Best Effort (defau ordinary LAN traised) 	lk transfers and other nitted on the network, t affect the use of her users and sed (spare) value of the lt): Normal priority for ffic. The best effort type of n information services would deliver to its most			

Ethernet/IP Parameter Definitions (cont'd)					
Field Name	Values Description				
Ethernet	Parameters				
802.1p (continued)	 4 - Controlled Load: Important business applications subject to some form of "Admission Control", such as preplanning of Network requirement, characterized by bandwidth reservation per flow. 5 - Video: Traffic characterized by delay < 100 ms. 6 - Voice: Traffic characterized by delay < 10 ms. 7 - Network Control: Traffic urgently needed to maintain and support network infrastructure. 				
Call Control Priority VoIP Media Priority	HIGHEST PRIORITY0-7, where 0 is lowest prioritySets the priority for signaling packets.0-7, where 0 is lowest prioritySets the priority for media packets.				
Others (Priorities)	0-7, where 0 isSets the priority for SMTP,lowest priorityDNS, DHCP, and otherpacket types.				
VLAN ID	1 - 4094 The 802.1Q IEEE standard allows virtual LANs to be defined within a network. This field identifies each virtual LAN by number.				

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Ethernet/IP Parameter Definitions (cont'd)					
Field Name	Values	Description			
IP Parar	neter fields				
Gateway Name	alphanumeric	Descriptor of current voip unit to distinguish it from other units in system.			
Enable DHCP	Y/N disabled by default	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol is a method for assigning IP address and other IP parameters to computers on the IP network in a single message with great flexibility. IP addresses can be static or temporary depending on the needs of the computer.			
IP Address	4-places, 0-255	The unique LAN IP address assigned to the MultiVOIP.			
IP Mask	4-places, 0-255	Subnetwork address that allows for sharing of IP addresses within a LAN.			
Gateway	4-places, 0-255.	The IP address of the device that connects your MultiVOIP to the Internet.			

Ethernet/IP Parameter Definitions (cont'd)							
Field Name	e Values Description						
DiffServ Parameter fields	ValuesDescriptionDiffServ PHB (Per Hop Behavior) values pertain to a differential prioritizing system for IP packets as handled by DiffServ-compatible routers. There are 64 values, each with an elaborate technical description. These descriptions are found in TCP/IP standards RFC2474, RFC2597, and, 						
Call Control PHB	0 - 63Value is used todefault = 34prioritize call setup II.packets.						
Voip Media PHB	0 - 63Value is used todefault = 46prioritize the RTP/RTnaudio IP packets.						

The IP Datagram with Header, Its Type-of-Service field, & DiffServ

bits =>						
0	4	8	16	19	24	31
VERS	HLEN	TYPE OF	TOTAL LENGTH			
		SERVICE				
IDENTIFICATION FLAGS FRAGMENT OFFS					FRAGMENT OFFSET	
TIME T	TIME TO LIVE PROTOCOL		HEADER CHECKSUM			
	SOURCE IP ADDRESS					
	DESTINATION IP ADDRESS					
IP OPTIONS (if any)				PADDING		
end of header						
	DATA					

The TOS field consists of eight bits, of which only the first six are used. These six bits are called the "Differentiated Service Codepoint" or DSCP bits.

The Type of Service or "TOS" field

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
PF	RECED	ENCE	D	Т	R	и	nused

three precedence have eight values, 0-7, ranging from "normal" precedence (value of 0) to "network control" (value of 7). When set, the D bit requests low delay, the T bit requests high throughput, and the R bit requests high reliability.

Routers that support DiffServ can examine the six DSCP bits and prioritize the packet based on the DSCP value. The DiffServ Parameters fields in the MultiVOIP IP Parameters screen allow you to configure the DSCP bits to values supported by the router. Specifically, the Voip Media PHB field relates to the prioritizing of audio packets (RTP and RTCP packets) and the Call Control PHB field relates to the prioritizing of non-audio packets (packets concerning call set-up and tear-down, gatekeeper registration, etc.).

The MultiVOIP Call Control PHB parameter defaults to 34 decimal (22 hex; 100010 binary – consider vis-à-vis TOS field above) for Assured Forwarding behavior. The MultiVOIP Voip Media PHB parameter defaults to the value 46 decimal (2E hex; 101110 binary – consider vis-à-vis TOS field above). To disable DiffServ, configure both fields to 0 decimal.

Ethernet/IP Parameter Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
FTP Para	ameter fields		
FTP Server Enable	Y/N Default = disabled See "FTP Server File Transfers" in Operation & Maintenance chapter.	MultiVOIP unit has an FTP Server function so that firmware and other important operating software files can be transferred to the voip via the network.	
DNS Para	ameter fields		
Enable DNS	Y/N Default = disabled	Enables Domain Name Space/System function where computer names are resolved using a worldwide distributed database.	
Enable SRV	Y/N	Enables 'service record' function. Service record is a category of data in the Internet Domain Name System specifying information on available servers for a specific protocol and domain, as defined in RFC 2782. Newer internet protocols like SIP, STUN, H.323, POP3, and XMPP may require SRV support from clients. Client implementations of older protocols, like LDAP and SMTP, may have been enhanced in some settings to support SRV.	
DNS Server IP Address	4-places, 0-255.	IP address of specific DNS server to be used to resolve Internet computer names.	

About Service Records

An SRV record holds the following information:

- Service: the symbolic name of the desired service.
- **Protocol**: this is usually either <u>TCP</u> or <u>UDP</u>.
- Domain name: the domain for which this record is valid.
- TTL: standard DNS <u>time to live</u> field.
- Class: standard DNS class field (this is always *IN*).
- **Priority**: the priority of the target host.
- Weight: A relative weight for records with the same priority.
- **Port**: the TCP or UDP port on which the service is to be found.
- **Target**: the hostname of the machine providing the service.

An example SRV record might look like this:

_sip._tcp.example.com 86400 IN SRV 0 5 5060 sipserver.example.com.

This expression denotes a server named sipserver.example.com. This server listens on TCP port 5060 for <u>SIP</u> protocol connections. The priority given here is 0, and the weight is 5.

TDM Routing Option Parameter fields		
Use TDM	Y/N;	Allows calls placed
Routing for	enabled by	between ports on the
Intra-Gateway	default	same MultiVOIP voice
calls		channel board to be
		routed over internal
		Time Division Multiplex
		bus without conversion
		to IP. TDM routing
		effectively eliminates the
		delay introduced by IP
		conversion.
		If you require all calls to
		be IP routed, disable the
		"use TDM Routing for
		Intra-Gateway Calls"
		option. Since this is not
		normally required, we
		generally recommend
		leaving TDM Routing
		enabled.

7. **Set up the Web Browser GUI (Optional)**. After an IP address for the MultiVOIP unit has been established, you can choose to do any further configuration of the unit (a) by using the MultiVOIP web browser GUI, or (b) by continuing to use the MultiVOIP Windows GUI. If you want to do configuration work using the web browser GUI, you must first set it up. To do so, follow the steps below.

- A. Set IP address of MultiVOIP unit using the MultiVOIP Configuration program (the Windows GUI).
- B. Save Setup in Windows GUI.
- C. Close Windows GUI.
- D. Install Java program from MultiVOIP product CD (on first use only).
- E. Open web browser.
- F. Browse to IP address of MultiVOIP unit.
- G. If username and password have been established, enter them when when prompted.
- H. Set browser to allow pop-ups. The MultiVOIP Web GUI makes extensive use of pop-up windows to access screens and commands.
- I. Use web browser GUI to configure or operate MultiVOIP unit. The configuration screens in the web browser GUI will have the same content as their counterparts in the Windows GUI; only the graphic presentation will be different.

For more details on enabling the MultiVOIP web GUI, see the "Web Browser Interface" section of the *Operation & Maintenance* chapter of this manual.

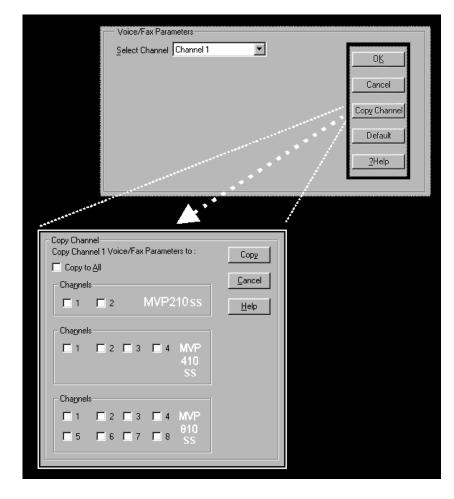
Accessing "Voice/FAX Parameters"		
Pulldown	lcon	
WultiVoIP-MultiV0IP-SS v3.08.0H (Firmw. Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+I Voice Channels Ctrl+Alt Regional Parameters Ctrl+Alt+5 Logs/Traces Ctrl+Alt+4 System Information Ctrl+Alt+5 System Information Ctrl+Alt+5 System Information Ctrl+Alt+5 StP Callsginaling Ctrl+Alt+5 NAT Traversal	MultiVoIP-MultiVOIP v6.03 Configuration	
Shortcut	Sidebar	
Ctrl + H	Configuration	

8. **Set Voice/FAX Parameters.** This dialog box can be reached by pulldown menu, toolbar icon, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

v Voice/Fax Parameters			
Select Channel Channel 1	Fax/Modem parameters 0 <u>K</u>		
	Eav Belau Enable		
Input 0 💌 dB Output 0 💌 dB	✓ Modem Relay Enable		
Gain			
High -4 💌 dB Low -7 💌 dB	Fax Volume -9.5 💌 dB Default		
D / 100	Jitter⊻alue 400 ms		
Duration 100 ms			
DTMF: Out Of Band - Fixed Duration 💌	Mode FRF 11		
Out Of Band Mode: Rfc2833			
Rfc2833			
SIP Info			
	vanced Features		
💿 <u>M</u> anual C Automa <u>t</u> ic	Silence Comp <u>r</u> ession		
Selected Coder G.723.1@6.3 kbps 💌 🔽	Echo Cancellation		
Max bandwi <u>d</u> th 10 kbps	Eorward Error Correction		
- Auto Call / OffHook Alert			
Auto Call /OffHook Alert	Generate Local Dial Tone		
OffHook Alert Timer 10 secs			
Phone Number 2411			
Dynamic Jitter Buffer			
Minimum Jitter Value 60 ms			
Maximum Jitter Value 300 ms			
Optimization Factor 7			
,			
Automatic Disconnection			
🗖 Jitter Value 🛛 📅 ms 🗖 Consecu	itive <u>P</u> ackets Lost 30		
	Disconnection 300 secs		

In each field, enter the values that fit your particular network.

Note that Voice/FAX parameters are applied on a channel-by-channel basis. However, once you have established a set of Voice/FAX parameters for a particular channel, you can apply this entire set of Voice/FAX parameters to another channel by using the **Copy Channel** button and its dialog box. To copy a set of Voice/FAX parameters to all channels, select "Copy to All" and click **Copy**.



	Voice/Fax	x Parameter Definitions
Field Name	Values	Description
Default		When this button is clicked, all
		Voice/FAX parameters are set to their default values.
Select	1-2 (210)	Channel to be configured is selected
Channel	1-4 (410)	here.
	1-8 (810)	
Сору		Copies the Voice/FAX attributes of
Channel		one channel to another channel.
		Attributes can be copied to multiple
		channels or all channels at once.
Voice Gain		Signal amplification (or attenuation)
		in dB.
Input Gain	+31dB	Modifies audio level entering voice
	to	channel before it is sent over the
	-31dB	network to the remote VOIP. The
		default & recommended value is 0 dB .
Output Gain	+31dB	Modifies audio level being output to
	to	the device attached to the voice
	-31dB	channel. The default and
		recommended value is 0 dB .
DTMF Para	meters	
DTMF Gain		The DTMF Gain (Dual Tone Multi-
		Frequency) controls the volume level
		of the DTMF tones sent out for Touch-
		Tone dialing.
DTMF Gain,	+3dB to	Default value: -4 dB . Not to be
High Tones	-31dB &	changed except under supervision of
	"mute"	MultiTech's Technical Support.
DTMF Gain,	+3dB to	Default value: -7 dB . Not to be
Low Tones	-31dB &	changed except under supervision of
	"mute"	MultiTech's Technical Support.

The Voice/FAX Parameters fields are described in the tables below.

Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
DTMF Parameters		
Duration (DTMF)	60 – 3000 ms	When DTMF: Out of Band is selected, this setting determines how long each DTMF digit 'sounds' or is held. Default = 100 ms. Not supported in 5.02c BRI software.
DTMF In/Out of Band	Out of Band, or Inband	When DTMF Out of Band is selected, the MultiVOIP detects DTMF tones at its input and regenerates them at its output. When DTMF Inband is selected, the DTMF digits are passed through the MultiVOIP unit as they are received. In 502c BRI software, "DTMF Out of Band" can be checked or unchecked.
Out of Band Mode	RFC 2833, SIP Info	RFC2833 method . Uses an RTP mode defined in RFC 2833 to transmit the DTMF digits. SIP Info method . Generates dual tone multi frequency (DTMF) tones on the telephony call leg. The SIP INFO message is sent along the signaling path of the call. You must set this parameter per the capabilities of the remote endpoint with which the voip will communicate. The RFC2833 method is the more common of the two methods.
FAX Para	meters	
Fax Enable	Y/N	Enables or disables fax capability for a particular channel.
Modem Relay Enable	Y/N	When enabled, modem traffic can be carried on voip system. When disabled, modem traffic will bypass the voip system (Modem Bypass mode).
Max Baud Rate (Fax)	2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400 bps	Set to match baud rate of fax machine connected to channel (see Fax machine's user manual). Default = 14400 bps.

Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Valuee	Description
FAX Para	meters	
(cont	ťd)	
Fax Volume	-18.5 dB	Controls output level of fax tones. To
(Default =	to -3.5 dB	be changed only under the direction of
-9.5 dB)		Multi-Tech's Technical Support.
Jitter Value	Default =	Defines the inter-arrival packet
(Fax)	400 ms	deviation (in milliseconds) for the fax
		transmission. A higher value will
		increase the delay, allowing a higher
		percentage of packets to be
		reassembled. A lower value will
		decrease the delay allowing fewer
		packets to be reassembled.
Mode (Fax)	FRF 11;	FRF11 is frame-relay FAX standard using
	T.38	these coders: G.711, G.728, G.729, G.723.1.
	(T.38 not	T.38 is an ITU-T standard for storing
	currently	and forwarding FAXes via email using
	sup-	X.25 packets. It uses T.30 fax standards
	ported)	and includes special provisions to
		preclude FAX timeouts during IP
		transmissions.

Vo	ice/Fax Para	meter Definitions (cont'd)
Coder Parameters		· · ·
Coder	Manual or Auto- matic	Determines whether selection of coder is manual or automatic. When Automatic is selected, the local and remote voice channels will negotiate the voice coder to be used by selecting the highest bandwidth coder supported by both sides without exceeding the Max Bandwidth setting. G.723, G.729, or G.711 are negotiated.
Selected Coder	G.711 a/u law 64 kbps; G.726, @ 16/24/32 /40 kbps; G.727, @ nine bps rates; G.723.1 @ 5.3 kbps; G.729, 8kbps; Net Coder @ 6.4, 7.2, 8, 8.8, 9.6 kbps	Select from a range of coders with specific bandwidths. The higher the bps rate, the more bandwidth is used. The channel that you are calling must have the same voice coder selected. Default = G.723.1 @ 6.3 kbps, as required for H.323. Here 64K of digital voice are compressed to 6.3K, allowing several simultaneous conversations over the same bandwidth that would otherwise carry only one. To make selections from the Selected Coder drop-down list, the Manual option must be enabled.
Max bandwidth (coder)	11 - 128 kbps	This drop-down list enables you to select the maximum bandwidth allowed for this channel. The Max Bandwidth drop-down list is enabled only if the Coder is set to Automatic. If coder is to be selected automatically ("Auto" setting), then enter a value for maximum bandwidth.

Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
Advanced	Features	
Silence Compression	Y/N	Determines whether silence compression is enabled (checked) for this voice channel.
		With Silence Compression enabled, the MultiVOIP will not transmit voice packets when silence is detected, thereby reducing the amount of network bandwidth that is being used by the voice channel. Default = on.
Echo Cancellation	Y/N	Determines whether echo cancellation is enabled (checked) for this voice channel.
		Echo Cancellation removes echo and improves sound quality. Default = on.
Forward Error Correction	Y/N	Determines whether forward error correction is enabled (checked) for this voice channel.
		Forward Error Correction enables some of the voice packets that were corrupted or lost to be recovered. FEC adds an additional 50% overhead to the total network bandwidth consumed by the voice channel. Default = Off

Vo	Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description	
AutoCall/Off Param			
Auto Call / Offhook Alert	AutoCall, Offhook Alert	The AutoCall option enables the local MultiVOIP to call a remote MultiVOIP without the user having to dial a Phone Directory Database number. As soon as you access the local MultiVOIP voice/fax channel, the MultiVOIP immediately connects to the remote MultiVOIP identified in the Phone Number box of this option.	
		If the "Pass Through Enable" field is checked in the Interface Parameters screen, AutoCall must be used.	
		The Offhook Alert option applies only to FXS channels.	
		The Offhook Alert option works like this: if a phone goes offhook and yet no number is dialed within a specific period of time (as set in the Offhook Alert Timer field), then that phone will automatically dial the Alert phone number for the voip channel. (The Alert phone number must be set in the Voice/Fax Parameters Phone Number field; if the voip system is working without a gatekeeper unit, there must also be a matching phone number entry in the Outbound Phonebook.). One use of this feature would be for emergency use where a user goes off hook but does not dial, possibly indicating a crisis situation. The Offhook Alert feature uses the Intercept Tone , as listed in the Regional Parameters screen. This tone will be outputted on the phone that was taken off hook but that did not dial. The other end of the connection will hear audio from the "crisis" end as is it would during a normal phone call.	

Voice/Fax Para		meter Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
AutoCall/Offhook Alert Parameters		
Auto Call / Offhook Alert	AutoCall, Offhook Alert	<i>(continued from previous page)</i> Both functions apply on a channel-by- channel basis. It would not be appropriate for either of these functions to be applied to a channel that serves in a pool of available channels for general phone traffic. Either function requires an entry in the Outgoing phonebook of the local MultiVOIP and a matched setting in the Inbound Phonebook of the remote voip.
Generate Local Dial Tone	Y/N	<i>Used for AutoCall only</i> . If selected, dial tone will be generated locally while the call is being established between gateways. The capability to generate dial tone locally would be particularly useful when there is a lengthy network delay.

Vo	meter Definitions (cont'd)	
Field Name	Values	Description
AutoCall/Offhook Alert Parameters		
Offhook Alert Timer	0 – 3000 seconds	The length of time that must elapse before the offhook alert is triggered and a call is automatically made to the phone number listed in the Phone Number field.
Phone Number		Phone number used for Auto Call function or Offhook Alert Timer function. This phone number must correspond to an entry in the Outbound Phonebook of the local MultiVOIP and in the Inbound Phonebook of the remote MultiVOIP (unless a gatekeeper unit is used in the voip system).

Voi	Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd))		
Field Name	Values	Description	
Dynamie	c Jitter		
Dynamic Jitter Buffer		Dynamic Jitter defines a minimum and a maximum jitter value for voice communications. When receiving voice packets from a remote MultiVOIP, varying delays between packets may occur due to network traffic problems. This is called Jitter. To compensate, the MultiVOIP uses a Dynamic Jitter Buffer. The Jitter Buffer enables the MultiVOIP to wait for delayed voice packets by automatically adjusting the length of the Jitter Buffer between configurable minimum and maximum values. An Optimization Factor adjustment controls how quickly the length of the Jitter Buffer is increased when jitter increases on the network. The length of the jitter buffer directly effects the voice delay between MultiVOIP gateways.	
Minimum Jitter Value	60 to 400 ms	The minimum dynamic jitter buffer of 60 milliseconds is the minimum delay that would be acceptable over a low jitter network. Default = 150 msec	



Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name Values		Description	
Dynami	c Jitter		
Maximum Jitter Value	60 to 400 ms	The maximum dynamic jitter buffer of 400 milliseconds is the maximum delay tolerable over a high jitter network. Default = 300 msec	
Optimizat- ion Factor	0 to 12	The Optimization Factor determines how quickly the length of the Dynamic Jitter Buffer is changed based on actual jitter encountered on the network. Selecting the minimum value of 0 means low voice delay is desired, but increases the possibility of jitter- induced voice quality problems. Selecting the maximum value of 12 means highest voice quality under jitter conditions is desired at the cost of increased voice delay. Default = 7.	

Modem Relay

To place modem traffic onto the voip network (an application called "modem relay"), use Coder G.711 mu-law at 64kbps.

Voice/Fax Parameter Definitions (cont'd))		
Field Name	Values	Description
Auto Dise	connect	
Automatic Disconnect- ion		The Automatic Disconnection group provides four options which can be used singly or in any combination.
Jitter Value	1-65535 milli- seconds	The Jitter Value defines the average inter-arrival packet deviation (in milliseconds) before the call is automatically disconnected. The default is 300 milliseconds. A higher value means voice transmission will be more accepting of jitter. A lower value is less tolerant of jitter. Inactive by default. When active, default = 300 ms. However, value must equal or exceed Dynamic Minimum Jitter Value.
Call Duration	1-65535 seconds	Call Duration defines the maximum length of time (in seconds) that a call remains connected before the call is automatically disconnected. Inactive by default. When active, default = 180 sec. This may be too short for most configurations, requiring upward adjustment.
Consecutive Packets Lost	1-65535	Consecutive Packets Lost defines the number of consecutive packets that are lost after which the call is automatically disconnected. Inactive by default. When active, default = 30
Network Discon- nection	1 to 65535 seconds; Default = 30 sec.	Specifies how long to wait before disconnecting the call when IP network connectivity with the remote site has been lost.

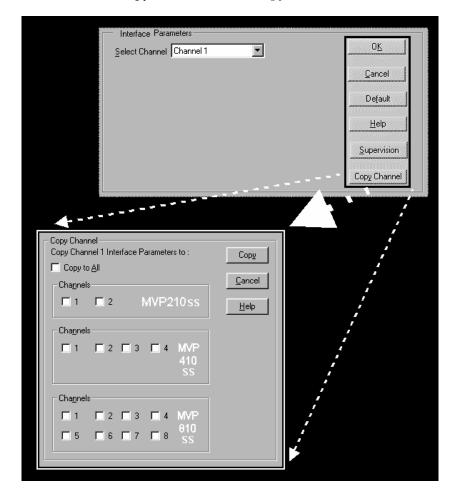
Pulldown	lcon	
MultiVoIP-MultiVOIP-SS v3.08.0H (Firmw Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+I Voice Channels Ctrl+Alt Interface Ctrl+Alt+N Regional Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S MTP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S Logs/Traces Ctrl+Alt+S Logs/Traces Ctrl+Alt+H System Information Ctrl+Alt+H System Information Ctrl+Alt+S IP CallSignaling Ctrl+Alt+Sft+P RADIUS Ctrl+Alt+U NAT Traversal Ctrl+Alt+Sft+V		
Shortcut	Sidebar	
Ctrl + Alt + N	 Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling 	

9. **Set Telephony Interface Parameters.** This dialog box can be reached by pulldown menu, toolbar icon, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

Interface Parameters	
Select Channel Channel 1 FXS Options FXS Ring Count FXS Ring Count 8 Current Loss 6 Generate Current Reversal FXO Options FXO Options FXO Ring Count I No Response Timer No Response Timer 180	Interface Type FXS (Loop Start) Dialing Options Regeneration Pulse Inter Digit Timer Inter Digit Regeneration Imer 100 ms
E&M Options Signal Dial Ione Mink Wink Timer 250 ms Type TYPE II Mode 2Wire 4Wire No Response Timer 60 secs Disconnect on CallProgress Tone DID Options Start Modes Wink Start Immediate Start Umk Clart 200	Flash Hook Options OK Generation : 600 ms Detection Range

In each field, enter the values that fit your particular network.

The kinds of parameters for which values must be chosen depend on the type of telephony supervisory signaling or interface used (FXO, E&M, etc.). We present here the various parameters grouped and organized by interface type. Note that Interface parameters are applied on a channel-by-channel basis. However, once you have established a set of Interface parameters for a particular channel, you can apply this entire set of Voice/FAX parameters to another channel by using the **Copy Channel** button and its dialog box. To copy a set of Interface parameters to all channels, select "Copy to All" and click **Copy**.



FXS (Loop

Start)

FXS Loop Start Parameters. The parameters applicable to FXS Loop Start are shown in the figure below and described in the table that follows.

	g Options Inter Digit Timer <u>M</u> essage Waitin Light		
Pass Through Enable Caller ID Caller ID Typ BellCore		ptions Ring Count 8 gurrent Loss enerate Current Reversal Flash Hook Options Generation : 600 ms Detection Range Min : 500 ms Max : 1000 ms	
FXS L	oop Start Interface	e: Parameter Definitions	
Field Name	Values	Description	

Enables FXS Loop Start

interface type.

-	~	^
1	''	ч
-	-	-

Y/N

FXS Loop S	FXS Loop Start Interface: Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description	
Dialing Options fields			
Inter Digit Timer	1 - 10 seconds	This is the length of time that the MultiVOIP will wait between digits. When the time expires, the MultiVOIP will look in the outbound phonebook for the number entered and place the call accordingly. Default = 2.	
Message Waiting Indication		Not applicable to FXS Loop Start interface	
Inter Digit Regeneration Time	in milliseconds	The length of time between the outputting of DTMF digits. Default = 100 ms.	
FXS O	otions fields		
FXS Ring Count , FXS	1-99	Maximum number of rings that the MultiVOIP will issue before giving up the attempted call.	
Current Loss	Y/N	When enabled, the MultiVOIP will interrupt loop current in the FXS circuit to initiate a disconnection. This tells the device connected to the FXS port to hang up. The Multi- VOIP cannot drop the call; the FXS device must go on hook.	
Generate Current Reversal	Y/N	When selected, this option implements Answer Supervision and Disconnect Supervision to the FXO interface using current reversal to indicate events. Applicable only when FXS and FXO interfaces are connected back to back.	

FXS Loop Start Interface: Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
Flash Hook Options fields		
Generation		not applicable to FXS interface
Detection Range	<i>for Min. and Max.,</i> 50 - 1500 milliseconds	For a received flash hook to be regarded as such by the MultiVOIP, its duration must fall between the minimum and maximum values given here.
Pass Through Enable	Y/N	When enabled, this parameter creates an open audio path through the MultiVOIP. If the Pass-Through feature is enabled, the AutoCall feature must be enabled for this voip channel in the Voice/Fax Parameters screen.
Calle	r ID fields	
Туре	Bellcore	The MultiVOIP currently supports only one implementation of Caller ID. That implementation is Bellcore type 1 with Caller ID placed between the first and second rings of the call.
Enable	Y/N	Caller ID information is a description of the remote calling party received by the called party. The description has three parts: name of caller, phone number of caller, and time of call. The 'time-of-call' portion is always generated by the receiving MultiVOIP unit (on FXS channel) based on its date and time setup.

FXS Loop Start Interface: Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
Caller ID fields		
Enable (cont'd)	Y/N	The forms of the 'Caller Name' and 'Caller Phone Number' differ depending on the IP transmission protocol used (H.323, SIP, or SPP) and upon entries in the phonebook screens of the remote (CID generating) voip unit. The CID Name and Number appearing on the phone at the terminating FXS end will come either from a central office switch (showing a PSTN phone number), or the phonebook of the remote (CID sending) voip unit.

The Caller ID feature has dependencies on both the telco central office and the MultiVOIP phone book. See the diagram series after the FXO Parameters section below. **FXO Parameters.** The parameters applicable to the FXO telephony interface type are shown in the figure below and described in the table that follows.

Interface Interface Type		
	Inter Digit Timer 2 secs Message Waiting Indication Light meration Timer 100 ms	
Caller ID Iype BellCore	FX0 Options FX0 Ring Count 1 No Response Timer 180 secs	
L	Flash Hook Options Generation : 600 ms Detection Range Min : 500 ms Max : 1000 ms	

FXO Interface: Parameter Definitions*		
Field Name	Values	Description
Interface Type	FXO	Enables FXO functionality
Dialing	g Options	
Regeneration	Pulse, DTMF	Determines whether digits generated and sent out will be pulse tones or DTMF.
Inter Digit Timer	1 to 10 seconds	This is the length of time that the MultiVOIP will wait between digits. When the time expires, the MultiVOIP will look in the phonebook for the number entered. Default = 2.
Message Waiting Indication		Not applicable to FXO interface.
Inter Digit Regeneration Time	50 to 20,000 milliseconds	The length of time between the outputting of DTMF digits. Default = 100 ms.
FXO	Options	
FXO Ring Count	1-99	Number of rings required before the MultiVOIP answers the incoming call.
No Response Timer	1 – 65535 (in seconds)	Length of time before call connection attempt is abandoned.

FXO Interface: Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
Flash Hook	Options fields	
Generation	50 - 1500 milliseconds	Length of flash hook that will be generated and sent out when the remote end initiates a flash hook and it is regenerated locally. Default = 600 ms.
Detection Range		Not applicable to FXO.
Caller	ID fields	
Caller ID Type	Bellcore	The MultiVOIP currently supports only one implementation of Caller ID. That implementation is Bellcore type 1 with caller ID placed between the first and second rings of the call.
Caller ID enable	Y/N	Caller ID information is a description of the remote calling party received by the called party. The description has three parts: name of caller, phone number of caller, and time of call. The 'time-of-call' portion is always generated by the receiving MultiVOIP unit (on FXS channel) based on its date and time setup. The forms of the 'Caller Name' and 'Caller Phone Number' differ depending on the IP transmission protocol used (H.323, SIP, or SPP) and upon entries in the phonebook screens of the remote (CID generating) voip unit. The CID Name and Number appearing on the phone at the terminating FXS end will come either from a central office switch (showing a PSTN phone number), or the phonebook of the remote (CID sending) voip unit.

The Caller ID feature has dependencies on both the telco central office and the MultiVOIP phone book. See the diagram series below.

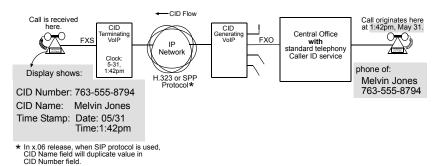


Figure 5-1: Voip Caller ID Case #1 – Call, through telco central office *with* standard CID, enters voip system

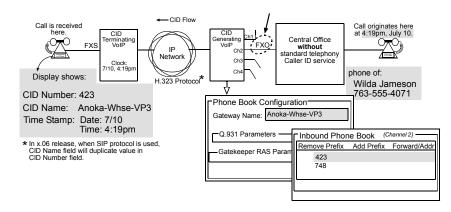


Figure 5-2: Voip Caller ID Case #2 – Call, through telco central office *without* standard CID, enters H.323 voip system

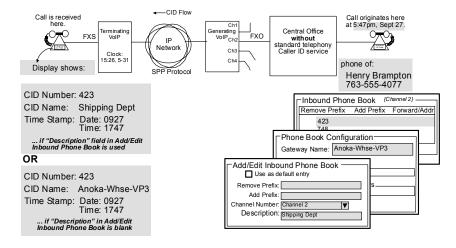


Figure 5-3: Voip Caller ID Case #3 – Call, through telco central office *without* standard CID, enters SPP voip system

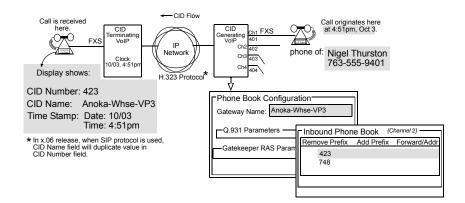


Figure 5-4: Voip Caller ID Case #4 – Remote FXS call on H.323 voip system

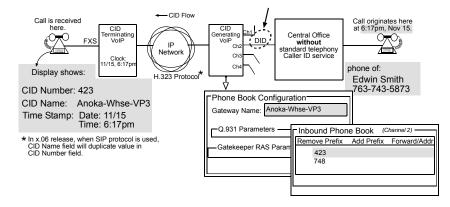


Figure 5-5: Voip Caller ID Case #5 – Call through telco central office without standard CID enters DID channel in H.323 voip system

FXO Supervision. When the selected Interface type is FXO, the **Supervision** button is active. Click on this button to access call answering supervision parameters and call disconnection parameters that relate to the FXO interface type.

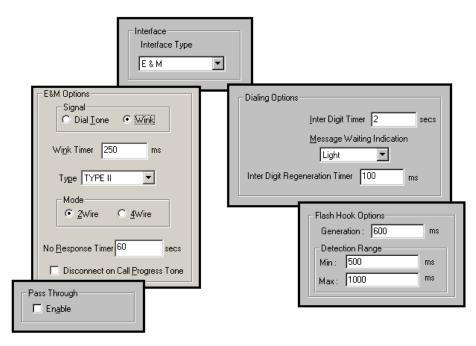
FXO Supervision	
Answer Supervision	
Current Reversal	
Answer Delay Answer Delay Timer 65535 secs	ок
Tone Detection	
Available Tones Answer Tones BusyTone InterceptTone InterceptTone InterceptTone Survivability DialTone Image: Construction of the con	Cancel
Disconnect Supervision Current Reversal Current Loss Current Loss Silence Detection	
Image: Silence Detection Image: Silence Time Type One Way Silence Time	
DTMF Tone Disconnect Tone Seguence Tone Detection	
Available Tones Disconnect Tones	
DialTone InterceptTone ReorderTone RingTone Survivability DialTone	

FXC	FXO Supervision Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description	
Answer Sup	ervision fields		
Current Reversal	Y/N	When this option is selected, the FXO interface sends notice to make connection upon detecting current reversal from the PBX (which occurs when the called extension goes offhook).	
Answer Delay	Y/N	When this option is selected, the FXO interface sends the connection notice to the calling party only when the Answer Delay Timer expires. The connection notice is sent regardless of whether or not the called extension has gone offhook.	
Answer Delay Timer	integer values (in seconds) Range = 1 - 65535	When Answer Delay is enabled, this value determines when the FXO interface sends the connection notice.	
Tone Detection	Y/N	When selected, call disconnection will be triggered by a tone sequence.	
Available Tones	dial tone, ring tone, busy tone, unobtainable tone (fast busy), survivability tone, re-order tone	List from which tones can be chosen to signal call answer.	
Answer Tones	any tone from Available Tones list	Currently chosen call-answer supervision tone.	

FXO Supervision Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Disconnect Supervision fields		There are four possible criteria for disconnection under FXO: current reversal, current loss, tone detection, and silence detection. Disconnection can be triggered by more than one of the three criteria.
Current Reversal	Y/N	Disconnection to be triggered by reversal of current from the PBX.
Current Loss	Y/N	Disconnection to be triggered by loss of current. That is, when Current Loss is enabled ("Y"), the MultiVOIP will hang up the call at a specified interval after it detects a loss of current initiated by the attached device.
Current Loss Timer	200 to 2000 (in milliseconds)	Determines the interval after detection of current loss at which the call will be disconnected.
Silence Detection Enable	Y/N	Enables/disables silence- detection method of supervising call disconnection.
Silence Detection Type	One-Way or Two-Way	Disconnection to be triggered by silence in one direction only or in both directions simultaneously.
Silence Timer in seconds	integer value	Duration of silence required to trigger disconnection.

FXO Supervision Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Disconnect S	ct Supervision fields	
DTMF Tone		Enables supervision of call disconnection using DTMF tones.
	1 4 7 *	TMF Tone Pairs Low Tones 2 3 A 697Hz 5 6 B 770Hz 8 9 C 852Hz 0 # D 941Hz 1336Hz 1447Hz 1633Hz
Disconnect Tone Sequence	1 st tone pair + 2 nd tone pair	These are DTMF tone pairs. Values for first tone pair are: *, #, 0, 1-9, and A-D.
		Values for second tone pair are: none, 0, 1-9, A-D, *, and #. The tone pairs 1-9, 0, *, and # are the standard DTMF pairs found on phone sets. The tone pairs A-D are "extended DTMF" tones, which are used for various PBX functions.
Tone Detection	Y/N	Enables supervision of call disconnection by detecting cessation of a pre-specified tone from the PBX.
Available Tones	dial tone, ring tone, busy tone, unobtainable tone (fast busy), survivability tone, re-order tone	List from which tones can be chosen to signal call disconnection.
Disconnect Tones	any tone from Available Tones list	Currently chosen disconnection supervision tone.

E&M Parameters. The parameters applicable to the E&M telephony interface type are shown in the figure below and described in the table that follows.



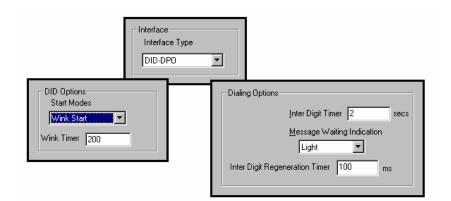


E	E&M Interface Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description	
Interface	E&M	enables E&M functionality	
Туре	Types 1-5.	Refers to the type of E&M interface being used.	
Mode	2-wire or 4-wire	Each E&M interface type can be either 2-wire or 4-wire audio.	
Signal	Dial Tone or Wink	When Dial Tone is selected, no wink is required on the E lead or M lead in the call initiation or setup. When Wink is selected, a wink is required during call setup.	
Wink Timer (in ms)	integer values, in milliseconds	This is the length of the wink for wink signaling. Applicable only when Signal parameter is set to "Wink."	
No Response Timer	integer values (in seconds)	The value here denotes the time (in seconds) after which the call attempt would be disconnected by the FXO Interface because there was no answer.	
Disconnect on Call Progress Tone	Y/N	Allows call on FXO port to be disconnected when a PBX issues a call-progress tone denoting that the phone station on the PBX that has been involved in the call has been hung up.	
Pass Through Enable	Y/N	When enabled ("Y"), this feature is used to create an open audio path for 2- or 4-wire. The E&M leads are passed through the voip transparently. Applicable only for E&M Signaling with Dial Tone (not applicable for Wink signaling).	

E&M Interface Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
Dialing	g Options	
Inter Digit Timer	integer values, in seconds	This is the length of time that the MultiVOIP will wait between digits. When the time expires, the MultiVOIP will look in the phonebook for the number entered. Default = 2.
Message Waiting Indication	Light or None	Allows MultiVOIP to pass mode-code sequences between Avaya Magix PBXs to turn on and off the message-waiting light on a PBX extension phone. Mode codes:
		 *53 + PBX extension → turns message light on. #53 + PBX extension → turns message light off. Signals to turn message-waiting lights on/off are not sent to phones connected directly to the MultiVOIP on FXS channels, not to other non-Avaya Magix PBX phone stations on the voip network.
Inter Digit Regeneration Timer	milliseconds	The length of time between the outputting of DTMF digits. Default = 100 ms.

E&M Interface Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		er Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Dialing Op	tions (cont'd)	
Flash Hook	Options fields	
Generation	integer values, in milliseconds	Length of flash hook that will be generated and sent out when the remote end initiates a flash hook and it is regenerated locally. Default = 600 ms.
Detection Range	for Min. and Max., 50 1500 milliseconds	For a received flash hook to be regarded as such by the MultiVOIP, its duration must fall between the minimum and maximum values given here.

DID Parameters. The parameters applicable to the Direct Inward Dial (DID) telephony interface type are shown in the figure below and described in the table that follows. The DID interface allows one phone line to direct incoming calls to any one of several extensions without a switchboard operator. Of course, one DID line can handle only one call at a time. The parameters described here pertain to the customer-premises side of the DID connection (DID-DPO, dial-pulse originating); the network side of the DID connection (DID-DPT, dial-pulse terminating) is not supported.



DID Interface Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Interface	DID-DPO	Enables the customer-premises side of DID functionality
DID Options		MultiVOIP's use of DID applies only for incoming DID calls. The Start Mode used by the MultiVOIP must match that used by the originating telephony equipment, else DID calls cannot be completed.
Start Modes	Immediate Start, Wink Start, Delay Dial	For Immediate Start , the voip detects the off-hook condition initiated by the telco central- office call and becomes ready to receive dial digits immediately.

DID Interface Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
DID Opti	ons (cont'd)	
Start Modes	Immediate Start, Wink Start, Delay Dial	For Wink Start , the voip detects the off-hook condition. Then the voip reverses battery polarity for a specified time (140-290 ms; a "wink") and then becomes ready to receive dial digits. For Delay Dial , the voip detects detects the off-hook condition. Then the voip reverses battery polarity for a specified time (reverse polarity duration has wider acceptable range than for Wink Start) and then becomes ready to receive dial digits.
Wink Timer (in ms)	integer values, in milliseconds	This is the length of the wink for Wink Start and Delay Dial signaling modes Applicable only when Start Mode parameter is set to "Wink Start" or "Delay Dial."
Dialing	g Options	
Inter Digit Timer	integer values, in seconds	This is the length of time that the MultiVOIP will wait between digits. When the time expires, the MultiVOIP will look in the phonebook for the number entered. Default = 2.
Message Waiting Indication		Not applicable to DID-DPO interface.
Inter-Digit Regeneration Timer	integer values, in milliseconds	This parameter is applicable when digits are dialed onto a DID-DPO channel after the connection has been made. The length of time between the outputting of DTMF digits. Default = 100 ms.

10. **Set Call Signaling Parameters**. This dialog box addresses SIP Call Signaling parameters. It can be reached by pulldown menu, keyboard shortcut, or a sidebar menu.

Accessing "Call Signaling Parameters"			
Pulldov	Pulldown		
Ser MultiVoIP-MultiVO Configuration Ethernet / IP Paramet Voice Channels Interface Regional Parameters SMTP Parameters Logs/Traces Supplementary Servic System Information SIP CallSignaling RADIUS NAT Traversal	Ctrl+H Ctrl+Alt+N Ctrl+R Ctrl+Alt+S Ctrl+Alt+L		
Shortcut	Sidebar		
Ctrl + Alt + Shft + P	 Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling Regional 		

SIP Parameters Signaling Port <u>:</u>	5060		
Use SIP Proxy			
Allow Incoming Calls Through	Allow Incoming Calls Through SIP Proxy Only		
SIP Proxy Parameters			
Pro <u>x</u> y D	Oomain Name / IPAddress Port Num <u>b</u> er		
Primary Proxy	5060		
Alternate Proxy 1	5060		
Alternate Proxy 2	5060		
C Append SIP Prox	y Domain Namein User ID		
User <u>N</u> ame : sdfg			
Passwor <u>d</u> :			
Re-RegistrationTime : 3600) secs		
Proxy Polling Interval : 60	secs		
TTL Value : 60	secs		
<u>о</u> к	<u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp		

The tables below describes all fields in the general **SIP Call Signaling** screen.

SIP Call Signaling Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
SIP Proxy Parameters		
Signaling Port		Port number on which the MultiVOIP UserAgent software module will be waiting for any incoming SIP requests.
Use SIP Proxy	Y/N	Allows the MultiVOIP to work in conjunction with a proxy server.

SIP Call Signaling Parameter Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
SIP Proxy Parameters		
Allow Incoming Calls Through SIP Proxy Only	Y/N	When selected, incoming calls are accepted only if those calls come through the gatekeeper.
Primary Proxy		This is the preferred SIP proxy server for controlling the traffic of the current voip.
Alternate Proxy 1 and 2		A first and a second alternate SIP proxy server can be specified for use by the current voip for situations where the Primary proxy server is busy or otherwise unavailable.
Proxy Domain Name / IP Address	n.n.n.n where n=0-255	Network address of the proxy server that the voip is using.
Append SIP Proxy Domain Name in User ID	Y/N	When checked, the domain name of the SIP Proxy serving the MultiVOIP gateway will be included as part of the User ID for that gateway. If unchecked, the SIP Proxy's IP address will be included as part of the User ID instead of the SIP Proxy's domain name.
Port Number		Logical port number for proxy communications.
User Name	Values: alphanumeric Description: Identifier used when proxy server is used in network. If a proxy server is used in a SIP voip network, all clients must enter both a User Name and a Password before being allowed to make a call.	

SIP Call Signaling Parameter Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values & Description		
SIP Proxy P	^D arameters		
Password	Values: alphanumeric		
	Description: Password for proxy server function. See "User Name" description above.		
Re-	Values: nume	eric (in seconds)	
Registration Time	Description: This is the timeout interval for registration of the MultiVOIP with a SIP proxy server. The time interval begins the moment the MultiVOIP gateway registers with the SIP proxy server and ends at the time specified by the user in the Re- Registration Time field (this field). When/if registration lapses, call traffic routed to/from the MultiVOIP through the SIP proxy server will cease. However, calls in progress will continue to function until they end.		
Proxy Polling Interval	integer 60 - 300	The interval between the voip gateway's successive attempts to connect to and be governed by a higher level SIP proxy server. The Primary Proxy is the highest level gatekeeper. Alternate Proxy 1 is second; Alternate Proxy 2 is the lowest order SIP proxy server.	
TTL Value in seconds	The SIP proxy "Time to Live" value. As soon as a MultiVOIP gateway registers with a SIP proxy server (allowing the proxy server to control its call traffic) a countdown timer begins. The TTL Value is the interval of the countdown timer. Before the TTL countdown expires, the MultiVOIP gateway needs to register with the gatekeeper in order to maintain the connection. If the MultiVOIP does not register before the TTL interval expires, the MultiVOIP gateway's registration with the proxy server will expire and the proxy server will no longer permit call traffic to or from that gateway. Calls in progress will continue to function even if the gateway becomes de-registered.		

12. **Set Regional Parameters** (Phone Signaling Tones & Cadences). This dialog box can be reached by pulldown menu, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

Accessing "Regional Parameters"	
lcon	
Sidebar	
 Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling Regional SMTP 	

The **Regional Parameters** screen will appear. For the country selected, the standard set of frequency pairs will be listed for dial tone, busy tone, 'unobtainable' tone (fast busy or trunk busy), ring tone, and other, more specialized tones.

Regional Parameters	
Country/Begion : USA Custom	
Standard Tones	
Type Frequency1 Frequency2 Cadence(secs)0n/01fi Gait Dia/Tone 350 440 0.000/0.000/0.000 -16	
RingTone 480 440 2.000/4.000/2.000/4.000 -16 Cancel ButyTone 480 620 0.500/0.500/0.500/0.500 -16 Cancel	
Unobtainable Tone 480 620 0.000/0.000/0.000 -16 Sunivable DialTone 650 650 0.000/0.000/0.000 -16 Resided Tone 480 620 0.250/0.250/0.000 -16	
InterceptTone 440 620 0.000/0.000/0.000/0.000 -16 Help	
x	
User Defined Tones	
Type Frequency1 Frequency2 Cadence(secs)Dn/Dtt Gan1 Gan2 Anim01 350 760 0.100/0.150/0.100/0.300 -2 -2 Add	These tone pairs are used in conjunction with the "FXO
Disconnect05 470 900 0.350/0.200/0.690/0.150 -1 -1	Supervision" secondary
These tone pairs are used to supervise Edu answering and disconnection of calls.	screen of the INTERFACE configuration screen.
Delote	
	Add / Edit Tone
Country Selection For Builtin Modem United States(US)	Tone Type Disconnect05
	Frequency 1 470
Custom Tone Pair Settings	Frequency 2 900 Cadence 1 350 ma
Ione Pait : DialTone V OK	Cedence 2 200 ms
Tone Pair Values	Cadence 3 690 ms
Erequency1: 350 Hz Cadence1: 0 ms	Cadence 4 150 ms
These tone Jency2: 440 Hz Cadence2: 0 me Heb	Gain 1 -1 💌
pairs Gain1: -16 and Cadenoe3: 0 ms	Gain 2
functions as the Ggin2: 16 💌 d8 Cadenced: 0 ma	OK Cancel
but use different	
frequencies.	

Remote Configuration/Command Modem. Each MVP410 and MVP810 MultiVOIP unit contains a built-in modem. This modem allows the MultiVOIP to be configured remotely when a standard POTS line is connected to the "Command Modem" connector on the back panel of the MultiVOIP. In the **Country Selection for Built-In Modem** field (drop-down list), select the country that best fits your situation. This may not be the same as your selection for the **Country/Region** field. The selections in the **Country Selection for Built-In Modem** field entail more detailed groupings of telephony parameters than do the **Country/Region** values.

In each field, enter the values that fit your particular system.

"Regional Parameter" Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Country/	USA, Japan, UK,	Name of a country or region that
Region	Custom	uses a certain set of tone pairs for
0		dial tone, ring tone, busy tone,
		unobtainable tone (fast busy tone),
		survivability tone (tone heard
		briefly, 2 seconds, after going
		offhook denoting survivable mode
		of VOIP unit), re-order tone (a tone
		pattern indicating the need for the
		user to hang up the phone), and
		intercept tone (a tone that warns an
		a party that has gone off hook but
		has not begun dialing, within a
		prescribed time, that an automatic
		emergency or attendant number
		will be called; the automatic call
		can be used to direct an attendant's
		attention to a disabled or distressed
		caller, allowing an appropriate
		response to be made).
		In some cases, the tone-pair scheme
		denoted by a country name may
		also be used outside of that
		country. The "Custom" option
		(button) assures that any tone-
		pairing scheme worldwide can be
		accommodated.
		Note : Intercept tone is applicable
		only when the FXS telephony
		interface has been chosen in the
		Interface screen and when the
		AutoCall / OffHook Alert field is set
		to OffHook Alert in the Voice/Fax
		Parameters screen. The time
		allowed for dialing before the
		automatic calling process begins is
		set in the Offhook Alert Timer field
		of the Voice/Fax Parameters
		screen.
		0010011.

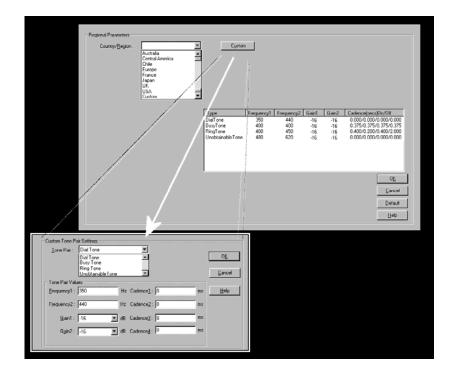
The **Regional Parameters** fields are described in the table below.

	"Regional Parameter" Definitions			
Field Name	Values Description			
Field Name Country/ Region		sDescriptionapan, UK, nName of a country or region that uses a certain set of tone pairs for dial tone, ring tone, busy tone, and 'unobtainable' tone (fast busy tone tone), survivability tone (tone heard briefly, 2 seconds, after going 		
Advisory	(button) assures that any tone- pairing scheme worldwide can be accommodated.			
screen	MultiVOIP-Regional Setup X Supervision Tones have been set to default values in Interface Page. ОК ОК ОК			
Standard	Tones fields			
Type column	dial tone, ring tone, busy tone, unobtainable tone (fast busy), survivability tone, re-order tone	Type of telephony tone-pair for which frequency, gain, and cadence are being presented.		
Frequency 1	freq. in Hertz	Lower frequency of pair.		
Frequency 2	freq. in Hertz	Higher frequency of pair.		

"Re	"Regional Parameter" Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name Values		Description		
Standard To	nes fields (cont'd)			
Gain 1	gain in dB +3dB to -31dB and "mute" setting	Amplification factor of lower frequency of pair. This applies to the dial, ring, busy and 'unobtainable' tones that the MultiVOIP outputs as audio to the FXS, FXS, or E&M port. Default: - 16dB		
Gain 2	gain in dB +3dB to -31dB and "mute" setting	Amplification factor of higher frequency of pair. This applies to the dial, ring, busy, and 'unobtainable' (fast busy) tones that the MultiVOIP outputs as audio to the FXS, FXO, or E&M port. Default: -16dB		
Cadence (msec) On/Off	n/n/n four integer time values in milli-seconds; zero value for dial-tone indicates continuous tone	On/off pattern of tone durations used to denote phone ringing, phone busy, connection unobtainable (fast busy), dial tone ("0" indicates continuous tone), survivability, and re-order. Default values differ for different countries/regions. Although most cadences have only two parts (an "on" duration and an "off" duration), some telephony cadences have four parts. Most cadences, then, are expressed as two iterations of a two-part sequence. Although this is redundant, it is necessary to allow for expression of 4-part cadences.		
Custom (button)		Click on the "Custom" button to bring up the Custom Tone Pair Settings screen. (The "Custom" button is active only when "Custom" is selected in the Country/Region field.) This screen allows the user to specify tone pair attributes that are not found in any of the standard national/regional telephony toning schemes.		

"Regional Parameter" Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Country Selection for Built-In Modem (not applicable to MVP- 130/130FXS MVP210, MVP210, MVP410ST, or MVP810ST)	country name	MultiVOIP units operating with the X.06 software release (and above) include a built-in modem. The administrator can dial into this modem to configure the MultiVOIP unit remotely. The country name values in this field set telephony parameters that allow the modem to work in the listed country. This value may be different than the Country/Region value. For example, a user may need to choose "Europe" as the Country/Region value but "Denmark" as the Country-Selection-for-Built-In-Modem value.	
User Define	d Tones fields		
Type column	alphanumeric name specified by user	Name of supervisory tone pair. Cannot be same as name of any standard tone pair.	
Frequency 1	freq. in Hertz	Lower frequency of pair.	
Frequency 2	freq. in Hertz	Higher frequency of pair.	
Gain 1	gain in dB +3dB to -31dB and "mute" setting	Amplification factor of lower frequency of pair. This applies to any supervisory tones that the MultiVOIP outputs as audio to the FXS, FXS, or E&M port. Default: - 16dB	
Gain 2	gain in dB +3dB to -31dB and "mute" setting	Amplification factor of higher frequency of pair. This applies to any supervisory tones that the MultiVOIP outputs as audio to the FXS, FXO, or E&M port. Default: - 16dB	
Cadence (msec) On/Off	n/n/n four integer time values in milli-seconds; zero value for dial-tone indicates continuous tone	On/off pattern of tone durations used to denote supervisory tones specified by user. Supervisory tones relate to answering and disconnection of calls. Although most cadences have only two parts (an "on" duration and an "off" duration), some telephony cadences have four parts. Most cadences, then, are expressed as two iterations of a two- part sequence. Although this is redundant, it is necessary to allow for expression of 4-part cadences.	

13. Set Custom Tones and Cadences (optional). The Regional Parameters dialog box has a secondary dialog box that allows you to customize DTMF tone pairs to create unique ring-tones, dial-tones, busy-tones or "unobtainable" tones (fast busy signal) or "re-order" tones (telling the user that she must hang up an off-hook phone) or "survivability" tones (an indication of call-routing redundancy) for your system. This screen allows the user to specify tone-pair attributes that are not found in any of the standard national/regional telephony toning schemes. To access this customization feature, click on the Custom button on the Regional Parameters screen. (The "Custom" button is active only when "Custom" is selected in the Country/Region field.)

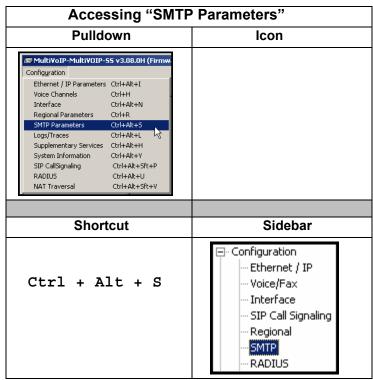


Custom Tone-Pair Settings Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Tone Pair	dial tone, busy tone, ring tone, 'unobtainable' tone, survivability tone, re-order tone	Identifies the type of telephony signaling tone for which frequencies are being specified.	
TONE PAIR V	ALUES	About Defaults : US telephony values are used as defaults on this screen. However, since this dialog box is provided to allow custom tone-pair settings, default values are essentially irrelevant.	
Frequency 1	frequency in Hertz	Frequency of lower tone of pair. This outbound tone pair enters the MultiVOIP at the input port.	
Frequency 2	frequency in Hertz	Frequency of higher tone of pair. This outbound tone pair enters the MultiVOIP at the input port.	
Gain 1	gain in dB +3dB to -31dB and "mute" setting	Amplification factor of lower frequency of pair. This figure describes amplification that the MultiVOIP applies to outbound tones entering the MultiVOIP at the input port. Default = -16dB	
Gain 2	gain in dB +3dB to -31dB and "mute" setting	Amplification factor of higher frequency of pair. This figure describes amplification that the MultiVOIP applies to outbound tones entering the MultiVOIP at the input port. Default = -16dB	

The **Custom Tone-Pair Settings** fields are described in the table below.

Custom Tone-Pair Settings Definitions			
Field Name	Values Description		
Cadence 1	integer time value in milli-seconds; zero value for dial-tone indicates continuous tone	On/off pattern of tone durations used to denote phone ringing, phone busy, dial tone ("0" indicates continuous tone) survivability and re-order. Cadence 1 is duration of first period of tone being "on" in the cadence of the telephony signal (which could be ring-tone, busy- tone, unobtainable-tone, or dial tone).	
Cadence 2	duration in milliseconds	Cadence 2 is duration of first "off" period in signaling cadence.	
Cadence 3	duration in milliseconds	Cadence 3 is duration of second "on" period in signaling cadence.	
Cadence 4	duration in milliseconds	Cadence 4 is duration of second "off" period in the signaling cadence, after which the 4-part cadence pattern of the telephony signal repeats.	

14. Set SMTP Parameters (Log Reports by Email). The SMTP Parameters screen is applicable when the VOIP administrator has chosen to receive log reports by email (this is done by selecting the "SMTP" checkbox in the Others screen and selecting "Enable SMTP" in the SMTP Parameters screen.). The SMTP Parameters screen can be reached by pulldown menu, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.



MultiVOIP as Email Sender. When SMTP is used, the MultiVOIP will actually be given its own email account (with Login Name and Password) on some mail server connected to the IP network. Using this account, the MultiVOIP will then send out email messages containing log report information. The "Recipient" of the log report email is ordinarily the VoIP administrator. Because the MultiVOIP cannot receive email, a "Reply-To" address must also be set up. Ordinarily, the "Reply-To" address is that of a technician who has access to the mail server or MultiVOIP or both, and the VoIP administrator might also be designated as the "Reply-To" party. The main function of the Reply-To address is to receive error or failure messages regarding the emailed reports.

The SMTP Parameters screen is shown below

SMTP Parameters <u>Enable SMTP</u> <u>Requires Authentication</u>	0 <u>K</u>
Login Name : MultiVoIP	<u>C</u> ancel
Pass <u>w</u> ord :	Help
Mail Server IPAddress : 192 . 168 . 1 . 5	Select <u>F</u> ields
Port Number: 25	Majl Now
Mail Type	
C Te <u>x</u> t	
Subject :	
Reply To Address	
Recipient Address : MultiVoIP@multitech.com	
Mail Criteria Number of Records : 100	

"SMTP Parameters" Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Enable SMTP	Y/N	In order to send log reports by email, this box must be checked. However, to enable SMTP functionality, you must also select "SMTP" in the Logs screen.	
Requires Authentication	Y/N	If this checkbox is checked, the MultiVOIP will send Authentication information to the SMTP server. The authentication information indicates whether or not the email sender has permission to use the SMTP server.	
Login Name	alpha- numeric, per email domain	This is the User Name for the MultiVOIP unit's email account.	

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"SMTP Parameters" Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Password	alpha- numeric	Login password for MultiVOIP unit's email account.	
Mail Server IP Address	n.n.n.n for n= 0 to 255	This is the mail server's IP address. This mail server must be accessible on the IP network to which the MultiVOIP is connected.	
Port Number	25	25 is a standard port number for SMTP.	
Mail Type	text or html	Mail type in which log reports will be sent.	
Subject	text	User specified. Subject line that will appear for all emailed log reports for this MultiVOIP unit.	
Reply-To Address	email address	User specified. This email address functions as a source email identifier for the MultiVOIP, which, of course, cannot usefully receive email messages. The Reply-To address provides a destination for returned messages indicating the status of messages sent by the MultiVOIP (esp. to indicate when log report email was undeliverable or when an error has occurred).	
Recipient Address	email address	User specified. Email address at which VOIP administrator will receive log reports.	
Mail C	riteria	Criteria for sending log summary by email. The log summary email will be sent out either when the user-specified number of log messages has accumulated, or once every day or multiple days, <i>which ever comes first</i> .	
Number of Records	integer	This is the number of log records that must accumulate to trigger the sending of a log-summary email.	
Number of Days	integer	This is the number of days that must pass before triggering the sending of a log-summary email.	

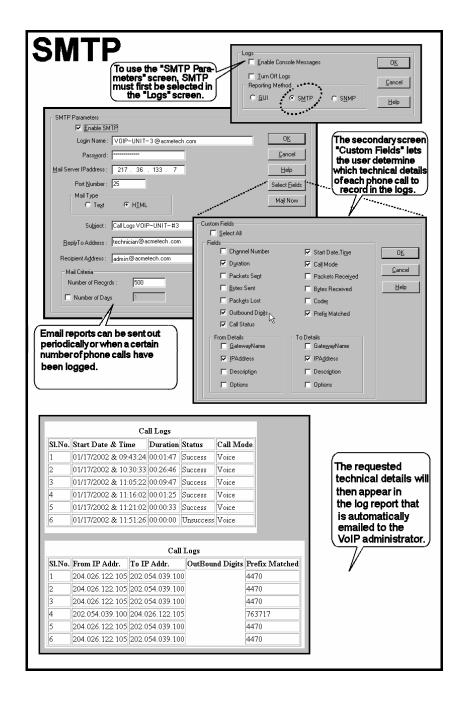
The **SMTP Parameters** dialog box has a secondary dialog box, **Custom Fields**, that allows you to customize email log messages for the MultiVOIP. The MultiVOIP software logs data about many aspects of the call traffic going through the MultiVOIP. The Custom Fields screen lets you pick which aspects will be included in the email log reports.

Custom Fields		
✓ Select All		
- Fields		
Channel Number	🔽 Start Date, Ti <u>m</u> e	0 <u>K</u>
✓ D <u>u</u> ration	🔽 Call Mode	Conset
Packets Sent	✓ Packets Received	<u>C</u> ancel
☑ Bytes Sent	💌 Bytes Received	<u>H</u> elp
Pack <u>e</u> ts Lost	🔽 Code <u>r</u>	
🔽 Outbound Digi <u>t</u> s Received	d 🔽 Prefi <u>x</u> Matched	
🔽 Call Status	🔽 Call <u>T</u> ype	
Call <u>D</u> irection	☑ DTMF <u>C</u> apability	
Server <u>D</u> etails	Outbound digits sent	
Disconnect <u>R</u> eason		
From Details	To Details	
🔽 <u>G</u> ateway Name	🔽 Gate <u>w</u> ay Name	
P Address	✓ IP Address	
🔽 Descripti <u>o</u> n	Description	
Options	Options	

"Custom Fields" Definitions			
Field	Description	Field	Description
Select All	Log report to include all fields shown.		
Channel	Data channel	Start	Date and time the
Number	carrying call.	Date,	phone call began.
		Time	
Duration	Length of call.	Call	Voice or fax.
		Mode	
Packets	Total packets sent	Packets	Total packets
Sent	in call.	Received	received in call.

	"Custom Fields" Definitions (cont'd)			
Field	Description	Field	Description	
Bytes Sent	Total bytes sent in call.	Bytes Received	Total bytes received in call.	
Packets Lost	Packets lost in call.	Coder	Voice Coder /Compression Rate used for call will be listed in log.	
Outbound Digits Received	The DTMF dialing digits received by this gateway from the remote gateway presuming that DTMF is set to "Out of Band."	Prefix Matched	When selected, the phonebook prefix matched in processing the call will be listed in log.	
Call Status	Successful or unsuccessful.	Call Type	Indicates the Call Signaling protocol used for the call (H.323, SIP, or SPP).	
Call Direction	Indicates call's originating party.	DTMF Capability	Indicates whether the DTMF dialing digits are carried "Inband" or "Out of Band." The corresponding field values differ for the 3 different voip protocols. For H.323, this field can display "Out of Band" or "Inband". For SIP it can display either "Out of Band RFC2833" or "Out of Band SIP INFO" to indicate the out-of- band condition or "Inband" to indicate the in-band condition. For SPP it can display "Out of Band RFC2833" or "Inband".	

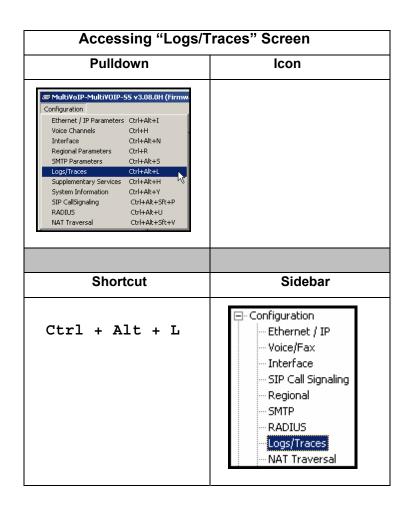
"Custom Fields" Definitions (cont'd)			
Field	Description	Field	Description
Server Details	The IP address of the traffic control server (if any) being used (whether an H.323 gatekeeper, a SIP proxy, or an SPP registrar gateway) will be displayed here if the call is handled through that server.	Outbound Digits Sent	The dialing digits sent by this gateway to the remote gateway presuming that DTMF is set to "Out of Band."
Disconnect Reason	Indicates whether the call was disconnected simply because the desired conversation was done or some other irregular cause occasioned disconnection (e.g., a technical error or failure). Values are "Normal" and "Local" disconnection.		
Fr	om Details		To Details
Gateway Number	Originating gateway	Gatew N.	Completing or answering gateway
IP Addr	IP address where call originated.	IP Addr	IP address where call was completed or answered.
Descript	Identifier of site where call originated.	Descript	Identifier of site where call was completed or answered.
Options	When selected, log will not Silence Compression and Forward Error Correction by call originator.	Options	When selected, log will not use Silence Compression and Forward Error Correction by party answering call.



15. **Set Log Reporting Method**. The **Logs** screen lets you choose how the VoIP administrator will receive log reports about the MultiVOIP's performance and the phone call traffic that is passing through it. Log reports can be received in one of three ways:

A. in the MultiVOIP program (GUI),

- B. via email (SMTP), or
- C. at the MultiVoipManager remote voip system management program (SNMP).



If you enable console messages, you can customize the types of messages to be included/excluded in log reports by clicking on the

"Filters" button and using the **Console Messages Filter Settings** screen (see subsequent page). If you use the logging function, select the logging option that applies to your VoIP system design. If you intend to use a SysLog Server program for logging, click in that Enable check box. The common SysLog logical port number is 514. If you intend to use the MultiVOIP web browser GUI for configuration and control of MultiVOIP units, be aware that the web browser GUI does not support logs directly. However, when the web browser GUI is used, log files can still be sent to the voip administrator via email (which requires activating the SMTP logging option in this screen).

r-Logs	
Console message Settings	
Enable Console Messages	0 <u>K</u>
Filters	<u>C</u> ancel
Logs	
Turn Off Logs	<u>H</u> elp
© <u>G</u> UI ⊂ S <u>M</u> TP	
SysLog Server	
Engble	
Server IP address; 0.0.0.0	
Port Number : 514	
Online Statistics Updation Interval 10 Sec	

"Logs" Screen Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Enable Console Messages	Y/N	Allows MultiVOIP debugging messages to be read via a basic terminal program like HyperTerminal [™] or equivalent. Normally, this should be disabled because it uses MultiVOIP processing resources. Console messages are meant for tech support personnel.	
Filters (button)		Click to access secondary screen on where console messages can be included/excluded by category and on a per-channel basis. (See the Console Messages Filter Settings screen on subsequent page.)	
Turn Off Logs	Y/N	Check to disable log-reporting function.	
Logs Buttons		Only one of these two log reporting methods, GUI, or SMTP, may be chosen.	
GUI	Y/N	User must view logs at the MultiVOIP configuration program.	
SNMP	Y/N	Log messages will be delivered to the MultiVoipManager application program.	
SMTP	Y/N	Log messages will be sent to user-specified email address.	
SysLog Server Enable	Y/N	This box must be checked if logging is to be done in conjunction with a SysLog Server program. For more on SysLog Server, see <i>Operation & Maintenance</i> chapter.	
IP Address	n.n.n.n for n= 0-255	IP address of computer, connected to voip network, on which SysLog Server program is running.	
Port	514	Logical port for SysLog Server. 514 is commonly used.	
Online Statistics Updation Interval	integer	Set the interval (in seconds) at which logging information will be updated.	

To custo	omize con	sole messag	es by cate	gory and/	∕or by chan	nel, click on
"Filters"	' and use	the Console	Message	s Filters S	ettings scr	een.

Filters	ionsole Messages		<u>OK</u> <u>C</u> ancel	*******************************	
	Insole Messages Filter Settings Trace Off for Functions Internate Routing Avaya CAS Common Printfs DIFFSERV DSP FTP H.323 H450 HUNTING IGK LOGS IGS IGS IGS IGS IGS IGS IGS IGS IGS I	TI FL PF PS RF RT SI SN SS ST TI	STN FC2833 P MTP NMP		O <u>K</u>
	Trace Off for Channels Channel 1 Channel 2 Channel 3 Channel 4 Channel 5 Channel 7 Channel 7 Channel 10	Cł Ch	ace On for Channels hannels Jannel 6 Jannel 8		

Accessing "Supplementary Services" Parameters			
Pulldown	lcon		
MultiVoIP-MultiV0IP-S5 v3.08.0H (Firmw Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+I Voice Channels Ctrl+H Interface Ctrl+Alt+I Regional Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S Suptem Information Ctrl+Alt+S Supplementary Services Ctrl+Alt+I Supplementary Services Ctrl+Alt+I System Information Ctrl+Alt+Sft+P RADIUS Ctrl+Alt+Sft+P RADIUS Ctrl+Alt+Sft+V			
Shortcut	Sidebar		
Ctrl + Alt +H	 Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling Regional SMTP RADIUS Logs/Traces 		
	MAT Traversal Supplementary Services System Information		

16. **Set Supplementary Services Parameters.** This dialog box can be reached by pulldown menu, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

Supplementary Services features derive from the H.450 standard, which brings to voip telephony functionality once only available with PSTN or PBX telephony. Supplementary Services features can also be used under SIP, but they are implemented differently in SIP than in H.323. Even though the H.450 standard refers only to H.323, Supplementary Services are still applicable to the SIP and SPP voip protocols, in which cases these features are implemented differently.

Select Channel Channel 1	
Call Transfer	Call Name Identification
🗹 <u>E</u> nable	🗹 Ena <u>b</u> le
Transfer Sequence : #*1	Allowed Name Type Calling Party Busy Party
Call Hold	Alerting Party 🔽 Connected Party
🔽 Enable	
Hold Sequence : #*2	Caller <u>I</u> d :
Call Waiting	
🗹 Enable	<u>D</u> K <u>D</u> efault

In each field, enter the values that fit your particular network.

Of the features implemented under Supplementary Services, three are very closely related: Call Transfer, Call Hold, and Call Waiting. Call Name Identification is similar but not identical to the premium PSTN feature commonly known as **Caller ID**.

Call Transfer. Call Transfer allows one party to re-connect the party with whom they have been speaking to a third party. The first party is disconnected when the third party becomes connected. Feature is invoked by a programmable phone keypad sequence (for example, #7).

Call Hold. Call Hold allows one party to maintain an idle (nontalking) connection with another party while receiving another call (Call Waiting), while initiating another call (Call Transfer), or while performing some other call management function. Invoked by keypad sequence.

Call Waiting. Call Waiting notifies an engaged caller of an incoming call and allows them to receive a call from a third party while the party with whom they have been speaking is put on hold. Invoked by keypad sequence.

Call Name Identification. When enabled for a given voip unit (the 'home' voip), this feature gives notice to remote voips involved in calls. Notification goes to the remote voip administrator, not to individual phone stations. When the home voip is the caller, a plain English descriptor will be sent to the remote (callee) voip identifying

the channel over which the call is being originated (for example, "Calling Party - Omaha Sales Office Line 2"). If that voip channel is dedicated to a certain individual, the descriptor could say that, as well (for example "Calling Party - Harold Smith in Omaha"). When the home voip receives a call from any remote voip, the home voip sends a status message back to that caller. This message confirms that the home voip's phone channel is either busy or ringing or that a connection has been made (for example, "Busy Party - Omaha Sales Office Line 2"). These messages appear in the **Statistics – Call Progress** screen of the remote voip.

Note that Supplementary Services parameters are applied on a channelby-channel basis. However, once you have established a set of supplementary parameters for a particular channel, you can apply this entire set of parameters to another channel by using the **Copy Channel** button and its dialog box. To copy a set of Supplementary Services parameters to all channels, select "Copy to All" and click **Copy**.

<u>D</u> K Default	
Cancel Copy Channel	
Copy Channel Copy Channel 1 Supplementary Services to : Copy Copy to <u>All</u> Channels T 2 3 4 MVP 410 SS	
Channels 1 1 2 1 3 1 4 MVP 5 1 6 1 7 1 8 810 SS	

Supplementary Services Parameter Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Select Channel	1-4 (410SS) 1-8 (810SS)	The channel to be configured is selected here.	
Call Transfer Enable	Y/N	Select to enable the Call Transfer function in the voip unit. This is a "blind" transfer and the	
		sequence of events is as follows: Callers A and B are having a conversation. Caller A wants to put B into contact with C. Caller A dials call transfer sequence. Caller A hears dial tone and dials number for caller C. Caller A gets disconnected while Caller B gets connected to caller C.	
		A brief musical jingle is played for the caller on hold.	
Transfer Sequence	any phone keypad character	The numbers and/or symbols that the caller must press on the phone keypad to initiate a call transfer. The call-transfer sequence can be 1 to 4 characters in length using any combination of digits or characters (* or #). The sequences for call transfer, call hold, and call waiting can be from 1 to 4 digits in length consisting of any combination of digits 1234567890*#.	

The **Supplementary Services** fields are described in the tables below.

Supplementary Services Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Call Hold Enable	Y/N	Select to enable Call Hold function in voip unit. Call Hold allows one party to maintain an idle (non-talking) connection with another party while receiving another call (Call Waiting), while initiating another call (Call Transfer), or while performing some other call management function.	
Hold Sequence	phone keypad characters	The numbers and/or symbols that the caller must press on the phone keypad to initiate a call hold. The call-hold sequence can be 1 to 4 characters in length using any combination of digits or characters (* or #).	
Call Waiting Enable	Y/N	Select to enable Call Waiting function in voip unit.	
Retrieve Sequence	phone keypad characters, two characters in length	The numbers and/or symbols that the caller must press on the phone keypad to initiate retrieval of a waiting call. The call-waiting retrieval sequence can be 1 to 4 characters in length using any combination of digits or characters (* or #). This is the phone keypad sequence that a user must press to retrieve a waiting call. Customize-able. Sequence should be distinct from sequence that might be used to retrieve a waiting call via the PBX or PSTN.	

Supplementary Services Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Call Name Identification Enable		Enables CNI function. Call Name Identification is not the same as Caller ID. When enabled on a given voip unit currently being controlled by the MultiVOIP GUI (the 'home voip'), Call Name Identification sends an identifier and status information to the administrator of the remote voip involved in the call. The feature operates on a channel-by-channel basis (each channel can have a separate identifier). If the home voip is originating the call, only the Calling Party field is applicable. If the home voip is receiving the call, then the Alerting Party , Busy Party , and Connected Party fields are the only applicable fields (and any or all of these could be enabled for a given voip channel). The status information confirms back to the originator that the callee (the home voip) is either busy, or ringing, or that the intended call has been completed and is currently connected. The identifier and status information are made available to the remote voip unit and appear in the Caller ID field of its Statistics – Call Progress screen. (This is how MultiVOIP units handle CNI messages; in other voip brands, H.450 may be implemented differently and then the message presentation may vary.)	

Supp	lementary	Services Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Field Name Calling Party, Allowed Name Type (CNI)	Values	If the 'home' voip unit is originating the call and Calling Party is selected, then the identifier (from the Caller Id field) will be sent to the remote voip unit being called. The Caller Id field gives the remote voip administrator a plain-language identifier of the party that is originating the call occurring on a specific channel. This field is applicable only when the 'home' voip unit is originating the call. Example . Suppose a voip system has offices in both Denver and Omaha. In the Omaha voip unit (the 'home' voip in this example), Call Name Identification has been enabled, Calling Party has been enabled as an Allowed Name Type , and "Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" has been entered in the Caller Id field. When channel 2 of the Omaha voip is used to make a call to any other voip phone station (for example, the Denver office), the message
		"Calling Party - Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" will appear in the "Caller Id" field of the Statistics - Call Progress screen of the Depuer usin
		of the Denver voip.



Supp	olementary	Services Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Alerting Party, Allowed Name Type (CNI)		If the 'home' voip unit is receiving the call and Alerting Party is selected, then the identifier (from the Caller Id field) will tell the originating remote voip unit that the call is ringing.
		This field is applicable only when the 'home' voip unit is receiving the call.
		Example . Suppose a voip system has offices in both Denver and Omaha. In the Omaha voip unit (the 'home' voip unit in this example), Call Name Identification has been enabled, Alerting Party has been enabled as an Allowed Name Type , and "Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" has been entered in the Caller Id field of the Supplementary Services screen.
		When channel 2 of the Omaha voip receives a call from any other voip phone station (for example, the Denver office), the message "Alerting Party - Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" will be sent back and will appear in the Caller Id field of the Statistics – Call Progress screen of the Denver voip. This confirms to the Denver voip that the phone is ringing in Omaha.

Supp	lementary	Services Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Busy Party, Allowed Name Type (CNI)		If the 'home' voip unit is receiving a call directed toward an already engaged channel or phone station and Busy Party is selected, then the identifier (from the Caller Id field) will tell the originating remote voip unit that the channel or called party is busy.
		This field is applicable only when the 'home' voip unit is receiving the call.
		Example . Suppose a voip system has offices in both Denver and Omaha. In the Omaha voip unit (the 'home' voip unit in this example), Call Name Identification has been enabled, Busy Party has been enabled as an Allowed Name Type , and "Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" has been entered in the Caller Id field of the Supplementary Services screen.
		When channel 2 of the Omaha voip is busy but still receives a call attempt from any other voip phone station (for example, the Denver office), the message "Busy Party - Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" will be sent back and will appear in the Caller Id field of the Statistics – Call Progress screen of the Denver voip. This confirms to the Denver voip that the channel or phone station is busy in Omaha.

Supp	olementary	Services Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Connected Party, Allowed Name Type (CNI)		If the 'home' voip unit is receiving a call and Connected Party is selected, then the identifier (from the Caller Id field) will tell the originating remote voip unit that the attempted call has been completed and the connection is made.
		This field is applicable only when the 'home' voip unit is receiving the call.
		Example . Suppose a voip system has offices in both Denver and Omaha. In the Omaha voip unit (the 'home' voip unit in this example), Call Name Identification has been enabled, Connected Party has been enabled as an Allowed Name Type , and "Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" has been entered in the Caller Id field of the Supplementary Services screen.
		When channel 2 of the Omaha voip completes an attempted call from any other voip phone station (for example, the Denver office), the message "Connect Party - Omaha Sales Office Voipchannel 2" will be sent back and will appear in the Caller Id field of the Statistics - Call Progress screen of the Denver voip. This confirms to the Denver voip that the call has been completed to Omaha.

Supplementary Services Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Caller ID		This is the identifier of a specific channel of the 'home' voip unit. The Caller Id field typically describes a person, office, or location, for example, "Harry Smith," or "Bursar's Office," or "Barnesville Factory."	
Default		When this button is clicked, all Supplementary Service parameters are set to their default values.	
Copy Channel		Copies the Supplementary Service attributes of one channel to another channel. Attributes can be copied to multiple channels or all channels at once.	

17. **Set NAT Traversal** parameters. NAT (Network Address Translation) parameters are applicable only when the MultiVOIP is operating in SIP mode. The use of STUN (Simple Traversal of UDP NATs) servers to aid networks with NAT devices is described in RFC 3489.

NAT Traversal	
Server Name/IP : 0.0.0.0 Port : 3478 Timers Keep alive : 60 secs	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Accessing "NAT Traversal" Parameters				
Pulldown	lcon			
Image: Second				
Shortcut	Sidebar			
Ctrl + Alt + Sft + VH	 Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling Regional SMTP RADIUS Logs/Traces NAT Traversal Supplementary 			

Descriptions for NAT Traversal screen fields are presented in the table below.

NAT Traversal Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values Description		
Enable (STUN)	Y/N	Enables STUN client functionality in the MultiVOIP. STUN (Simple Traversal of UDP through NATs (Network Address Translation)) is a protocol that allows a server to assist client gateways behind a NAT firewall or router with their packet routing.	
Name/IP (Server)	n.n.n.n 0 - 255	IP address of the STUN server.	
Port (Server); NAT/STUN)	numeric; default= 3478	The data port (TDM time slot) at which STUN info will be transmitted and received.	
Keep Alive (Timers; NAT/STUN)	60 – 3600 (in seconds)	The interval at which the STUN client sends indicator ("Keep Alive") packets to the STUN server to determine whether or not the STUN server is available.	

18. **Set RADIUS parameters**. In general, RADIUS is concerned with authentication, authorization, and accounting. The MultiVOIP-SS supports the authentication functions. In the **Attributes** secondary screen (accessed by clicking on Select Attributes), the voip administrator can select the parameters to be tallied by the RADIUS server.

Accessing "RADIUS" Parameters			
Pulldown	lcon		
MultiVoIP-MultiV0IP-S5 v3.08.0H (Firmw. Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+I Voice Channels Ctrl+H Interface Ctrl+Alt+N Regional Parameters Ctrl+Alt+N Regional Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S SMTP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S Logs/Traces Ctrl+Alt+L Supplementary Services Ctrl+Alt+H System Information Ctrl+Alt+Y SIP CallSignaling Ctrl+Alt+Sft+P RADIUS Ctrl+Alt+U NAT Traversal Ctrl+Alt+Sft+V			
Shortcut	Sidebar		
Ctrl + Alt + U	Configuration Ethernet / IP Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signal Regional SMTP RADIUS Logs/Traces		

⊂ Radius			
Enable Authentication			
Server Address: Authentication Port :	192.168.2.10	OK Cancel	
_		Select Attributes	
Retransmission Interval : Number of Retransmissions :	2000 r	Help	
Shared Secret :			
	1		
	Radius Attributes Select All Attributes Dyration Packets Sent Packets Sent Packets Lost Outbound Digits Call Status From Details Gateway Name Packets Description Packets Description Packets Description	 ✓ Start Date, Time ✓ Call Mode ✓ Packets Received ✓ Bytes Received ✓ Codeg ✓ Prefix Matched To Details ✓ Gateway Name ✓ IP Address ✓ Description ✓ Options 	<u>С</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

The fields of the RADIUS screen are described in the table below.

RADIUS Screen Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Server Address	n.n.n.n 0 – 255	IP address of the RADIUS server that handles accounting for the current MultiVOIP unit.	
Accounting Port	numeric; 1 - 65535	TDM time slot at which RADIUS accounting information will be transmitted and received.	
Retrans-			
mission Interval		If the MultiVOIP sends out a packet to the RADIUS server and doesn't	
Number of Re-transmis- sions	0 - 255	receive a response in the retransmit interval, it will retransmit that packet again and wait the retransmit interval again for a response. How many times it does this is determined by the setting in the Number of Retransmissions field.	
Shared Secret	alpha- numeric	Client encryption key for the current voip unit.	
Select Attributes (button)		Gives access to RADIUS Attributes screen. On Attributes screen, one can specify the parameters to be tallied by the RADIUS server.	

The **RADIUS Parameters** dialog box has a secondary dialog box, **Custom Fields**, that allows you to customize accounting information sent to the RADIUS server by the MultiVOIP. The MultiVOIP software logs data about many aspects of the call traffic going through the MultiVOIP. The Custom Fields screen lets you pick which aspects will be included in the accounting reports sent to the RADIUS server.

	"Custom Fields" Definitions				
Field	Description	Field	Description		
Select All	Log report to include all fields shown.				
Channel	Data channel	Start	Date and time the		
Number	carrying call.	Date,	phone call began.		
		Time			
Duration	Length of call.	Call	Voice or fax.		
		Mode			
Packets	Total packets sent	Packets	Total packets		
Sent	in call.	Received	received in call.		

"Custom Fields" Definitions (cont'd)					
Field	Description	Field	Description		
Bytes	Total bytes sent in	Bytes	Total bytes received		
Sent	call.	Received	in call.		
Packets	Packets lost in	Coder	Voice Coder		
Lost	call.		/Compression Rate		
			used for call will be		
			listed in log.		
Outbound	The DTMF dialing	Prefix	When selected, the		
Digits	digits received by	Matched	phonebook prefix		
Sent	this gateway from		matched in		
	the remote		processing the call		
	gateway		will be listed in log.		
	presuming that				
	DTMF is set to				
	"Out of Band."				
Call	Successful or				
Status	unsuccessful.				
Server	The IP address (etc.) of the traffic control server (if any)				
Details	being used (whether an H.323 gatekeeper, a SIP proxy,				
	or an SPP registrar gateway) will be displayed here if				
	the call is handled through that server. The Options				
	field refers to non-mandatory server features that might				
	be activated. For example, with H.323, various H.323				
	Version 4 options might be listed (Multiplexing,				
	Tunneling, etc.).				

	"Custom Fields" Definitions (cont'd)				
Field	Description	Field	Description		
Fi	rom Details		To Details		
Gateway Number	Originating gateway	Gatew N.	Completing or answering gateway		
IP Addr	IP address where call originated.	IP Addr	IP address where call was completed or answered.		
Descript	Identifier of site where call originated.	Descript	Identifier of site where call was completed or answered.		
Options	When selected, log will not use Silence Compression and Forward Error Correction by call originator.	Options	When selected, log will not use Silence Compression and Forward Error Correction by party answering call.		

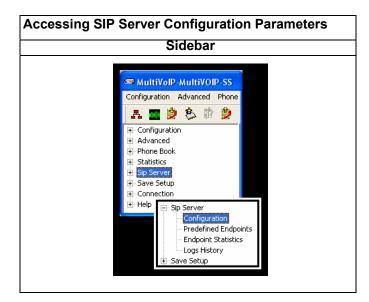
19. **Set Baud Rate**. The **Connection** option in the sidebar menu has a "Settings" item that includes the baud-rate setting for the COM port of the computer running the MultiVOIP software.

⊡ Connection	COM Port Setup	
Connect	Select Port COM1 💌	<u>0</u> K
- Disconnect (- Settings)	<u>B</u> aud Rate: 115200 ▼	
	Modem Setup19200 Init String 115200 \$\$\$B19200&D1	
	Init <u>R</u> esponse OK	
	Dial String	
	CONNECT	
	Hangup String +++ATH0	
	NOTE: If there is a Dial String specified in Modem Setup, Configur programs will try to initialize modem and dial this string.	ation

First, it is important to note that the default COM port established by the MultiVOIP program is COM1. *Do not accept the default value until you have checked the COM port allocation on your PC*. To do this, check for COM port assignments in the system resource dialog box(es) of your Windows operating system. If COM1 is not available, you must change the COM port setting to COM2 or some other COM port that you have confirmed as being available on your PC.

The default baud rate is 115,200 bps.

20. Set **SIP Server Configuration** parameters.



SIP Server Configuration		
Operating Mode:	C Survivability 💿 Standalone Server	
Surviva <u>b</u> ility Status Check	Register	
Registrar Options		OK
Allo <u>w</u> Undefined Registr	ations	<u> <u> </u></u>
Accept Registrations For:	• Any Domains C Specific Domains	Cancel
Do <u>m</u> ain Names:		
Accept Registrations For:	Any IP address C Specific IP address	
IP Addresses:		
<u>R</u> e-registration Time:	3600	
Note: Multiple Domain nam by separating with a semic	nes and IP addresses can be entered colon.	

SIP Se	rver Config	guration Parameter Definitions
Field Name	Values	Description
Operating Mode	surviv., stnd-alone	In "Survivability" mode, the MVP-SS unit can function as a SIP server for other gateways in its network in case that network loses contact with the network's main SIP server (typically a PBX). When in "Survivability" mode, the MVP-SS unit is, essentially, a backup SIP server. In "Stand-Alone" mode, the MVP-SS functions as a primary SIP server for other gateways. In stand-alone mode, the MVP-SS operate to technical advantage with 'smart' SIP phones. Such smart SIP phones can choose the SIP server under which they operate and, consequently, can be controlled by either the SIP-based PBX or by the MVP-SS.
Survivability Status Check	Register, Options	One of two status-check packets is sent to the main SIP Proxy servers to which the MVP-SS serves as a backup. Regardless of the packet type used, this packet determines whether the MVP-SS needs to take over SIP server functions or stay in its normal backup mode. "Options" and "Register" are two distinct SIP request "methods." The Options method solicits information but does not set up a connection. The Register method conveys information about a user's location to the SIP server. The "Register" method may entail more data overhead than the "Options" method. If both of these methods are supported by your SIP server, it is OK to use either one. If only one is supported, use the supported method.

SIP Se	erver Config	guration Parameter Definitions
Field Name	Values	Description
Registrar C	Options	
Allow Undefined Registrations	Y/N	If undefined registrations are allowed (value= Y), then gateways other than those listed in the PreDefined Endpoints list can register with the MVP-SS voip unit as it functions in its SIP server mode. If undefined registrations are allowed, then incoming registrations will be allowed if they originate from endpoints at accepted domains or accepted IP addresses (specified below in this software screen).
Accept Registrations for:	any domains; specific domains	Determines whether registrations to the MVP-SS SIP server will be accepted from any domain or only from specified domains. Multiple domains can be listed, separated by semicolons. The "any domains" option is intended for private networks not accessible via Internet or PSTN.
Domain Names	this.com; that.org etc.	List (entries separated by semicolon) of domains of endpoints from which the MVP-SS will accept registrations.
Accept Registrations for:	any IP addresses; specific IP addresses	Determines whether registrations to the MVP-SS SIP server will be accepted from any IP address or only from specified IP addresses. Multiple IP addresses can be listed, separated by semicolons. The "any IP addresses" option is intended for private networks not accessible via Internet or PSTN.
IP Addresses	a.b.c.d; q.r.s.t; for values 0-255	List (entries separated by semicolon) of IP addresses of endpoints from which the MVP-SS will accept registrations.

SIP Se	erver Config	guration Parameter Definitions
Field Name	Values	Description
Registrar (Options	
Re- Registration Time	integer values; in seconds; default is 3600	The time after which the MultiVOIP UserAgent Client is supposed to register with the proxy server. Expiration of the registration interval means that the gateway has lost contact with the main SIP server and that the MVP-SS unit will enter its 'survivability' mode. In survivability mode, the MVP-SS unit will complete calls acting as a backup to the main SIP server. Normally, however, the MVP-SS will initiate re- registration with some small margin of time before the interval lapses.

21. Set **SIP Server** | **PreDefined Endpoint** parameters. In this screen you will specify the voip gateways that will depend on the MVP-SS unit either as their primary SIP server (if the MVP-SS is used in "Stand-Alone" mode, as set in the **SIP Server** | **Configuration** screen) or as their backup SIP server (if the MVP-SS is used in "Survivability" mode, as set in the **SIP Server** |**Configuration** screen).

Accessing "Predefined Er	ndpoints" Parameters
Pulldown	lcon
Sip Server Configuration Ctrl+Alt+8 Predefined Endpoints Ctrl+Alt+9 Endpoint Statistics Ctrl+Alt+1 Logs History Ctrl+Alt+0	
Shortcut	Sidebar
Ctrl + Alt + 9	Sip Server Configuration Predefined Endpoints Endpoint Statistics Logs History

The main screen for **Predefined Endpoints** is a list. If you click on function buttons to **Add** or **Edit** entries in this list of endpoints, a secondary screen will appear and allow you to add new endpoints or edit existing endpoint entries. When your work with the list is complete, click **Save**.

Endp	oint Name Typ)e	Re-registration Interval	Add	
	iouse1 Sta		3600		
motor			3600	Delete	
guard	shack3 Sta 54 Sta		3600	Delete	
			0000		
				Edit	
				0	
				Save	
4					
				2	
	and the second second second			and the second	
r					
				i	
l l	•••••				
↓			.		
•					
lefined Endpoint					
lefined Endpoint				V	
efined Endpoint		<u>D</u> K	Edit Predefined Endpoint	•	1
efined Endpoint		<u>QK</u>		warehouse1	
efined Endpoint			Edt Predefined Endpoint	warehouse1	
afined Endpoint It Name: It not Ition Type: C Static C D		<u>QK</u>	Edit Predefined Endpoint	warehouse1	
offined Endpoint I Name: ct tion Type: C Static ©		<u>QK</u>	Edit Predefined Endpoint		
efined Endpoint tt Name:		<u>QK</u>	Edt Predefined Endpoint	warehouse1	
sfined Endpoint I Name: d fined Type: C Static		<u>QK</u>	Edit Predefined Endpoint		
efined Endpoint It Name: Inton Type: C Static © Information		<u>QK</u>	Edit Predefined Endpoint Endpoint Name: Bassword: Registration Type:		1
Infined Endpoint Name: d Information Infor		<u>QK</u>	Edit Predefined Endpoint Endpoint Name: Password: Registration Type: Contact Information Address:	© Static © <u>D</u> ynamic 23.45.88.1	
efined Endpoint It Name: Inton Type: C Static C D Information		<u>QK</u>	Edit Predefined Endpoint Endpoint Name: Password: Registration Type: Contact Information	© Static <u>© D</u> ynamic	2

SIP Server	SIP Server Predefined Endpoints Parameter Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description		
Endpoint Name	alpha- numeric	Identifier for gateway within SIP voip system. Max. length is 33 characters.		
Password	alpha- numeric	This password is for authentication of gateway to SIP server.		
Registration Type	Static, Dynamic	Static registrations are fixed and the contact information for them is configured by the user and not subject to removal from the registration list due to timeouts. Dynamic registrations are registered from an external endpoint with the contact information. Dynamic entries must re-register before the re- registration interval expires else they will be removed from the list. Endpoints removed from this list can		

		neither make nor receive calls.
Re-Registration Interval	integer values; in seconds; default is 3600	The time after which the MultiVOIP UserAgent Client is supposed to register with the proxy server. Expiration of the registration interval means that the gateway has lost contact with the main SIP server and that the MVP-SS unit will enter its 'survivability' mode. In survivability mode, the MVP-SS unit will complete calls acting as a backup to the main SIP server. Normally, however, the MVP-SS will initiate re- registration with some small margin of time before the interval lapses.
Contact Info	ormation	
Address	a.b.c.d for values 0-255	The IP address at which this endpoint can be reached.
Port	0 - 64000	Digital time slot on which SIP calls will be made. Default is 5060
Re- Registration Time		See "Re-Registration Interval" entry above.

22. View **System Information** screen and set updating interval (optional).

This dialog box can be reached by pulldown menu, keyboard shortcut, or sidebar.

Pulldown	lcon
Ser MultiVoIP-MultiVOIP-S5 v3.08.0H (Firmw Configuration Ethernet / IP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+I Voice Channels Ctrl+H Interface Ctrl+Alt+N Regional Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S MTP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S MTP Parameters Ctrl+Alt+S Logs/Traces Ctrl+Alt+L Supplementary Services Ctrl+Alt+H System Information Ctrl+Alt+Y SIP CallSignaling Ctrl+Alt+Sft+P RADIUS Ctrl+Alt+U NAT Traversal Ctrl+Alt+Sft+V	
Shortcut	Sidebar
Ctrl + Alt +Y	⊡ · Configuration ··· Ethernet / IP ··· Voice/Fax ··· Interface ··· SIP Call Signaling ··· Regional ··· SMTP ··· RADIUS ··· Ψ\\gs/Traces

This screen presents vital system information at a glance. Its primary use is in troubleshooting.

System Information
Version Information
Boot Version : 2.03b
Firmware Version : 3.08.0H
Configuration Version : 3.08.09.03
Phone Book Version : 4.04
IFM Version : 96
MAC Address : 000800510356
Uptime : 00:04:10:03
Hardware ID : MVP410-32M-RevB+[F918]
<u>Exit</u>

System Information Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Boot Version	nn.nn	Indicates the version of the code that is used at the startup (booting) of the voip. The boot code version is independent of the software version.
Firmware Version	alpha- numeric	Indicates version of MultiVOIP firmware.

System Information Parameter Definitions (cont'd)						
Field Name	Values	es Description				
Configur- ation Version	nn.nn.nn. nn alpha- numeric	Indicates version of MultiVOIP Configuration software (which includes screens for IP Parameters, SMTP Parameters, Regional Parameters, etc.).				
Phone Book Version	numeric	Indicates the version of the inbound and outbound phonebook portion of the MultiVOIP software.				
IFM Version	numeric	Indicates the version of the firmware running on the MultiVOIP's Interface Module, which is its analog telephony hardware.				
Mac Address	alpha- numeric	Denotes the number assigned as the voip unit's unique Ethernet address.				
Up Time	days: hours: mm:ss	Indicates how long the voip has been running since its last booting.				
Hardware ID	alpha- numeric	Indicates the version of the MultiVOIP unit's circuit board and components.				

The frequency with which the System Information screen is updated is determined by a setting in the Logs screen

Logs	
Enable Console Messages	OK
Logs	
Turn Off Logs	<u>C</u> ancel
© <u>G</u> UI ⊂ S <u>M</u> TP	Help
SysLog Server	
	_
IP Address :	
Port: 514	
Online Statistics Updation Interval 5 Sec	
······································	

23. **Saving the MultiVOIP Configuration**. When values have been set for all of the MultiVOIP's various operating parameters, click on **Save Setup** in the sidebar.

⊕ Configuration
🗄 Phone Book
<u> </u>
庄 Save Setup
Connection
⊞ Help

24. **Creating a User Default Configuration**. When a "Setup" (complete grouping of parameters) is being saved, you will be prompted about designating that setup as a "User Default" setup. A User Default setup may be useful as a baseline of site-specific values to which you can easily revert. Establishing a User Default Setup is optional.

Save Current Setup as User Default Configuration				
MultiVOIP will be brought down				
<u>Q</u> K <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp				

Chapter 6: T1 Phonebook Configuration

(North American Telephony Standards)

T1 Versus E1 Telephony Environments

Phonebooks for Series II analog MultiVOIP units (MVP130, MVP130FXS, MVP210, MVP410, and MVP810) can be operated in either a North American telephony standards environment (potentially operating with T1 digital MultiVOIPs) or in a European telephony standards environment (potentially operating with E1 digital MultiVOIPs). The configuration of the phonebook is the same in either case. However, because the telephony environment is different in each case and the examples used here must reflect those differences, we have separate chapters for phonebook configuration in North American (T1) environments (Chapter 6; this chapter) and for that in European (E1) environments (Chapter 7). Consult the chapter that best fits the needs of your voip system.

Configuring T1 (NAM) Telephony MultiVOIP Phonebooks

When a VoIP serves a PBX system, it's important that the operation of the VoIP be transparent to the telephone end user. That is, the VoIP should not entail the dialing of extra digits to reach users elsewhere on the network that the VoIP serves. On the contrary, VOIP service more commonly reduces dialed digits by allowing users (served by PBXs in facilities in distant cities) to dial their co-workers with 3-, 4-, or 5-digit extensions as if they were in the same facility.

Furthermore, the setup of the VoIP generally should allow users to make calls on a non-toll basis to any numbers accessible without toll by users at all other locations on the VoIP system. Consider, for example, a company with VOIP-equipped offices in New York, Miami, and Los Angeles, each served by its own PBX. When the VOIP phone books are set correctly, personnel in the Miami office should be able to make calls without toll not only to the company's offices in New York and Los Angeles, but also to any number that's local in those two cities.

To achieve transparency of the VoIP telephony system and to give full access to all types of non-toll calls made possible by the VOIP system, the VoIP administrator must properly configure the "Outbound" and "Inbound" phone-books of each VoIP in the system.

The "Outbound" phonebook for a particular VoIP unit describes the dialing sequences required for a call to originate locally (typically in a PBX in a particular facility) and reach any of its possible destinations at

remote VoIP sites, including non-toll calls completed in the PSTN at the remote site.

The "Inbound" phonebook for a particular VoIP unit describes the dialing sequences required for a call to originate remotely from any other VOIP sites in the system, and to terminate on that particular VOIP.

Briefly stated, the MultiVOIP's Outbound phonebook lists the phone stations it can call; its Inbound phonebook describes the dialing sequences that can be used to call that MultiVOIP and how those calls will be directed. (Of course, the phone numbers are not literally "listed" individually, but are, instead, described by rule.)

Consider two types of calls in the three-city system described above: (1) calls originating from the Miami office and terminating in the New York (Manhattan) office, and (2) calls originating from the Miami office and terminating in New York City but off the company's premises in an adjacent area code, an area code different than the company's office but still a local call from that office (e.g., Staten Island).

The first type of call requires an entry in the Outbound PhoneBook of the Miami VOIP and a coordinated entry in the Inbound phonebook of the New York VOIP. These entries would allow the Miami caller to dial the New York office as if its phones were extensions on the Miami PBX.

The second type of call similarly requires an entry in the Outbound PhoneBook of the Miami VOIP and a coordinated entry in the Inbound Phonebook of the New York VOIP. However, these entries will be longer and more complicated. Any Miami call to New York City local numbers will be sent through the VOIP system rather than through the regular toll public phone system (PSTN). But the phonebook entries can be arranged so that the VOIP system is transparent to the Miami user, such that even though that Miami user dials the New York City local number just as they would through the public phone system, that call will still be completed through the VOIP system.

This PhoneBook Configuration procedure is brief, but it is followed by an example case. For many people, the example case may be easier to grasp than the procedure steps. Configuration is not difficult, but all phone number sequences and other information must be entered exactly; otherwise connections will not be made.

Phonebook Icons	Description
Phone Book Icons	Phonebook Configuration
Phone Book Icons	Inbound Phonebook Entries List
Phone Book Icons	Add Inbound Phonebook Entry
Phone Book Icons	Edit selected Inbound Phonebook Entry
Phone Book Icons	Outbound Phonebook Entries List
Phone Book Icons	Add Outbound Phonebook Entry
Phone Book Icons	Edit selected Outbound Phonebook Entry

Phonebook configuration screens can be accessed using icons or the sidebar menu.

Phonebook Pulldown Menu	
Phone Book Outbound Phone Book Alt+O Inbound Phone Book Alt+I	
Inbound Phonebook Shortcut	Outbound Phonebook Shortcut
Alt + I	Alt + O
Phonebook Sidebar Menu	
 Configuration Advanced Phone Book Outbound List E Edit E Thoound I List E Edit E Statistics 	d Phone Book ntries Entry Entry Phone Book ntries Entry

1. Select **Outbound Phone Book/List Entries**. Fields in the "Details" section describe various SIP parameters.

Destination Pattern Any Number	IP Address 243.4.14.72	Protocol SIP	Description voip-remote1	Alterna
Any Nambor	270.7.17.12			
Intries: 1				
- Details Remove Prefix : Add Prefix : SIP Port :				<u>A</u> dd
Transport Protocol : SIP URL : Round Trip Delay :				<u>D</u> elete <u>C</u> lose
				<u>H</u> elp

Click Add.

2. The Add/Edit Outbound PhoneBook screen appears.

Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book	
Phone Number Details	
Destination Pattern : 365 Total Digits : 0 Bemove Prefix :	O <u>K</u> Cancel Help Ad <u>v</u> anced
Description :	
SIP Transport Protocol © ICP © UDP SIP Port Number: 5060 SIP URL:	

Enter Outbound PhoneBook data for your MultiVOIP unit. Note that the Advanced button gives access to the Alternate IP Routing feature, if needed. Alternate IP Routing can be implemented in a secondary screen (as described after the primary screen field definitions below).

Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book: Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Accept Any Number	Y/N	When checked, "Any Number" appears as the value in the Destination Pattern field.	
		The Any Number feature works differently depending on whether or not an external SIP Proxy routing device is used.	
		When no external routing device is used. If Any Number is selected, calls to phone numbers not matching a listed Destination Pattern will be directed to the IP Address in the Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book screen. "Any Number" can be used in addition to one or more Destination Patterns.	
		When external routing device is used. If Any Number is selected, calls to phone numbers not matching a listed Destination Pattern will be directed to the external SIP proxy routing device. The IP Address of the external routing device must be set in the Phone Book Configuration screen.	

The fields of the **Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book** screen are described in the table below.

Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book: Field Definitions				
(cont'd)				
Field Name	Values	Description		
Destination Pattern	prefixes, area codes, exchanges, line numbers, extensions	Defines the beginning of dialing sequences for calls that will be connected to another VOIP in the system. Numbers beginning with these sequences are diverted from the PTSN and carried on Internet or other IP network.		
Total Digits	as needed	<i>This field currently disabled.</i> Number of digits the phone user must dial to reach specified destination.		
Remove Prefix	dialed digits	Portion of dialed number to be removed before completing call to destination.		
Add Prefix	dialed digits	Digits to be added before completing call to destination.		
IP Address	n.n.n.n for n = 0-255	The IP address to which the call will be directed if it begins with the destination pattern given.		
Description	alpha- numeric	Describes the facility or geographical location at which the call will be completed.		
Protocol Type	SIP or H.323 or SPP	Indicates protocol to be used in outbound transmission. For the MVP-SS units, only SIP is used.		

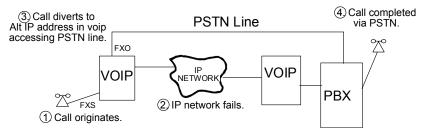
Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book: Field Definitions (cont'd)				
Field Name	Values	Description		
SIP Fields				
Use Proxy	Y/N	Select if proxy server is used.		
Transport Protocol	TCP or UDP	Voip administrator must choose between UDP and TCP transmission protocols. UDP is a high-speed, low-overhead connectionless protocol where data is transmitted without acknowledgment, guaranteed delivery, or guaranteed packet sequence integrity. TCP is slower connection-oriented protocol with greater overhead, but having acknowledgment and guarantees delivery and packet sequence integrity.		
SIP Port Number	5060 or other *See RFC 3087 ("Control of Service Context using SIP Request- URI," by the Network Working Group).	The SIP Port Number is a UDP logical port number. The voip will "listen" for SIP messages at this logical port. If SIP is used, 5060 is the default, standard, or "well known" port number to be used. If 5060 is not used, then the port number used is that specified in the SIP Request URI (Universal Resource Identifier).		
SIP URL	sip.userphone @ hostserver, where "userphone" is the telephone number and "hostserver" is the domain name or an address on the network	Looking similar to an email address, a SIP URL identifies a user's address. In SIP communications, each caller or callee is identified by a SIP url: sip:user_name@host_name. The format of a sip url is very similar to an email address, except that the "sip:" prefix is used.		

Clicking on the **Advanced** button brings up the **Alternate Routing** secondary screen. This feature provides an alternate path for calls if the primary IP network cannot carry the traffic. Often in cases of failure, call traffic is temporarily diverted into the PSTN. However, this feature could also be used to divert traffic to a redundant (backup) unit in case one voip unit fails. The user must specify the IP address of the alternate route for each destination pattern entry in the Outbound Phonebook.

Add/Edit Outbound Phone I	Book			
Phone Number Details				- or 1
Destination Pattern :				<u> </u>
<u>T</u> otal Digits : [0				<u>C</u> ancel
<u>R</u> emove Prefix :				<u>H</u> elp
Add Prefix :				<u></u>
IP Address :				Ad <u>v</u> anced
Description :				7
		- Analysian and a second second	• *	_/
		••••		/
Alternate Routing				
<u>A</u> lternate IP Address :	0.0.0.0	<u>0</u> K		
<u>R</u> ound Trip Delay : 30	D ms	<u>C</u> ancel		

Alternate Routing Field Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Alternate IP Address	n.n.n.n where n= 0-255	Alternate destination for outbound data traffic in case of excessive delay in data transmission.
Round Trip Delay	milliseconds	The Round Trip Delay is the criterion for judging when a data pathway is considered blocked. When the delay exceeds the threshold specified here, the data stream will be diverted to the alternate destination specified as the Alternate IP Address.

The Alternate Routing function facilitates PSTN Failover protection, that is, it allows you to re-route voip calls automatically over the PSTN if the voip system fails. The MultiVOIP can be programmed to respond to excessive delays in the transmission of voice packets, which the MultiVOIP interprets as a failure of the IP network. Upon detecting an excessive delay in transmission of voice packets (overly high "latency" in the network) the MultiVOIP diverts the call to another IP address, which itself is connected to the PSTN (for example, via an FXO port on the self-same MultiVOIP could be connected to the PSTN).



PSTN Failover Feature. The MultiVOIP can be programmed to divert calls to the PSTN temporarily in case the IP network fails.

3. Select Inbound PhoneBook | List Entries.

Remove Prefix	Add Prefix	Forward Address
181		Not Used
182		Not Used
183		Not Used
184 185		Not Used Not Used
2266		Not Used
234	6	Not Used
•		
Channel No : Description : Registration Option	\$	<u>Edit</u> Delete
_ SIP		<u>H</u> elp
	ster with SIP Proxy	

4	. The Add/Edit Inbound PhoneBook screen appears.
	Add/Edit Inbound Phone Book

Add/Edit Inbound Phone Book	
Ccept Any Number	
<u>R</u> emove Prefix :	0 <u>K</u>
Add Prefig :	Cancel
Cha <u>n</u> nel Number : Hunting	<u>H</u> elp
Description :	
Call Forward	
Image: Forward Condition Image: Forward Conditional Image: Image: Forward Conditional	Response
Eorward Destination :	
SIP call: Phone # or IP address or IP address:port or Phone #:IP address:port or SIP URL or Ph#:IP address	
Ring Count: 0	
Registration Options	
SIP Register with SIP Proxy Password	

Field Name	Values	Description	
Accept Any	Values: Y/N		
Number		When checked, "Any Number" value in the Remove Prefix	
	Phone Book de routing device	aber feature of the Inbound oes not work when an external is used (Gatekeeper for H323 y for SIP protocol, Registrar for	
	When no external routing device is used. If Any Number is selected, calls received from phone numbers not matching a listed Prefix (shown in the Remove Prefix column of the		
	Inbound Phone Book) will be admitted the voip on the channel listed in the Ch Number field. "Any Number" can be u addition to one or more Prefixes.		
Remove Prefix	dialed digits	portion of dialed number to be removed before completing call to destination (often a local PBX)	
Add Prefix	dialed digits	digits to be added before completing call to destination (often a local PBX)	
Channel Number	1-24, or "Hunting"	T1 channel number to which the call will be assigned as it enters the local telephony equipment (often a local PBX). "Hunting" directs the call to any available channel.	
Description		Describes the facility or geographical location at which the call originated.	
Call Forward	Parameters		
Enable	Y/N	Click the check-box to enable the call-forwarding feature.	

Enter Inbound PhoneBook data for your MultiVOIP. The fields of the Add/Edit Inbound PhoneBook screen are described in the table below. Add/Edit Inbound Phone Book: Field Definitions

Add/Edit Inbound Phone Book: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Call Forward Parameters			
Forward Condition	Uncondit.; Busy No Resp.	 Unconditional. When selected, all calls received will be forwarded. Busy. When selected, calls will be forwarded when station is busy. No Response. When selected, calls will be forwarded if called party does not answer after a specified number of rings, as specified in Ring Count field. Forwarding can be conditioned on both "Busy" and "No Response." 	
Forward Destination	Phone number or IP address to which calls will be directed.		
IP address, phone number, port number, etc.	 will be directed. For SIP calls, the Forward Destination can be one of the following: (a) phone number, (b) IP address, (c) IP address: port number, (d) phone number:IP addr: port number, (e) SIP URL, or (f) phone #: IP address. 		

Add/Edit Inbound Phone Book: Field Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values and Description	
Ring Count	0, 1, 2, 3, etc. When "No Response" is condition for forwarding calls, this determines how many unanswered rings are needed to trigger the forwarding.	
Registration Option Parameters	In a SIP voip system, gateways can register with the SIP Proxy.	

5. When your Outbound and Inbound PhoneBook entries are completed, click on **Save Setup** in the sidebar menu to save your configuration.

You can change your configuration at any time as needed for your system.

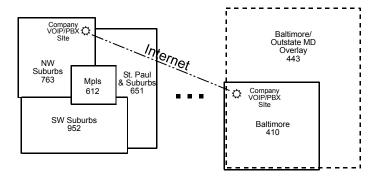
Remember that the initial MultiVOIP setup must be done locally or via the built-in Remote Configuration/Command Modem using the MultiVOIP program. After the initial configuration is complete, all of the MultiVOIP units in the VOIP system can be configured, reconfigured, and updated from one location using the MultiVOIP web GUI software program or the MultiVOIP program (in conjunction with the built-in modem).

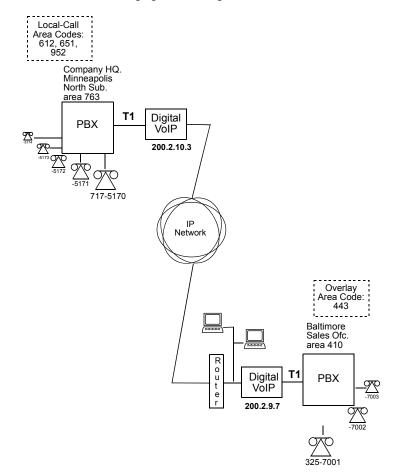
T1 Phonebook Examples

The following example demonstrates how Outbound and Inbound PhoneBook entries work in a situation of multiple area codes. Consider a company with offices in Minneapolis and Baltimore. The system depicted is H.323. However, the phonebook entries presented are still applicable for SIP systems.

3 Sites, All-T1 Example

Notice first the area code situation in those two cities: Minneapolis's local calling area consists of multiple adjacent area codes; Baltimore's local calling area consists of a base area code plus an overlay area code.





An outline of the equipment setup in both offices is shown below.

The screen below shows Outbound PhoneBook entries for the VOIP located in the company's Baltimore facility.

	ok —	l m i i i	1	
Dest Pattern		IP Address	Description	
1612		200.002.010.003	Minneapolis	
1651		200.002.010.003	St Paul	
1763 1952		200.002.010.003 200.002.010.003	Minneapolis, N Suburbs Minneapolis, S Suburbs	
1992		200.002.010.003	Minneapolis, 5 Suburbs	
Number of Entries :	4			
Number of Entries : Details	4			Add
Details	4			Add
Details H.323 ID :	4			Add
Details	4			
Details H.323 ID :	4			Edit
Details H.323 ID: Remove Prefix: Add Prefix:				
Details H.323 ID: Remove Prefix: Add Prefix:	4			Edit

The entries in the Minneapolis VOIP's Inbound PhoneBook match the Outbound PhoneBook entries of the Baltimore VOIP, as shown below.

Rem Prefix	Add Prefix	
1612	9,612	
1651 1763	9,651 9,	
17637175	5	
1952	9,952	
Number of Entries : 5		
Details		
Channel No : 0		
	Minneapolis (citu)	
Description : localcalls to	minineapoils (city)	

To call the Minneapolis/St. Paul area, a Baltimore employee must dial eleven digits. (In this case, we are assuming that the Baltimore PBX does not require an "8" or "9" to seize an outside phone line.)

If a Baltimore employee dials any phone number in the 612 area code, the call will automatically be handled by the company's voip system. Upon receiving such a call, the Minneapolis voip will remove the digits "1612". But before the suburban-Minneapolis voip can complete the call to the PSTN of the Minneapolis local calling area, it must dial "9" (to get an outside line from the PBX) and then a comma (which denotes a pause to get a PSTN dial tone) and then the 10-digit phone number which includes the area code (612 for the city of Minneapolis; which is different than the area code of the suburb where the PBX is actually located -- 763).

A similar sequence of events occurs when the Baltimore employee calls number in the 651 and 952 area codes because number in both of these area codes are local calls in the Minneapolis/St. Paul area.

The simplest case is a cal from Baltimore to a phone within the Minneapolis/St. Paul area code where the company's voip and PBX are located, namely 763. In that case, that local voip removes 1763 and dials 9 to direct the call to its local 7-digit PSTN.

Finally, consider the longest entry in the Minneapolis Inbound Phonebook, "17637175. Note that the main phone number of the Minneapolis PBX is 763-717-5170. The destination pattern 17637175 means that all calls to Minneapolis employees will stay within the suburban Minneapolis PBX and will not reach or be carried on the local PSTN. Similarly, the Inbound PhoneBook for the Baltimore VOIP (shown first below) generally matches the Outbound PhoneBook of the Minneapolis VOIP (shown second below).

Rem Prefix		Add Prefi	×	
1410 14109257		9, 7		
1443		9,443		
	•			
Number of Entries :	3			
Details				
Channel No :	0			
Description :	Baltimore metro			
		Delete		

Notice the extended prefix to be removed: 14103257. This entry allows Minneapolis users to contact Baltimore co-workers as though they were in the Minneapolis facility, using numbers in the range 7000 to 7999.

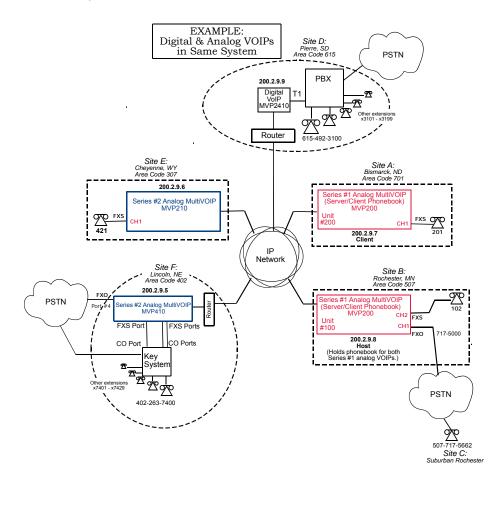
Note also that a comma (as in the entry 9,443) denotes a delay in dialing. A one-second delay is commonly used to allow a second dial tone to be generated for calls going outside of the facility's PBX system.

The Outbound PhoneBook for the Minneapolis VOIP is shown below. The third destination pattern, "7" facilitates reception of co-worker calls using local-appearing-extensions only. In this case, the "Add Prefix" field value for this phonebook entry would be "1410325".

Outbound PhoneBook [Minneapolis voip unit]			
Dest Pattern	IP Address	Description	
1410 1443 7	200.002.009.007 200.002.009.007 200.002.009.007	Baltimore Baltimore overlay Baltimore Office Edensions	
Number of Entries : 3 Details			Add
Number of Entries : 3 Details H.323 ID :			
Details			Add
Details H.323 ID :			

Configuring Mixed Digital/Analog VOIP Systems

Analog MultiVOIP units, like the MVP-210/410/810/410SS/810SS are compatible with digital MultiVOIP units like the MVP2410. In many cases, digital and analog VOIP units will appear in the same telephony/IP system. In addition to MVP-210/410xx/810xx MultiVOIP units (Series II units), legacy analog VOIP units (Series I units made by MultiTech) may be included in the system, as well. When legacy VOIP units are included, the VOIP administrator must handle two styles of phonebooks in the same VOIP network. The diagram below shows a small-scale system of this kind: one digital VOIP (the MVP2410) operates with two Series II analog VOIPs (an MVP210 and an MVP410), and two Series I legacy VOIPs (two MVP200 units).



The Series I analog VOIP phone book resides in the "Host" VOIP unit at Site B. It applies to both of the Series I analog VOIP units.

Each of the Series II analog MultiVOIPs (the MVP210 and the MVP410) requires its own inbound and outbound phonebooks. The MVP2410 digital MultiVOIP requires its own inbound and outbound phonebooks, as well.

VOIP Dir # -OR- Destination Pattern	IP Address	Channel	Comments
102	200.2.9.8	2	Site B, FXS channel.
101	200.2.9.8	1	Site B, FXO channel.
421	200.2.9.6	0	Site E FXS channel.
201	200.2.9.7	1	Site A, FXS channel.
1615 xxx xxx	200.2.9.9	0 (Note 2.)	Gives remote voip users access to local PSTN of Site D (Pierre, SD, area code 615).
3xxx (Note 1.)	200.2.9.9	0	Allows remote voip users to call all PBX extensions at Site D (Pierre, SD) using only four digits.
1402	200.2.9.5	0	Gives remote voip users access to local PSTN of Site F (Lincoln, NE; area code 402).
140226374 (Note 1) (Note 3)	200.2.9.5	0	Gives remote voip users access to key phone system extensions at Site F (Lincoln).

These seven phone books are shown below.

Note 1.	The " x " is a wildcard character.
Note 2.	By specifying "Channel 0," we instruct the MVP2400/2410 to choose any available data channel to carry the call.
Note 3.	Note that Site F key system has only 30 extensions (x7400-7429). This destination pattern (140226374) actually directs calls to 402-263-74 30 through 402-263-74 99 into the key system, as well. This means that such calls, which belong on the PSTN, cannot be completed. In some cases, this might be inconsequential because an entire exchange (fully used or not) might have been reserved for the company or it might be unnecessary to reach those numbers. However, to specify only the 30 lines actually used by the key system, the destination pattern 140226374 would have to be replaced by three other destination patterns, namely 1402263740, 1402263741, and 1402263742. In this way, calls to 402-263-7430 through 402-263-7499 would be properly directed to the PSTN. In the Site D outbound phonebook, the 30 lines are defined exactly, that is, without making any adjacent phone numbers unreachable through the voip system.

Outb	Outbound Phone Book for MVP2410 Digital VOIP				
Destin.	(Site D) Destin. Remove Add IP Comment				
Pattern	Prefix	Prefix	Address	oonment	
201	TTONA		200.2.9.7	To originate calls to	
-01				Site A (Bismarck).	
1507	1507	101#	200.2.9.8	To originate calls	
		Note 3.		to Rochester local	
				PSTN using the	
				FXO channel	
				(channel #1) of the	
				Site B VOIP.	
102			200.2.9.8	To originate calls	
				to phone	
				connected to FXS	
				port (channel #2)	
				of the Site B VOIP.	
421			200.2.9.6	Calls to Site E	
				(Cheyenne).	
1402			200.2.9.5	Calls to Lincoln	
				area local PSTN	
				(via FXO channel,	
				CH4, of the Site F	
				VOIP).	
1402			200.2.9.5	Calls to extensions	
263				(thirty) of key	
740				system at Site F	
1402			200.2.9.5	(Lincoln). Human	
263				operator or auto-	
741				attendant is	
1402			200.2.9.5	needed to	
263				complete these	
742				calls.	
	Note 3. The pound sign ("#") is a delimiter separating the				
VOIP nu	mber from	n the stan	dard teleph	ony phone number.	

Inbound	Inbound Phonebook for MVP2410 Digital VOIP (Site D)			
Remove Prefix	Add Prefix	Channel Number	Comment	
1615	9, Note 4. Note 5.	0	Allows phone users at remote voip sites to call non-toll numbers within the Site D area code (615; Pierre, SD) over the VOIP network.	
1615 49231	31	0	Allows voip calls directly to employees at Site D (at extensions x3101 to x3199).	
Note 4. "9" gives PBX station users access to outside line. Note 5. The comma represents a one-second pause, the time required for the user to receive a dial tone on the outside line (PSTN). The comma is only allowed in the Inbound phonebook.				

Outb	Outbound Phone Book for MVP410 Analog VOIP			
Destin.	Remove	(S Add	ite F) IP	Comment
Pattern	Prefix	Prefix	Address	oonment
201			200.2.9.7	To originate calls to Site A (Bismarck).
1507	1507	101# Note 3.	200.2.9.8	To originate calls to any PSTN phone in Rochester area using the FXO channel (channel #1) of the Site B VOIP.
102			200.2.9.8	To originate calls to phone connected to FXS port (channel #2) of the Site B VOIP (Rochester).
421			200.2.9.6	Calls to Site E (Cheyenne).
1615			200.2.9.9	Calls to Pierre area PSTN via Site D PBX.
31		1615 492	200.2.9.9	Calls to Pierre PBX extensions with four digits.
Note 3. The pound sign ("#") is a delimiter separating the VOIP number from the standard telephony phone number.				

Inboun	Inbound Phonebook for MVP410 Analog VOIP (Site F)			
Remove Prefix	Add Prefix	Channel Number	Comment	
1402		4	Access to Lincoln local PSTN by users at remote VOIP locations via FXO port at Site F.	
1402 263740	740	0	Gives remote voip users access to extension of key phone	
1402 263741	741	0	system at Site F (Lincoln). Because call is completed at key	
1402 263742	742	0	system, abbreviated dialing (4 digits) is not workable. Human operator or auto-attendant is needed to complete these calls.	
		•		

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Outb	Outbound Phone Book for MVP210 Analog VOIP				
Destin	(Site E) Destin. Remove Add IP Comment				
Pattern	Prefix	Prefix	Address	Common	
201			200.2.9.7	To originate calls to Site A.	
1507	1507	101# Note 3.	200.2.9.8	To originate calls to any PSTN phone in Rochester area using the FXO channel (channel #1) of the Site B VOIP.	
102			200.2.9.8	To originate calls to phone connected to FXS port (channel #2) of the Site B VOIP.	
1402			200.2.9.5	Calls to Lincoln area PSTN (via FXO channel, CH4, of the Site F VOIP).	
7		1402 263	200.2.9.5	Calls to Lincoln key extensions with four digits.	
1615			200.2.9.9	Calls to Pierre area PSTN via Site D PBX.	
31		1615 492	200.2.9.9	Calls to Pierre PBX extensions with four digits.	
Note 3. The pound sign ("#") is a delimiter separating the VOIP number from the standard telephony phone number.					

Inbound Phonebook for MVP210 Analog VOIP (Site E)			
Remove Add Channel Comment			
Prefix	Prefix	Number	
421		1	

Call Completion Summaries

Site A calling Site C, Method 1

- 1. Dial 101.
- 2. Hear dial tone from Site B.
- 3. Dial 7175662.
- 4. Await completion. Talk.

Site A calling Site C, Method 2

- 1. Dial 101#7175662
- 2. Await completion. Talk.

Note: Some analog VOIP gateways will allow completion by Method 2. Others will not.

Site C calling Site A

- 1. Dial 7175000.
- 2. Hear dial tone from Site B VOIP.
- 3. Dial 201.
- 4. Await completion. Talk.

Site D calling Site C

- 1. Dial 9,15077175662.
- "9" gets outside line. On some PBXs, an "8" may be used to direct calls to the VOIP, while "9" directs calls to the PSTN. However, some PBX units can be programmed to identify the destination patterns of all calls to be directed to the VOIP.
- 3. PBX at Site D is programmed to divert all calls made to the 507 area code and exchange 717 into the VOIP network. (It would also be possible to divert all calls to all phones in area code 507 into the VOIP network, but it may not be desirable to do so.)
- 4. The MVP2410 removes the prefix "1507" and adds the prefix "101#" for compatibility with the analog MultiVOIP's phonebook scheme. The "#" is a delimiter separating the analog VOIP's phone number from the digits that the analog VOIP must dial onto its local PSTN to complete the call. The digits "101#7175662" are forwarded to the Site B analog VOIP.
- 5. The call passes through the IP network (in this case, the Internet).
- 6. The call arrives at the Site B VOIP. This analog VOIP receives this dialing string from the MVP2410: 101#7175662. The analog VOIP, seeing the "101" prefix, uses its own channel #1 (an FXO port) to connect the call to the PSTN. Then the analog VOIP dials its local phone number 7175662 to complete the call.

Site D calling Site F

A voip call from Pierre PBX to extension 7424 on the key telephone system in Lincoln, Nebraska.

A. The required entry in the Pierre Outbound Phonebook to facilitate origination of the call, would be 1402263742. The call would be directed to the Lincoln voip's IP address, 200.2.9.5.

(Generally on such a call, the caller would have to dial an initial "9." But typically the PBX would not pass the initial "9" to the voip. If the PBX *did* pass along that "9" however, its removal would have to be specified in the local Outbound Phonebook.)

B. The corresponding entry in the Lincoln Inbound Phonebook to facilitate completion of the call would be

1402263742	for calls within the office at Lincoln
1402	for calls to the Lincoln local calling area (PSTN).

Call Event Sequence

- 1. Caller at Pierre dials 914022637424.
- 2. Pierre PBX removes "9" and passes 14022637424 to voip.
- 3. Pierre voip passes remaining string, 14022637424 on to the Lincoln voip

at IP address 200.2.9.5.

- 4. The dialed string matches an inbound phonebook entry at the Lincoln voip, namely 1402263742.
- 5. The Lincoln voip rings one of the three FXS ports connected to the Lincoln

key phone system.

- 6. The call will be routed to extension 7424 either by a human receptionist/
 - operator or to an auto-attendant (which allows the caller to specify the

extension to which they wish to be connected).

Site F calling Site D

A voip call from a Lincoln key extension to extension 3117 on the PBX in Pierre, South Dakota.

A. The required entry in the Lincoln Outbound Phonebook to facilitate origination of the call, would be "31". The string "1615492" would have to be added as a prefix. The call would be directed to the Pierre voip's IP address, 200.2.9.9.

B. The corresponding entry in the Pierre Inbound Phonebook to facilitate completion of the call would be 1615492.

- 1. Caller at Lincoln picks up phone receiver, presses button on key phone set. This button has been assigned to a particular voip channel (any one of the three FXS ports).
- 2. The caller at Lincoln hears dial tone from the Lincoln voip.
- 3. The caller at Lincoln dials 3117.
- 4. The Lincoln voip adds the prefix 1615492 and sends the entire dialing string, 16154923117, to the Pierre voip at IP address 200.2.9.9.
- 5. The Pierre voip matches the called digits 16154923117 to its Inbound Phonebook entry "1615492".
- 6. The Pierre PBX dials extension 3117 in the office at Pierre.

Variations in PBX Characteristics

The exact dialing strings needed in the Outbound and Inbound Phonebooks of the MVP2410 will depend on the capabilities of the PBX. Some PBXs require trunk access codes (like an "8" or "9" to access an outside line or to access the VOIP network). Other PBXs can automatically distinguish between intra-PBX calls, PSTN calls, and VOIP calls.

Some PBX units can also insert digits automatically when they receive certain dialing strings from a phone station. For example, a PBX may be programmable to insert automatically the three-digit VOIP identifier strings into calls to be directed to analog VOIPs.

The MVP2410 offers complete flexibility for inter-operation with PBX units so that a coherent dialing scheme can be established to connect a company's multiple sites together in a way that is convenient and intuitive for phone users. When working together with modern PBX units, the presence of the MVP2410 can be completely transparent to phone users within the company.

Chapter 7: E1 Phonebook Configuration

(European Telephony Standards)

E1 Versus T1 Telephony Environments

Phonebooks for Series II analog MultiVOIP units (MVP130, MVP130FXS, MVP210, MVP410, MVP810, MVP210SS, MVP410SS, and MVP810SS) can be operated in either an environment of either North American telephony standards (potentially operating with T1 digital MultiVOIPs) or of European telephony standards (potentially operating with E1 digital MultiVOIPs). The configuration of the phonebook is the same in either case. However, because the telephony environment is different in each case and the examples used here must reflect those differences, we have separate chapters for phonebook configuration in North American (T1) environments (Chapter 6) and for that in European (E1) environments (Chapter 7; this shapter). Consult the chapter that best fits the needs of your voip system.

E1-Standard Inbound and Outbound MultiVOIP Phonebooks

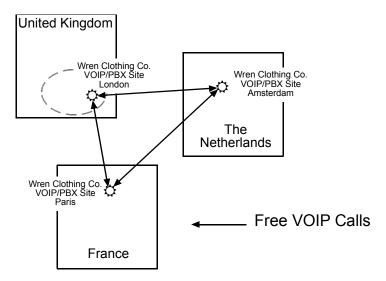
Important Definition:	The MultiVOIP's Outbound phonebook lists the phone stations it can call; its Inbound phonebook describes the
	dialing sequences that can be used to call that MultiVOIP and how those calls will be directed.

When a VOIP serves a PBX system, the operation of the VOIP should be transparent to the telephone end user and savings in long-distance calling charges should be enjoyed. Use of the VOIP should not require the dialing of extra digits to reach users elsewhere on the VOIP network. On the contrary, VOIP service more commonly reduces dialed digits by allowing users (served by PBXs in facilities in distant cities) to dial their co-workers with 3-, 4-, or 5-digit extensions -- as if they were in the same facility. More importantly, the VOIP system should be configured to maximize savings in long-distance calling charges. To achieve both of these objectives, ease of use and maximized savings, the VOIP phonebooks must be set correctly.

NOTE: VOIPs are commonly used for another reason, as well: VOIPs allow an organization to integrate phone and data traffic onto a single network. Typically these are private networks.

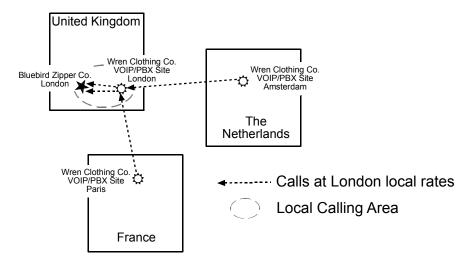
Free Calls: One VOIP Site to Another

The most direct use of the VOIP system is making calls between the offices where the VOIPs are located. Consider, for example, the Wren Clothing Company. This company has VOIP-equipped offices in London, Paris, and Amsterdam, each served by its own PBX. VOIP calls between the three offices completely avoid international long-distance charges. These calls are free. The phonebooks can be set up to allow all Wren Clothing employees to contact each other using 3-, 4-, or 5-digit numbers, as though they were all in the same building.

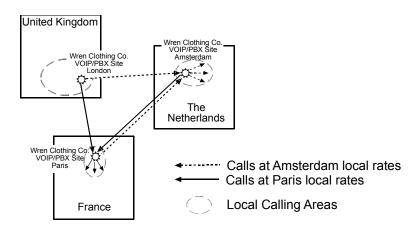


Local Rate Calls: Within Local Calling Area of Remote VOIP

In the second use of the VOIP system, the local calling area of each VOIP location becomes accessible to all of the VOIP system's users. As a result, international calls can be made at local calling rates. For example, suppose that Wren Clothing buys its zippers from The Bluebird Zipper Company in the western part of metropolitan London. In that case, Wren Clothing personnel in both Paris and Amsterdam could call the Bluebird Zipper Company without paying international long-distance rates. Only London local phone rates would be charged. This applies to calls completed anywhere in London's local calling area (which includes both Inner London and Outer London). Generally, local calling rates apply only within a single area code, and, for all calls outside that area code, national rates apply. There are, however, some European cases where local calling rates extend beyond a single area code. Local rates between Inner and Outer London are one example of this. (It is also possible, in some locations, that calls within an area code may be national calls. But this is rare.)

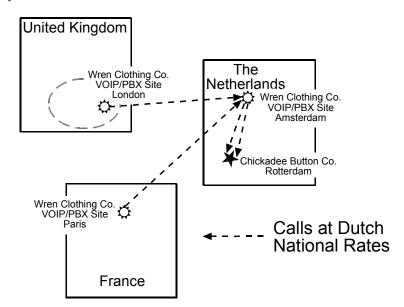


Similarly, the VOIP system allows Wren Clothing employees in London and Amsterdam to call anywhere in Paris at local rates; it allows Wren Clothing employees in Paris and London to call anywhere in Amsterdam at local rates.

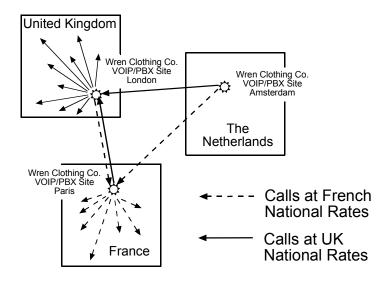


National Rate Calls: Within Nation of Remote VOIP Site

In the third use of the VOIP system, the national calling area of each VOIP location becomes accessible to all of the VOIP system's users. As a result, international calls can be made at national calling rates. Again, significant savings are possible. For example, suppose that the Wren Clothing Company buys its buttons from the Chickadee Button Company in the Dutch city of Rotterdam. In that case, Wren Clothing personnel in both London and Paris could call the Chickadee Button Company without paying international long-distance rates; only Dutch national calling rates would be charged. This applies to calls completed anywhere in The Netherlands.



Similarly, the VOIP system allows Wren Clothing employees in London and Amsterdam to call anywhere in France at French national rates; it allows Wren Clothing employees in Paris and Amsterdam to call anywhere in the United Kingdom at its national rates.



Inbound versus Outbound Phonebooks

To make the VOIP system transparent to phone users and to allow all possible free and reduced-rate calls, the VOIP administrator must configure the "Outbound" and "Inbound" phone-books of each VoIP in the system.

The "Outbound" phonebook for a particular VOIP unit describes the dialing sequences required for a call to originate locally (typically in a PBX in a particular facility) and reach any of its possible destinations at remote VOIP sites, including calls terminating at points beyond the remote VOIP site.

The "Inbound" phonebook for a particular VOIP unit describes the dialing sequences required for a call to originate remotely from any other VOIP sites in the system, and to terminate on that particular VOIP.

Briefly stated, *the MultiVOIP's Outbound phonebook lists the phone stations it can call; its Inbound phonebook lists the dialing sequences that can be used to call that MultiVOIP.* (Of course, the phone numbers are not literally "listed" individually.) The phone stations that can originate or complete calls over the VOIP system are described by numerical rules called "destination patterns." These destination patterns generally consist of country codes, area codes or city codes, and local phone exchange numbers.

In order for any VOIP phone call to be made, there must be both an Inbound Phonebook entry and an Outbound Phonebook entry that describe the end-to-end connection. The phone station originating the call must be connected to the VOIP system. The Outbound Phonebook for that VOIP unit must have a destination pattern entry that includes the 'called' phone (that is, the phone completing the call). The Inbound Phonebook of the VOIP where the call is completed must have a destination pattern entry that includes the digit sequence dialed by the originating phone station.

The PhoneBook Configuration procedure below is brief, but it is followed by an example case. For many people, the example case may be easier to grasp than the procedure steps. Configuration is not difficult, but all phone number sequences, destination patterns, and other information must be entered exactly; otherwise connections will not be made.

Phonebook Icons	Description
Phone Book Icons	Phonebook Configuration
Phone Book Icons	Inbound Phonebook Entries List
Phone Book Icons	Add Inbound Phonebook Entry
Phone Book Icons	Edit selected Inbound Phonebook Entry
Phone Book Icons	Outbound Phonebook Entries List
Phone Book Icons	Add Outbound Phonebook Entry
Phone Book Icons	Edit selected Outbound Phonebook Entry

Phonebook configuration screens can be accessed using icons or the sidebar menu.

Phonebook Pulldown Menu	
Phone Book Outbound Phone Book Alt+O Inbound Phone Book Alt+I	List Entries Ctrl+L Add Entry Ctrl+A Edit Entry Ctrl+E
Inbound Phonebook Shortcut	Outbound Phonebook Shortcut
Alt + I	Alt + O
Phonebook Sidebar Menu	
 ➡ Configuration ➡ Advanced ➡ Phone Book ➡ Outbound ➡ List E ➡ Add E ➡ Edit E ➡ Add E ➡ List E 	d Phone Book ntries Entry Entry Phone Book ntries Entry

Phonebook Configuration Procedure

1. Select Outbound Phone Book/List Entries.

Configuration Advanced Advanced Phone Book Ust Entries Add Intry Edd Entry Edd Entry Tribuard Phone Book	Outbound Phone Book Description Pattern P-Address Protocol Description 00031 200(002001007 HD23 Point Office	Aðemste IP Addens 5 Ares 200.022 209.007
e) Status El Suro Stup Hi Connetton ⊡ Help	Number of Entries : 0 Details Remove Prefix : Add Prefix Gateleoper : Gatereop Prefix Catereop Prefix Pat Transport Naccol SIP URL Roard Too Defay: Me Alternate Phone Number :	gdd Cda Dolean Clore Heb

Click Add.

2. The Add/Edit Outbound PhoneBook screen appears.

🖙 MultiVOIP		l ×
Configuration Phone Book Statis	istics Do <u>w</u> nload Connection <u>?</u> Help	
🔺 🔤 💀 🛎 🖄 🖏	11 12 12 12 11 12 12 11 12 12 11 12 12 1	
Configuration Ethemet/IP Parameters Voice/Fax Interface SIP Call Signaling Advanced Phone Book Phone Book Modify Outbound Phone Book List Entries Save Setup E Save Setup Connection B Save Setup Connection B Help MultiVOIP Found	Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book Phone Number Details Qestination Pattern: Iotal Digits: Eemove Prefix: J0 Address: 200 · 002 · 009 · 007 Addyanced SIP Use Proxy Transport Protocol SIP Port Number: 5050 SIP Pot Number: SIP URL:	

Enter Outbound PhoneBook data for your MultiVOIP unit. Note that the Advanced button gives access to the Alternate IP Routing feature, if needed. Alternate IP Routing can be implemented in a secondary screen (as described after the primary screen field definitions below).

Field Name	Values	Description
Accept Any Number	Y/N	When checked, "Any Number" appears as the value in the Destination Pattern field.
		The Any Number feature works differently depending on whether or not an external routing device is used (Gatekeeper for H323 protocol, Proxy for SIP protocol, Registrar for SPP protocol).
		When no external routing device is used. If Any Number is selected, calls to phone numbers not matching a listed Destination Pattern will be directed to the IP Address in the Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book screen. "Any Number" can be used in addition to one or more Destination Patterns.
		When external routing device is used. If Any Number is selected, calls to phone numbers not matching a listed Destination Pattern will be directed to the external routing device used (Gatekeeper for H323 protocol, Proxy for SIP protocol, Registrar for SPP protocol). The IP Address of the external routing device must be set in the Phone Book Configuration screen.

The fields of the **Add/Edit Outbound Phone Book** screen are described in the table below.

Field Name	Values	Description
Destination Pattern	prefixes, area codes, exchanges, line numbers, extensions	Defines the beginning of dialing sequences for calls that will be connected to another VOIP in the system. Numbers beginning with these sequences are diverted from the PTSN and carried on Internet or other IP network.
Total Digits	as needed	number of digits the phone user must dial to reach specified destination
Remove Prefix	dialed digits	portion of dialed number to be removed before completing call to destination
Add Prefix	dialed digits	digits to be added before completing call to destination
IP Address	n.n.n.n for = 0-255	the IP address to which the call will be directed if it begins with the destination pattern given
Description	alpha- numeric	Describes the facility or geographical location at which the call will be completed.

Add/Edit O	Edit Outbound Phone Book: Field Definitions (cont'd)	
Field Name	Values	Description
SIP Fields		
Use Proxy	Y/N	Select if proxy server is used.
Transport Protocol	TCP or UDP	Voip administrator must choose between UDP and TCP transmission protocols. UDP is a high-speed, low-overhead connectionless protocol where data is transmitted without acknowledgment, guaranteed delivery, or guaranteed packet sequence integrity. TCP is slower connection-oriented protocol with greater overhead, but having acknowledgment and guarantees delivery and packet sequence integrity.
SIP Port Number	5060 or other *See RFC3087 ("Control of Service Context using SIP Request- URI," by the Network Working Group).	The SIP Port Number is a UDP logical port number. The voip will "listen" for SIP messages at this logical port. If SIP is used, 5060 is the default, standard, or "well known" port number to be used. If 5060 is not used, then the port number used is that specified in the SIP Request URI (Universal Resource Identifier).
SIP URL	sip.userphone (a) hostserver, where "userphone" is the telephone number and "hostserver" is the domain name or an address on the network	Looking similar to an email address, a SIP URL identifies a user's address. In SIP communications, each caller or callee is identified by a SIP url: sip:user_name@host_name. The format of a sip url is very similar to an email address, except that the "sip:" prefix is used.

Clicking on the **Advanced** button brings up the **Alternate Routing** secondary screen. This feature provides an alternate path for calls if the primary IP network cannot carry the traffic. Often in cases of failure, call traffic is temporarily diverted into the PSTN. However, this feature could also be used to divert traffic to a redundant (backup) unit in case one voip unit fails. The user must specify the IP address of the alternate route for each destination pattern entry in the Outbound Phonebook.

Add/Edit Outbound Phone	Book	
Phone Number Details - <u>D</u> estination Pattern :	00334	0 <u>K</u>
<u>T</u> otal Digits :	12	Cancel
<u>R</u> emove Prefix :	00334	<u>H</u> elp
<u>A</u> dd Prefix :	9]
IP Address : 200	002 009 007	Advanced
Description : Acces	ss to Lyon area	
1	as a star a s	^ <u></u>
	×	···
Alternate Routing		
<u>A</u> lternate IP Address :	0.0.0.0 <u>O</u> K	
<u>R</u> ound Trip Delay : 3	00 ms <u>C</u> ancel	

	Alternat	e Routing Field Definitions
Field Name	Values	Description
Alternate IP Address	n.n.n.n where n= 0-255	Alternate destination for outbound data traffic in case of excessive delay in data transmission.
Round Trip Delay	milliseconds	The Round Trip Delay is the criterion for judging when a data pathway is considered blocked. When the delay exceeds the threshold specified here, the data stream will be diverted to the alternate destination specified as the Alternate IP Address.

3. Select Inbound PhoneBook/List Entries.

Configuration Advanced Phone	Book Statistics Download	Connection ?Help		
Configuration devanced Phone Book Outbound Outb		Image: Second	Add Prelix 9.7 6 contian SIP Register With SIP Provy SPP Register With SPP Registrar	Forward Address Not Used Delete Close Help

4. The Add/Edit Inbound PhoneBook screen appears.

CAdd/Edit Inbound Phone Book
Accept AnyNumber
<u>R</u> emove Prefix : 0044207 0 <u>K</u>
Add Prefix : 9,7
Cha <u>n</u> nel Number : Hunting Help
Description : Access to Inner London
Call Forward ✓ Enable Forward Condition ✓ Unconditional ● Busy No Response Eorward Destination : H323 call: Phone # or IP address SIP call: Phone # or IP address or IP address:port or Phone #:IP address:port or SIP URL or Ph#: IP address SPP call: Phone # or IP address:port or Phone #:IP address:port Registration Options H323 Register as : ■ E.164 ■ Tech Prefix
☐ H <u>3</u> 23 ID

Enter Inbound PhoneBook data for your MultiVOIP unit. The fields of the Add/Edit Inbound PhoneBook screen are described in the table below.

A	dd/Edit Inbou	d Phone Book: Field Definitions	
Field Name	Values	Description	
Accept Any	Y/N	When checked, "Any Number" appears as the value in the Remove Prefix field.	
Number		The Any Number feature of the Inbound Phone Book does not work when an external routing device is used (Gatekeeper for H323 protocol, Proxy for SIP protocol, Registrar for SPP protocol).	
		When no external routing device is used. If Any Number is selected, calls received from phone numbers not matching a listed Prefix (shown in the Remove Prefix column of the Inbound Phone Book) will be admitted into the voip on the channel listed in the Channel Number field. "Any Number" can be used in addition to one or more Prefixes.	
Remove Prefix	dialed digits	portion of dialed number to be removed before completing call to destination (often a local PBX)	
Add Prefix	dialed digits	digits to be added before completing call to destination (often a local PBX)	

Add/Edit In	bound Phone (con	Book: Field Definitions t'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Channel Number	1-30, or "Hunting"	E1 channel number to which the call will be assigned as it enters the local telephony equipment (often a local PBX). "Hunting" directs the call to any available channel.
Description		Describes the facility or geographical location at which the call originated.
Call Forward P	arameters	
Enable	Y/N	Click the check-box to enable the call-forwarding feature.
Forward Condition	Uncondit.; Busy No Resp.	Unconditional. When selected, all calls received will be forwarded. Busy. When selected, calls will be forwarded when station is busy. No Response. When selected, calls will be forwarded if called party does not answer after a specified number of rings, as specified in Ring Count field. Forwarding can be conditioned on both "Busy" and "No Response."

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Add/Edit In		Book: Field Definitions	
	(con	iťd)	
Field Name	Values	Description	
Forward Destination	Phone number will be directe	or IP address to which calls d.	
IP address, phone number, port number,	For H.323 calls, the Forward Destination can be either a Phone Number of an IP Address. For SIP calls, the Forward Destination can be		
etc. one of the following: (a) phone number, (b) IP address, (c) IP address: port number, (d) phone number:IP addr: port n (e) SIP URL, or (f) phone #: IP addr		ıber, (b) IP address, port number, ıber:IP addr: port number,	
	one of the follo (a) phone num	the Forward Destination can be owing: uber, (b) IP address: port, or uber: IP address: port.	
Ring Count	integer	When No Response is condition for forwarding calls, this determines how many unanswered rings are needed to trigger the forwarding.	
Registration Option Parameters	register with th identifiers: (a) Prefix identifie (c) an H.323 II) identifier. ystem, gateways can register	
	In an SPP voip	o system, gateways can register Registrar voip unit.	

5. When your Outbound and Inbound PhoneBook entries are completed, click on **Save Setup** in the sidebar menu to save your configuration.

You can change your configuration at any time as needed for your system.

Remember that the initial MultiVOIP setup must be done locally or via the built-in Remote Configuration/Command Modem using the MultiVOIP program. However, after the initial configuration is complete, all of the MultiVOIP units in the VOIP system can be configured, re-configured, and updated from one location using the MultiVOIP web GUI software program or the MultiVOIP program (in conjunction with the built-in modem).

E1 Phonebook Examples

To demonstrate how Outbound and Inbound PhoneBook entries work in an international VOIP system, we will re-visit our previous example in greater detail. It's an international company with offices in London, Paris, and Amsterdam. In each office, a MVP3010 has been connected to the PBX system.

3 Sites, All-E1 Example

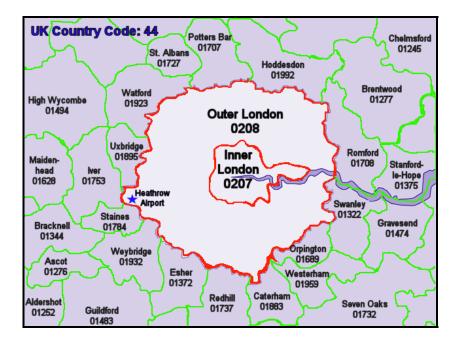
The VOIP system will have the following features:

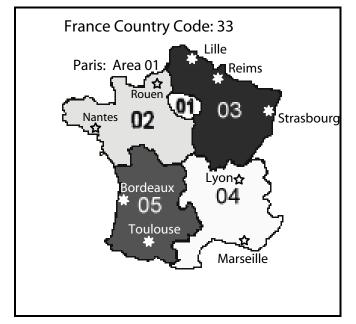
1. Employees in all cities will be able to call each other over the VOIP system using 4-digit extensions.

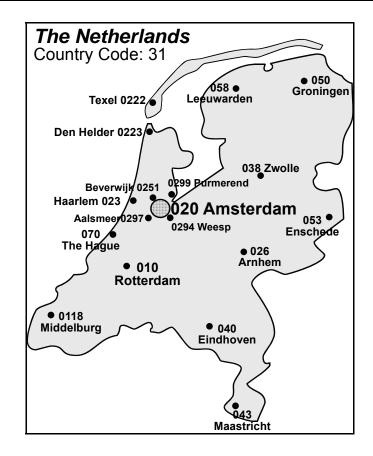
2. Calls to Outer London and Inner London, greater Amsterdam, and greater Paris will be accessible to all company offices as local calls.

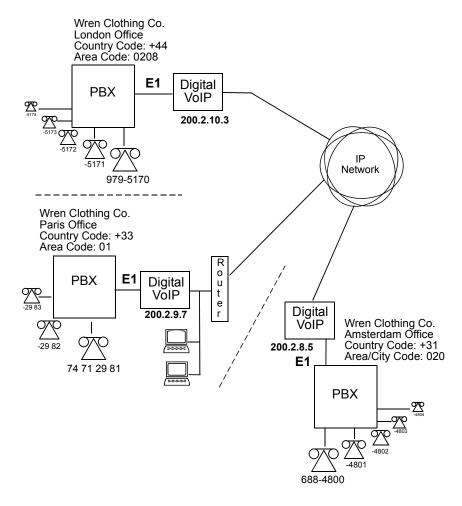
3. Vendors in Guildford, Lyon, and Rotterdam can be contacted as national calls by all company offices.

Note that the phonebook entries for Series II analog MultiVOIPs (MVP-210x/410x/810x) used in Euro-type telephony settings will be the same in format as entries for the MVP3010.









An outline of the equipment setup in these three offices is shown below.

The screen below shows Outbound PhoneBook entries for the VOIP located in the company's London facility

Dest Pattern	IP Address	Description
00331	200.002.009.007	Paris
00334	200.002.009.007	
003120	200.002.008.005	
003110 2	200.002.008.005	
4		Paris (company office, empl. extensions Amsterdam (company office, employee
Number of Environment		
Number of Entries : 6 Details		Add
Details		Add
Details H.323 ID :		
Details H.323 ID : Remove Prefix :		Edit

The Inbound PhoneBook for the London VOIP is shown below.

Rem Prefix	Add Prefix	
0044207	9,7	
0044208	9,8	
00441483	9,01483	
00442089795 5	5 5	
5	5	
umber of Entries : 5		
Details		
~		
Channel No : 0		
Description : Inner Lond	on access for Paris & Amst employees	
Company America Comp		
Add Edit	Delete Cancel	

NOTE: Commas are allowed in the Inbound Phonebook, but **not** in the Outbound Phonebook. Commas denote a brief pause for a dial tone, allowing time for the PBX to get an outside line.

The screen below shows Outbound PhoneBook entries for the VOIP located in the company's Paris facility.

Dest Pattern	IP Address	Description	
003120	200.002.008.0	05 Amsterdam	
003110	200.002.008.0	05 Rotterdam	
0044207		03 London (Inner)	
0044208		03 London (Outer)	
00441483	200.002.010.0		
5 4		03 London (company office) 05 Amsterdam (company office)	
Number of Entries - 7			
			Add
Details			Add
Details H.323 ID :			
Remove Prefix :			Edit

The Inbound PhoneBook for the Paris VOIP is shown below.

Rem Prefix	Add Prefix
2	2
00331 00334	9
00334	9,0
Number of Entries : 3	
-Details	
Channel No: 0	
Channel No. 0	
Description : Access to	Lyon for London & Amsterdam employees
·	
Add Edit	Delete Cancel

The screen below shows Outbound PhoneBook entries for the VOIP in the company's Amsterdam facility.

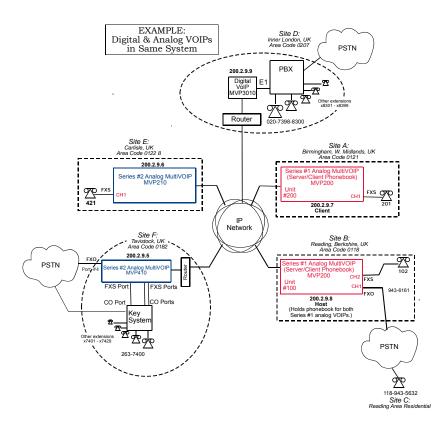
200.002.010.003 200.002.010.003	
	London (inner)
200.002.010.003	
200.002.009.007	
	London (company office, employ. ext.) Paris (company office, employee ext.)
	Ad
	Edi
	Dele
	200.002.009.007 200.002.010.003

The Inbound PhoneBook for the Amsterdam VOIP is shown below.

Rem Prefix	Add Prefix
4	4
003120	9
003110 0031206884	9,010 4
lumber of Entries :	4
Details	
Channel No :	0
D	
Description :	Access to Amsterdam office by London & Paris employees

Configuring Digital & Analog VOIPs in Same System

Analog MultiVOIP units, like the MVP-210/410/810 are compatible with digital MultiVOIP units like the MVP3010. In many cases, digital and analog VOIP units will appear in the same telephony/IP system. In addition to MVP-210/410/810 MultiVOIP units (Series II units), legacy analog VOIP units (Series I units made by MultiTech) may be included in the system, as well. When legacy VOIP units are included, the VOIP administrator must handle two styles of phonebooks in the same VOIP network. The diagram below shows a small-scale system of this kind: one digital VOIP (the MVP3010) operates with two Series II analog VOIPs (an MVP210 and an MVP410), and two Series I legacy VOIPs (two MVP200 units).



The Series I analog VOIP phone book resides in the "Host" VOIP unit at Site B. It applies to both of the Series I analog VOIP units.

Each of the Series II analog MultiVOIPs (the MVP210 and the MVP410) requires its own inbound and outbound phonebooks. The MVP3010 digital MultiVOIP requires its own inbound and outbound phonebooks, as well.

These **seven** phone books are shown below.

Phor	Phone Book for Analog VOIP Host Unit (Site B)				
VOIP Dir # -OR- Destination Pattern	IP Address	Channel	Comments		
102	200.2.9.8	2	Site B, FXS channel. (Reading, UK)		
101	200.2.9.8	1	Site B, FXO channel. (Reading, UK)		
201	200.2.9.7	1	Site A, FXS channel. (Birmingham)		
421	200.2.9.6	0	Site E, FXS channel. (Carlisle, UK)		
018226374 Note 3.	200.2.9.5	0	Gives remote voip users access to key phone system extensions at Tavistock office (Site F). The key system might be arranged either so that calls go through a human operator or through an auto-attendant (which prompts user to dial the desired extension).		
0182	200.2.9.5	4	Gives remote voip users access to Tavistock PSTN via FXO port (#4) at Site F.		
3xx	200.2.9.9	0 (Note 1.)	Allows remote voip users to call all PBX extensions at Site D (Inner London) using only three digits.		

Phor	Phone Book for Analog VOIP Host Unit (Site B)				
(continued)					
VOIP Dir # -OR- Destination Pattern	IP Address	Channel	Comments		
0207 xxx xxxx	200.2.9.9	0 (Note 2.)	Gives remote voip users access to phone numbers in 0207 area code (Inner London) in which Site D is located.		
0208 xxx xxxx	200.2.9.9	0 (Note 2.)	Gives remote voip users access to phone numbers in 0208 area code (Outer London) for which calls are local from Site D (Inner London).		

Note 1. The "x" is a wildcard character.

Note 2. By specifying "Channel 0," we instruct the MVP3010 to choose any available data channel to carry the call.

Note 3. Note that Site F key system has only 30 extensions (x7400-7429). This destination pattern (018226374) actually directs calls to 402-263-74**30** through

402-263-7499 into the key system, as well.

This means that such calls, which belong on the PSTN, cannot be completed. In some cases, this might be inconsequential because an entire exchange (fully used or not) might have been reserved for the company or it might be unnecessary to reach those numbers. However, to specify only the 30 lines actually used by the key system, the destination pattern 018226374 would have to be replaced by three other destination patterns, namely 0182263740, 0182263741, and 0182263742. In this way, calls to 0182-263-7430 through 0182-263-7499 would be properly directed to the PSTN. In the Site D outbound phonebook, the 30 lines are defined exactly, that is, without making any adjacent phone numbers unreachable through the voip system.

Outbound Phone Book for MVP3010 Digital VOIP (Site D)				
Destin.	Remov	Add	IP	Comment
Pattern	е	Prefix	Address	
	Prefix			
201			200.2.9.7	To originate calls to Site A
				(Birmingham).
901189	901189	101#	200.2.9.8	To originate calls to any
		Note 3.		PSTN phone in Reading
				area using the FXO channel
				(channel #1) of the Site B
				VOIP (Reading, UK).
421			200.2.9.6	Calls to Site E (Carlisle).
90182				Calls to Tavistock local
				PSTN (Site F) could be
				arranged by operator or
				possibly by auto-attendant.
90182	9		200.2.9.5	Calls to extensions of key
263				phone system at Tavistock
740				office.
90182	9		200.2.9.5	
263				
741				
90182	9		200.2.9.5	
263				
742				
102			200.2.9.8	To originate calls to phone
				connected to FXS port
				(channel #2) of the Site B
		• //	() · 1 · ·	VOIP (Reading).
				niter separating the VOIP
number	trom the s	andard te	elephony pl	hone number.

The Outbound PhoneBook of the MVP3010 is shown below.

Remove Prefix	Add Prefix	Channel Number	r MVP3010 Digital VOIP (Site D) Comments
0207	9,7 Note 4. Note 5.	0	Allows phone users at remote voip sites to call local numbers (those within the Site D area code, 0207, Inner London) over the VOIP network.
0208	9,8 Note 4. Note 5.	0	Allows phone users at remote voip sites to call local numbers (those in Outer London) over the VOIP network.
0207 39883	3	0	Allows phone users at remote voip sites to call extensions of the Site D PBX using three digits, beginning with "3".
Note 4. "9" gives PBX station users access to outside line. Note 5. The comma represents a one-second pause, the time required for the user to receive a dial tone on the outside line (PSTN). Commas can be used in the Inbound Phonebook, but not in the Outbound Phonebook.			

The Inbound PhoneBook of the MVP3010 is shown below.

Outbound Phone Book for MVP410 Analog VOIP (Site F)				
Destin.	Remove	(S Add		Comment
Pattern	Prefix	Prefix	Address	
201			200.2.9.7	To originate calls to Site A (Birmingham).
01189	0118	101# Note 3.	200.2.9.8	To originate calls to any PSTN phone in Reading area using the FXO channel (channel #1) of the Site B VOIP.
102			200.2.9.8	To originate calls to phone connected to FXS port (channel #2) of the Site B VOIP (Reading).
421			200.2.9.6	Calls to Site E (Carlisle).
0207			200.2.9.9	Calls to Inner London area PSTN via Site D PBX.
0208			200.2.9.9	Calls to Inner London area PSTN via Site D PBX.
3		0207 398 8	200.2.9.9	Calls to Inner London PBX extensions with three digits.
Note 3. VOIP nu	The pound mber from	sign ("# the stan	dard teleph	niter separating the ony phone number.

Inbound Phonebook for MVP410 Analog VOIP (Site F)			
Remove Prefix	Add Prefix	Channel Number	Comment
01822	2	4	Calls to Tavistock local PSTN through FXO port (Port #4) at Site F.
0182 263 740 0182 263	740. 741.	0 0	Gives remote voip users, access to extensions of key phone system atTavistock office. Because call is completed at key system, abbreviated dialing (3-
203 741 0182 263 742	742	0	digits) is not workable. Human operator or auto- attendant is needed to complete these calls.
	1	1	

п

Outbound Phone Book for MVP210 Analog VOIP (Site E)				
Destin.	Remove	(S Add		Comment
Pattern	Prefix	Prefix	Address	Comment
201			200.2.9.7	To originate calls to Site A (Birmingham).
01189	0118	101# Note 3.	200.2.9.8	To originate calls to any PSTN phone in Reading area using the FXO channel (channel #1) of the Site B VOIP.
102			200.2.9.8	To originate calls to phone connected to FXS port (channel #2) of the Site B VOIP (Reading).
01822	01822		200.2.9.5	Calls to Tavistock area PSTN (via FXO channel of the Site F VOIP).
0182 26374			200.2.9.5	Calls to Tavistock key system operator or auto- attendant.
0207	0207		200.2.9.9	Calls to London area PSTN via Site D PBX.
8		0207 398	200.2.9.9	Calls to London PBX extensions with four digits.
				niter separating the ony phone number.

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Inbound Phonebook for MVP210 Analog VOIP (Site E)			
Remove Prefix	Add Prefix	Channel Number	Comment
421		1	

Call Completion Summaries

Site A calling Site C, Method 1

- 1. Dial 101.
- 2. Hear dial tone from Site B.
- 3. Dial 9435632.
- 4. Await completion. Talk.

Site A calling Site C, Method 2

- 5. Dial 101#9435632
- 6. Await completion. Talk.

Note: Some analog VOIP gateways will allow completion by Method 2. Others will not.

Site C calling Site A

- 1. Dial 9436161.
- 2. Hear dial tone from Site B VOIP.
- 3. Dial 201.
- 4. Await completion. Talk.

Site D calling Site C

- 1. Dial 901189435632.
- 2. "9" gets outside line. On some PBXs, an "8" may be used to direct calls to the VOIP, while "9" directs calls to the PSTN. However, some PBX units can be programmed to identify the destination patterns of all calls to be directed to the VOIP.
- 3. PBX at Site D is programmed to divert all calls made to the 118 area code and exchange 943 into the VOIP network. (It would also be possible to divert *all* calls to all phones in area code 118 into the VOIP network, but it may not be desirable to do so.)
- 4. The MVP3010 removes the prefix "0118" and adds the prefix "101#" for compatibility with the analog MultiVOIP's phonebook scheme. The "#" is a delimiter separating the analog VOIP's phone number from the digits that the analog VOIP must dial onto its local PSTN to complete the call. The digits "101#9435632" are forwarded to the Site B analog VOIP.
- 5. The call passes through the IP network (in this case, the Internet).
- 6. The call arrives at the Site B VOIP. This analog VOIP receives this dialing string from the MVP3010: 101#9435632. The analog VOIP, seeing the "101" prefix, uses its own channel #1 (an FXO port) to connect the call to the PSTN. Then the analog VOIP dials its local phone number 9435632 to complete the call.

NOTE: In the case of Reading, Berksl	nire,,
England, both "1189" and "1	183″ are
considered local area codes.	This is, in a
sense however, a matter of te	erminology.
It simply means that number	s of the
form 9xx-xxxx and	
3xx-xxxx are both local calls	for users at
other sites in the VOIP netwo	ork.

Site D calling Site F

A voip call from Inner London PBX to extension 7424 on the key telephone system in Tavistock, UK.

A. The required entry in the London Outbound Phonebook to facilitate origination of the call, would be 90182263742. The call would be directed to the Tavistock voip's IP address, 200.2.9.5. (Generally on such a call, the caller would have to dial an initial "9". But typically the PBX would not pass the initial "9" dialed to the voip. If the PBX *did* pass along that "9" however, its removal would have to be specified in the local Outbound Phonebook.)

B. The corresponding entry in the Tavistock Inbound Phonebook to facilitate completion of the call would be

0182263742	for calls within the office at Tavistock

01822 for calls to the Tavistock local calling area (PSTN).

Call Event Sequence

- 1. Caller in Inner London dials 901822637424.
- 2. Inner London voip removes "9".
- 3. Inner London voip passes remaining string, 01822637424on to the Tavistock voip at IP address 200.2.9.5.
- 4. The dialed string matches an inbound phonebook entry at the Tavistock voip, namely 0182263742.
- 5. The Tavistock voip rings one of the three FXS ports connected to the Tavistock key phone system.
- 6. The call will be routed to extension 7424 either by a human receptionist/

operator or to an auto-attendant (which allows the caller to specify the

extension to which they wish to be connected).

Site F calling Site D

A voip call from a Tavistock key extension to extension 3117 on the PBX in Inner London.

A. The required entry in the Tavistock Outbound Phonebook to facilitate origination of the call, would be "3". The string 02073988 is added, preceding the "3". The call would be directed to the Inner London voip's IP address, 200.2.9.9.

B. The corresponding entry in the Inner-London Inbound Phonebook to facilitate completion of the call would be 020739883.

- 1. The caller in Tavistock picks up the phone receiver, presses a button on the key phone set. This button has been assigned to a particular voip channel.
- 2. The caller in Tavistock hears dial tone from the Tavistock voip.
- 3. The caller in Tavistock dials 02073983117.
- 4. The Tavistock voip sends the entire dialed string to the Inner-London voip at IP address 200.2.9.9.
- 5. The Inner-London voip matches the called digits 02073983117to its Inbound Phonebook entry "020739883," which it removes. Then it adds back the "3" as a prefix.
- 6. The Inner-London PBX dials extension 3117 in the office in Inner London.

Variations in PBX Characteristics

The exact dialing strings needed in the Outbound and Inbound Phonebooks of the MVP3010 will depend on the capabilities of the PBX. Some PBXs require trunk access codes (like an "8" or "9" to access an outside line or to access the VOIP network). Other PBXs can automatically distinguish between intra-PBX calls, PSTN calls, and VOIP calls.

Some PBX units can also insert digits automatically when they receive certain dialing strings from a phone station. For example, a PBX may be programmable to insert automatically the three-digit VOIP identifier strings into calls to be directed to analog VOIPs.

The MVP3010 offers complete flexibility for inter-operation with PBX units so that a coherent dialing scheme can be established to connect a company's multiple sites together in a way that is convenient and intuitive for phone users. When working together with modern PBX units, the presence of the MVP3010 can be completely transparent to phone users within the company.

International Telephony Numbering Plan Resources

Due to the expansion of telephone number capacity to accommodate pagers, fax machines, wireless telephony, and other new phone technologies, numbering plans have been changing worldwide. Many new area codes have been established; new service categories have been established (for example, to accommodate GSM, personal numbering, corporate numbering, etc.). Below we list several web sites that present up-to-date information on the telephony numbering plans used around the world. While we find these to be generally good resources, we would note that URLs may change or become nonfunctional, and we cannot guarantee the quality of information on these sites.

URL	Description
http://phonebooth.interocitor.net /wtng	The World Telephone Numbering Guide presents excellent international numbering info that is both broad and detailed. This includes info on re- numbering plans carried out worldwide in recent years to accommodate new technologies.
http://www.oftel.gov.uk/numbers /number.htm	UK numbering plan from the Office of Telecommunications, the UK telephony authority.
http://www.itu.int/home/index.html	The International Telecommunications Union is an excellent source and authority on international telecom regulations and standards. National and international number plans are listed on this site.

URL	Description
http://kropla.com/phones.htm	Guide to international use of modems.
http://www.numberplan.org/	National and international numbering plans based on direct input from regulators worldwide. Includes lists of telecom carriers per country.
http://www.eto.dk/	European Telecommunications Office. Primarily concerned with mobile/wireless radiotelephony, GSM, etc.
http://www.eto.dk/ETNS.htm	European Telephony Numbering Space. Resources for pan- European telephony services, standards, etc. Part of ETO site.
http://www.regtp.de/en/reg_tele/start /fs_05.html	List of European telecom regulatory agencies by country (from German telecom authority).

Chapter 8: Operation and Maintenance

Operation and Maintenance

Although most Operation and Maintenance functions of the software are in the **Statistics** group of screens, an important summary appears in the **System Information** of the **Configuration** screen group. Also, the SIP Server | Endpoint Statistics screen presents statistical information unique to the MVP SS MultiVOIP units.

SIP Server Endpoint Statistics screen

This screen shows values previously entered in the **Add Predefined Endpoint** screen as well as various measures of the IP phone traffic that have occurred on each endpoint in the SIP system. This is a screen whereupon settings may be read and performance data may be read. However, no parameter values are set on this screen.

Accessing "Endpoint Statistics" screens		
Pulldown	lcon	
Sip Server Configuration Ctrl+Alt+8 Predefined Endpoints Ctrl+Alt+9 Endpoint Statistics Ctrl+Alt+1 Logs History Ctrl+Alt+0		
Shortcut	Sidebar	
Ctrl + Alt + 1	 Sip Server Configuration Predefined Endpoints Endpoint Statistics Logs History 	

Endpoint Name	Status	Max Expiry Time	Initiated Call Co	ount Re
warehouse1	Registered with SS	00:00:59:59	0	0
motorpool2	Registered with SS	00:00:59:59	0	0
guardshack3 testlab4	Registered with SS	00:00:59:59 00:01:00:00	Q	0
(estiad4	Registered with SS	00:01:00:00	0	0
•				Þ
No. of Entries : Details	4			
Registration Type	Static	Endpoint Type	Predefined	
Contact Details				
			1	
Contact Address	Port No		Remaining Time	
Contact Address 23.65.12.45	Port No 604		Remaining Time 00:00:59:59	

SIP Server Endpoint Statistics Parameter Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Endpoint Name	alpha- numeric	Identifier for gateway within SIP voip system. Max. length is 33 characters.	
Status	server identifier	Indicates the SIP server that is controlling traffic for this endpoint.	
Max. Expiry Time	numeric in sec.	Indicates the time remaining before the endpoint's registration with the SIP server has expired.	

SIP Server Endpoint Statistics Parameter Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Initiated Call Count	numeric	Indicates how many calls were initiated by phones connected to this endpoint.	
Received Call Count	numeric	Indicates how many calls were received by phones connected to this endpoint.	
No. of Entries	numeric	Indicates how many endpoints are included in the system.	
Registration Type	Static, Dynamic	Static registrations are fixed and the contact information for them is configured by the user and not subject to removal from the registration list due to timeouts. Dynamic registrations are registered from an external endpoint with the contact information. Dynamic entries must re-register before the re- registration interval expires else they will be removed from the list. Endpoints removed from this list can neither make nor receive calls.	
Endpoint Type	pre/un - defined	Indicates whether the listed endpoint has been predefined within the SIP system or is an endpoint using the SIP server under rules of open access to endpoints at specified URLs or domain names.	
Contact Address	a.b.c.d for values 0-255	The IP address at which this endpoint can be reached.	
Port Number	0 - 64000	Indicates the digital time slot on which SIP calls will be made. Default is 5060	
Remaining Time	numeric in sec.	Indicates the time remaining before the endpoint's registration with the SIP server has expired.	

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The illustration below shows the **SIP Server Endpoint Statistics** screen for an active SIP phone system in web GUI format.

MultiVoIP-MultiV0IP-SS v3.08.0X	Firmware : Nov 28 2005) - Microsoft Internet Explore	*	X
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Help		11 A
4-8ack • → - 🗿 💽 🖓 🧿;5	earch 📺 Favorites 🛞 Media 🎯 🗳 🌆		
Address a http://200.2.9.27			▼ @Go Links ³⁰
MultiVOIP-SS Configuration Advanced Phone Book		/	
 Statistics SIP Server 	Durrent Permission: Read/Wite		-
- Configuration	SIP Server Endpoint Statistics		
Predefined Endpoints Endpoint Statistics		Max Expiry Initiated Receive.	
Change Password	4001 Registered with Alternate 1	00:00:04: 274 0	
- Save & Reboot - Lopout	4002 Registered with Alternate 1	00:00:04: 269 0	
⊶ Help	9001 Registered with Alternate 1	00:00:36: 0 0	
	5001 Registered with SS	00:00:36: 0 0	
	601 Registered with SS	00:00:20: 0 61	
	602 Registered with SS	00:00:20: 0 61	
	con Deviation durity co	ananan an 💌	
	No. of Endpoints 15		
	[Details		
	Re-registration Type Dynamic En	ndpoint Type Undefined	
	L		
	Contact Details		
	Contact Address Port Number		_
	200.2.9.27 5060	00:00:04:26	
-			
×			
• • • • 01 02 03 04			
01 02 03 04			
Applet EndptStat started			🖉 Internet
🟦 Start 🛛 🙇 🚮 🖄 🖉 QCOM1.	Direct - HyperTer & Ameritec - FeatureCall - [MultiVoIP-MultiVOIP-5	3 3 4 4:30 PM

System Information screen

This screen presents vital system information at a glance. Its primary use is in troubleshooting. This screen is accessible via the **Configuration** pulldown menu, the **Configuration** sidebar menu, or by the keyboard shortcut **Ctrl + Alt + Y**.

System Information-		
Version Information		
<u>B</u> oot Version	: 1.04	
<u>F</u> irmware Version	: 6.07.C7	
<u>C</u> onfiguration Vers	sion : 6.07.00.01	
Phone Book Vers	ion : 4.04	
IFM Version	: 9	
MAC Address	: 000800501820	
<u>U</u> ptime	: 00:00:00:18	
<u>H</u> ardware ID	: MVP410 32M Rev B+[F998]	I
	Exit	

System Information Parameter Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Boot Version	nn.nn alpha- numeric	Indicates the version of the code that is used at the startup (booting) of the voip. The boot code version is independent of the software version.
Firmware Version	nn.nn.nn alpha- numeric	Indicates the version of the MultiVOIP firmware.
Configur- ation Version	nn.nn. nn.nn alpha- numeric	Indicates the version of the MultiVOIP configuration software.
Phone Book Version	nn.nn alpha- numeric	Indicates the version of the MultiVOIP phone book being used.
IFM Version	nn alpha- numeric	Indicates version of the IFM module, the device that performs the transformation between telephony signals and IP signals.
Mac Address	numeric	Denotes the number assigned as the voip unit's unique Ethernet address.
Up Time	days: hours: mm:ss	Indicates how long the voip has been running since its last booting.
Hardware ID	alpha- numeric	Indicates version of the MultiVOIP circuit board assembly being used.

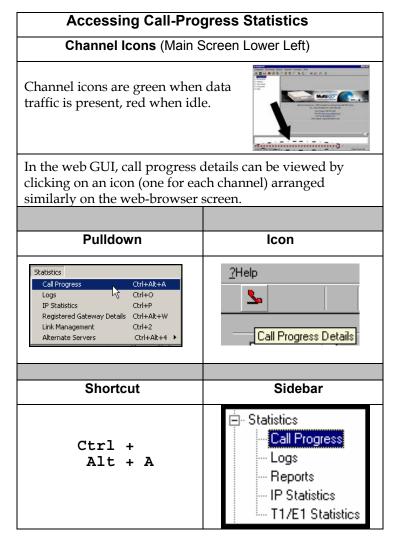
The frequency with which the System Information screen is updated is determined by a setting in the Logs screen

Logs	
Console message Settings	
Enable Console Messages OK	
Logs Help	
Turn Off Logs	
SysLog Server	
Server IP address: 0.0.0.0	
Port Number : 514	
<u>O</u> nline Statistics Updation Interval 10 Sec	

Statistics Screens

Ongoing operation of the MultiVOIP, whether it is in a MultiVOIP/PBX setting or MultiVOIP/telco-office setting, can be monitored for performance using the Statistics functions of the MultiVOIP software.

About Call Progress



The Call Progress Details Screen

Call Progress Details	
Channel Channel 1	
Call Details	Packet Details
Duration : -	Packets Sent : -
Mode: -	Packets Received : -
Voice Coder : .	Bytes Sent : -
IP Call Type : •	Bytes Received : •
IP Call Direction : •	Packets Lost : -
From>To Details	
From> To '	> Disconnect
Gateway Name : -	Exit
IP Address : 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	0.0.0.0
Options: -	Help
DTMF/Other Details	Supplementary Services Status
Prefix Matched : -	Call On Hold : - 193,100,099,202, Mpts,On Hold for 90 Seconds
Outbound Digits Sent : -	Call Waiting: - 193.100.099.202, Mktgvoip3
Outbound Digits Rovd : -	Caller Id: - Calling Party - smithbob01
Server Details : -	Caller Id Calling Party - annucodo 1
DTMF Capability : -	
Call Status : On Hook	
Call Control Status : • Tun, FS + Tun, AE, Mux	
SC - Silence Compression FEC - Forward Error Corre	ection

Call Progress Details: Field Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Channel	1-n	Number of data channel or time slot on which the call is carried. This is the channel for which call- progress details are being viewed.
Call I	Details	
Duration	Hours: Minutes: Seconds	The length of the call in hours, minutes, and seconds (hh:mm:ss).
Mode	Voice or FAX	Indicates whether the call being described was a voice call or a FAX call.
Voice Coder	G.723, G.729, G.711, etc.	The voice coder being used on this call.
IP Call Type	H.323, SIP, or SPP	Indicates the Call Signaling protocol used for the call (H.323, SIP, or SPP).
IP Call Direction	incoming, outgoing	Indicates whether the call in question is an incoming call or an outgoing call.

Call Progress Details: Field Definitions		
Field Name	Values	Description
Packe	t Details	
Packets Sent	integer value	The number of data packets sent over the IP network in the course of this call.
Packets Rcvd	integer value	The number of data packets received over the IP network in the course of this call.
Bytes Sent	integer value	The number of bytes of data sent over the IP network in the course of this call.
Bytes Rcvd	integer value	The number of bytes of data received over the IP network in the course of this call.
Packets Lost	integer value	The number of voice packets from this call that were lost after being received from the IP network.

Call Progress Details: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
From – To Details		Description	
Gateway Name (from)	alphanumeric string	Identifier for the VOIP gateway that handled the origination of this call.	
IP Address (from)	x.x.x.x, where x has a range of 0 to 255	IP address from which the call was received.	
Options	SC, FEC	Displays VOIP transmission options in use on the current call. These may include Forward Error Correction or Silence Compression.	
Gateway Name (to)	alphanumeric string	Identifier for the VOIP gateway that handled the completion of this call.	
IP Address (to)	x.x.x.x, where x has a range of 0 to 255	IP address to which the call was sent.	
Options	SC, FEC	Displays VOIP transmission options in use on the current call. These may include Forward Error Correction or Silence Compression.	

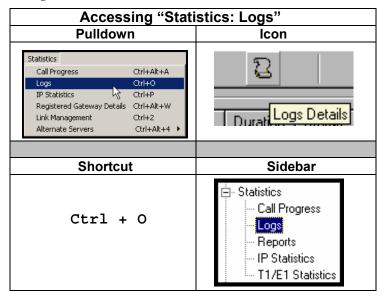
Call Progress Details: Field Definitions (cont'd		
DTMF/Ot	her Details	
Field Name	Values	Description
Prefix Matched	specified dialing digits	Displays the dialed digits that were matched to a phonebook entry.
Outbound Digits Sent	0-9, #, *	The digits transmitted by the MultiVOIP to the PBX/telco for this call.
Outbound Digits Received	0-9, #, *	Of the digits transmitted by the MultiVOIP to the PBX/telco for this call, these are the digits that were confirmed as being received.
Server Details	n.n.n.n (for n=0-255) and/or other server IP- related descriptions	The IP address (etc.) of the traffic control server (if any) being used (whether an H.323 gatekeeper, a SIP proxy, or an SPP registrar gateway) will be displayed here if the call is handled through that server.
DTMF Capability	inband, out of band Expressions differ slightly for different Call Signaling protocols (H.323, SIP, or SPP).	Indicates whether the DTMF dialing digits are carried "Inband" or "Out of Band." The corresponding field values differ for the 3 different voip protocols. For H.323, this field can display "Out of Band" or "Inband". For SIP it can display either "Out of Band RFC2833" or "Out of Band SIP INFO" to indicate the out-of-band condition or "Inband" to indicate the in-band condition. For SPP it can display "Out of Band RFC2833" or "Inband".

Call Pro	ogress Details:	Field Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
	ary Services atus	
Call on Hold	alphanumeric	Describes held call by its IP address source, location/gateway identifier, and hold duration. Location/gateway identifiers comes from Gateway Name field in Phone Book Configuration screen of remote voip.
Call Waiting	alphanumeric	Describes waiting call by its IP address source, location/gateway identifier, and hold duration. Location/gateway identifiers comes from Gateway Name field in Phone Book Configuration screen of remote voip.
Caller ID	There are four values: "Calling Party + <i>identifier</i> "; "Alerting Party + <i>identifier</i> "; "Busy Party + <i>identifier</i> "; and "Connected Party + <i>identifier</i> "	This field shows the identifier and status of a remote voip (which has Call Name Identification enabled) with which this voip unit is currently engaged in some voip transmission. The status of the engagement (Connected, Alerting, Busy, or Calling) is followed by the identifier of a specific channel of a remote voip unit. This identifier comes from the "Caller Id" field in the Supplementary Services screen of the remote voip unit.

Call Pro	ogress Details:	Field Definitions (cont'd)
Field Name	Values	Description
Call Sta	tus fields	
Call Status	hangup, active	Shows condition of current call.
Call Control Status	Tun, FS + Tun, AE, Mux	Displays the H.323 version 4 features in use for the selected call. These include tunneling (Tun), Fast Start with tunneling (FS + Tun), Annex E multiplexed UDP call signaling transport (AE), and Q.931 Multiplexing (Mux). See Phonebook Configuration Parameters (in T1 or E1 chapters) for more on H.323v4 features.
Silence Compression	SC	"SC" stands for Silence Compression. With Silence Compression enabled, the MultiVOIP will not transmit voice packets when silence is detected, thereby reducing the amount of network bandwidth that is being used by the voice channel.
Forward Error Correction	FEC	"FEC" stands for Forward Error Correction. Forward Error Correction enables some of the voice packets that were corrupted or lost to be recovered. FEC adds an additional 50% overhead to the total network bandwidth consumed by the voice channel. Default = Off

About Logs

The Logs



The Logs Screen

Logs Total Number of Logs: 0		
Log# StartDate , Time Duration Type	Status IP Dir Mode From	
<u>.</u>	>	<u>Previous</u>
Call details Voice coder : Disconnect Reason : DTMF Capability : Outbound Digits Recvd : Outbound Digits Sent : Server Details :	Packets sent : Packets recvd : Packets lost : Bytes sent : Bytes recvd :	Eirst Lest Exit Delete File
From details Gateway Name : IP Address : Options :	To details Gateway Name : IP Address : Options :	
SC - Silence Compression FEC - Form Supplementary Services Info Call Transferred To : Call Forwarded To :	ward Error Correction	

Logs Screen Details: Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Log # column	1 or higher	All calls are assigned an event number in chronological order, with the most recent call having the highest event number.	
Start Date,Time column	dd:mm:yyyy hh:mm:ss	The starting time of the call (event). The date is presented as a day expression of one or two digits, a month expression of one or two digits, and a four-digit year. This is followed by a time-of-day expression presented as a two-digit hour, a two- digit minute, and a two-digit seconds value. (statistics, logs) field	
Duration column	hh:mm:ss	This describes how long the call (event) lasted in hours, minutes, and seconds.	
Туре	H.323, SIP, or SPP	Indicates the Call Signaling protocol used for the call (H.323, SIP, or SPP).	
Status column	success or failure	Displays the status of the call, i.e., whether the call was completed successfully or not.	
IP Direction	incoming, outgoing	Indicates whether the call is "incoming" or "outgoing" with respect to the gateway.	
Mode column	voice or FAX	Indicates whether the (event) being described was a voice call or a FAX call.	
From column	gateway name	Displays the name of the voice gateway that originates the call.	
To column	gateway name	Displays the name of the voice gateway that completes the call.	
Special	Buttons		
Previous		Displays log entry before currently selected one.	
Next		Displays log entry after currently selected one.	
First		Displays first log entry	
Last		Displays last log entry.	
Delete File		Deletes selected log file.	

Logs Screen Details: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Call Details			
Voice coder Disconnect	G.723, G.729, G.711, etc. Values are	The voice coder being used on this call. Indicates whether the call was	
Reason	"Normal" and "Local" disconnection.	disconnected simply because the desired conversation was done or some other irregular cause occasioned disconnection (e.g., a technical error or failure).	
DTMF Capability	inband, out of band Expressions differ slightly for different Call Signaling protocols (H.323, SIP, or SPP).	Indicates whether the DTMF dialing digits are carried "Inband" or "Out of Band." The corresponding field values differ for the 3 different voip protocols. For H.323, this field can display "Out of Band" or "Inband". For SIP it can display either "Out of Band RFC2833" or "Out of Band SIP INFO" to indicate the out-of-band condition or "Inband" to indicate the in-band condition. For SPP it can display "Out of Band RFC2833" or "Inband".	
Outbound Digits Received	0-9, #, *	The digits, sent by MultiVOIP to PBX/telco, that were acknowledged as having been received by the remote voip gateway.	
Outbound Digits Sent	0-9, #, *	The digits transmitted by the MultiVOIP to the PBX/telco for this call.	

Logs Screen Details: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Call D	etails		
Server Details	n.n.n.n for n= 0-255	When the MultiVOIP is operating in the non-direct mode (with Gatekeeper in H.323 mode; with proxy in SIP mode; or in the client/server configuration of SPP mode), this field shows the IP address of the server that is directing IP phone traffic.	
Packets sent	integer value	The number of data packets sent over the IP network in the course of this call.	
Packets received	integer value	The number of data packets received over the IP network in the course of this call.	
Packets loss (lost)	integer value	The number of voice packets from this call that were lost after being received from the IP network.	
Bytes sent	integer value	The number of bytes of data sent over the IP network in the course of this call.	
Bytes received	integer value	The number of bytes of data received over the IP network in the course of this call.	

Logs Screen Details: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Call Detai	ls (cont'd)		
FROM	Details		
Gateway Name	alphanumeric string	Identifier for the VOIP gateway that originated this call.	
IP Address	x.x.x.x, where x has a range of 0 to 255	IP address of the VOIP gateway from which the call was received.	
Options	FEC, SC	Displays VOIP transmission options used by the VOIP gateway originating the call. These may include Forward Error Correction or Silence Compression.	
TO D	etails		
Gateway Name	alphanumeric string	Identifier for the VOIP gateway that completed (terminated) this call.	
IP Address	x.x.x.x, where x has a range of 0 to 255	IP address of the VOIP gateway at which the call was completed (terminated).	
Options		Displays VOIP transmission options used by the VOIP gateway terminating the call. These may include Forward Error Correction or Silence Compression.	

Logs Screen Details: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
Supplementar	y Services Info		
Call Transferred	phone number	Number of party called in	
То	string	transfer.	
Call Forwarded	phone number	Number of party called in	
То	string	forwarding.	

About IP Statistics

Accessing IP Statistics			
Pulldown	lcon		
Statistics Call Progress Ctrl+Alt+A Logs Ctrl+O IP Statistics Ctrl+P Registered Gateway Details Ctrl+Alt+W Link Management Ctrl+2 Alternate Servers Ctrl+Alt+4	Connection <u>?</u> Help		
Shortcut	Sidebar		
Ctrl + P	 Configuration Advanced Phone Book Statistics Call Progress Logs IP Statistics Link Management Registered Gateway Servers Save Setup Connection Help 		

IP Statistics Screen

IP Statistics IP Address : 0 . 0	. 0 . 0	
Total Packets Transmitted 0	Received 0	<u>C</u> lear
UDP Packets Transmitted 0	Received 0	Exit
	Received with Errors 0	<u>H</u> elp
TCP Packets	Received 0	
Retransmitted 0	Received with Errors 0	
- RTP Packets		
Transmitted 0	Received 0	
	Received with Errors 0	
RTCP Packets		
Transmitted 0	Received 0	
	Received with Errors 0	

	IP Statistics: Field Definitions		
Field	Values Description		
Name			
		UDP versus TCP. (User Datagram	
	Protocol versus Transmission Control		
	Protocol). UDP provides		
	unguaranteed, connectionless		
	transmission of data across an IP		
		network. By contrast, TCP provides	
		reliable, connection-oriented	
		transmission of data	

IP Statistics: Field Definitions			
Field	Values	les Description	
Name			
Name		UDP versus TCP (continued). Both TCP and UDP split data into packets called "datagrams." However, TCP includes extra headers in the datagram to enable retransmission of lost packets and reassembly of packets into their correct order if they arrive out of order. UDP does not provide this. Lost UDP packets are unretrievable; that is, out-of-order UDP packets cannot be reconstituted in their proper order Despite these obvious disadvantages, UDP packets can be transmitted much faster than TCP packets as much as three times faster. In certain applications, like audio and video data transmission, the need for high speed outweighs the need for verified data integrity. Sound or pictures often remain intelligible despite a certain amount of lost or disordered data packets (which appear as static).	
IP Address	n.n.n.n 0 - 255	IP address of the MultiVOIP. For an IP address to be displayed here, the MultiVOIP must have DHCP enabled. Its IP address, in such a case, is assigned by the DHCP server.	
"Clear"		Clears packet tallies from memory.	
button			
	Packets	Sum of data packets of all types.	
Transmit ted	integer value	Total number of packets transmitted by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.	
Received	integer value	Total number of packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.	

IP Statistics: Field Definitions (cont'd)		
Field Name	Values	Description
	Packets	Sum of data packets of all types.
(co	nt'd)	
Received with Errors	integer value	Total number of error-laden packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.
UDP F	Packets	User Datagram Protocol packets.
Transmit ted	integer value	Number of UDP packets transmitted by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.
Received	integer value	Number of UDP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.
Received with Errors	integer value	Number of error-laden UDP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.
TCP F	Packets	Transmission Control Protocol packets.
Transmit ted	integer value	Number of TCP packets transmitted by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.
Received	integer value	Number of TCP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.
Received with Errors	integer value	Number of error-laden TCP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.

	IP Statistics: Field Definitions (cont'd)			
RTP F	Packets	Voice signals are transmitted in Realtime Transport Protocol packets. RTP packets are a type or subset of UDP packets.		
Transmit ted	integer value	Number of RTP packets transmitted by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.		
Received	integer value	Number of RTP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.		
Received with Errors	integer value	Number of error-laden RTP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.		
RTCP	Packets	Realtime Transport Control Protocol packets convey control information to assist in the transmission of RTP (voice) packets. RTCP packets are a type or subset of UDP packets.		
Transmit ted	integer value	Number of RTCP packets transmitted by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.		
Received	integer value	Number of RTCP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.		
Received with Errors	integer value	Number of error-laden RTCP packets received by this VOIP gateway since the last "clearing" or resetting of the counter within the MultiVOIP software.		

About Link Management

The Link Management screen is essentially an automated utility for pinging endpoints on your voip network. This utility generates pings of variable sizes at variable intervals and records the response to the pings.

Accessing Link Management Pulldown		
nc	ne	
Shortcut // Icon	Sidebar	
Ctrl + 2 // none	 Statistics Call Progress Logs IP Statistics <u>Link Management</u> T1/E1 Statistics Registered Gateway 	

Link Management Monitor Link IP Address to F	Ping 0.	0.0.0			
<u>P</u> ings per Test			Ping <u>S</u> ize in Bytes	32	
<u>R</u> esponse Time	eout 1000	ms	<u>T</u> ime Interval between Te	ests 0	min
		Start <u>N</u> ow	<u>C</u> lear		
Link Status					
IP Address	Pings Sent	Pings Recei	Round Trip Delay(Min/N	Ma Last Error	
4		Abort	Exit		×

Link Management screen Field Definitions			
Field Name Values		Description	
Monitor I	_ink fields		
IP Address to Ping	a.b.c.d 0-255	This is the IP address of the target endpoint to be pinged.	
Pings per Test	1-999	This field determines how many pings will be generated by the Start Now command.	
Response Timeout	500 – 5000 milliseconds	The duration after which a ping will be considered to have failed.	
Ping Size in Bytes	32 - 128 bytes	This field determines how long or large the ping will be.	
Timer Interval between Pings	0 or 30 – 6000 minutes	This field determines how long of a wait there is between one ping and the next.	
Start Now command button		Initiates pinging.	
Clear command button		Erases ping parameters in Monitor Link field group and restores default values.	

Link Management screen Field Definitions (cont'd)				
Field Name	Values	Description		
Link Status Parameters		These fields summarize the results of pinging.		
IP Address column	a.b.c.d 0-255	Target of ping.		
No. of Pings Sent	as listed	Number of pings sent to target endpoint.		
No. of Pings Received	as listed	Number of pings received by target endpoint.		
Round Trip Delay (Min/Max/ Avg)	as listed, in milliseconds	Displays how long it took from time ping was sent to time ping response was received.		
Last Error	as listed	Indicates when last data error occurred.		

About Registered Gateway Details

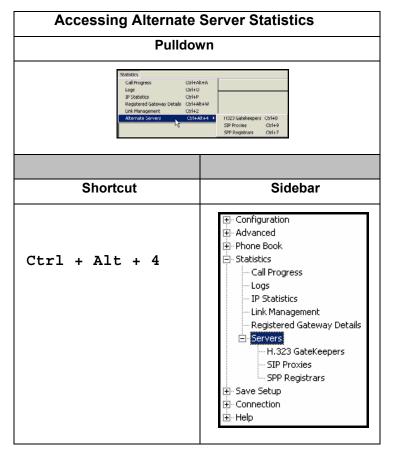
The Registered Gateway Details screen presents a real-time display of the special operating parameters of the Single Port Protocol (SPP). These are configured in the **Call Signaling** screen and in the **Add/Edit Outbound PhoneBook** screen.

Pulldown	lcon
Statistics Call Progress Ctrl+Alt+A Logs Ctrl+O IP Statistics Ctrl+P Registered Gateway Details Ctrl+Alt+W Link Management V3 Ctrl+2 Alternate Servers Ctrl+Alt+4	
Shortcut	Sidebar
Ctrl + Alt + W	 Configuration Advanced Phone Book Statistics Call Progress Logs IP Statistics Link Management Registered Gateway Details Servers Save Setup Connection Help

[^{Re}	egistered Endpoints—				
	Description	IP Address	Port	Register Duration	Status
	No of Entries : Details Count of Registe	<u>[0</u>	Port	Register Duration	Status

Registered Gateway Details: Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description	
Column	Headings		
Description	alphanumeric	This is a descriptor for a particular voip gateway unit. This descriptor should generally identify the physical location of the unit (e.g., city, building, etc.) and perhaps even its location in an equipment rack.	
IP Address	n.n.n.n, for n = 0-255	The RAS address for the gateway.	
Port	101 11 - 0-233	Port by which the gateway exchanges H.225 RAS messages with the gatekeeper	
Register Duration		The time remaining in seconds before the TimeToLive timer expires. If the gateway fails to reregister within this time, the endpoint is unregistered.	
Status		The current status of the gateway, either registered or unregistered.	
No. of Entries		The number of gateways currently registered to the Registrar. This includes all SPP clients registered and the Registrar itself.	
D	etails		
Count of Registered Numbers		If a registered gateway is selected (by clicking on it in the screen), The "Count of Registered Numbers" will indicate the number of registered phone numbers for the selected gateway. When a client registers, all of its inbound phonebook's phone numbers become registered.	
List of Registered Numbers		Lists all of the registered phone numbers for the selected gateway.	

About Alternate Server Statistics



F	1.323 GateKeep	ers				
	IP Address	Port	GK Name	Туре	Priority	Status
	65.126.90.143 65.126.90.92	1719 1719	MVP_SGK MVPGK1	Primary Predef	0 0	Registered Not Registere
	1					
			<u> </u>			

H.323 G	H.323 Gatekeepers (Statistics, Servers): Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description		
Column	Headings			
IP Address	n.n.n., for n = 0-255	The IP address of the gatekeeper.		
Port		TDMA time slot used for communication between MultiVOIP unit and the gatekeeper that serves it.		
GK Name	alpha-numeric string	Identifier for gatekeeper.		
Туре	Primary, Predefined	This field describes the type of gateway as which the MultiVOIP is defined with respect to the gatekeeper.		
Priority		Priority refers to		
Status	registered, not registered	The current status of the gateway, either registered or unregistered.		

SIP Proxies			
IP Address	Port	Туре	Status
65.126.90.112 65.126.90.110	5060 5060	Primary Alternate 1	Registered Not Registered
•		<u>E</u> xit	▶]

SIP	SIP Proxies (Statistics, Servers): Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description		
Columr	Headings			
IP Address	n.n.n., for n = 0-255	The IP address of the SIP proxy by which the MultiVOIP is governed.		
Port		TDMA time slot used for communication between MultiVOIP unit and the SIP Proxy that governs it.		
Туре	Primary, Alternate	This field describes the type of gateway as which the MultiVOIP is defined with respect to the gatekeeper.		
Status	registered, not registered	The current status of the MultiVOIP gateway with respect to the SIP proxy, either registered or unregistered.		

PP Registrars			
IP Address	Port	Туре	Status
65.126.90.24 65.126.90.81	10000 10000	Primary Predef 1	Registered Not Registered
<u> </u>		<u>E</u> xit	▶

SPP F	SPP Registrars (Statistics, Servers): Field Definitions			
Field Name	Values	Description		
Colum	n Headings			
IP Address	n.n.n.n, for n = 0-255	The IP address of the gatekeeper.		
Port		TDMA time slot used for communication between MultiVOIP unit and the gatekeeper that serves it.		
Туре	Primary, Predefined	This field describes the type of gateway as which the MultiVOIP is defined with respect to the gatekeeper.		
Status	registered, not registered	The current status of the gateway, either registered or unregistered.		

About Packetization Time

You can use the **Packetization Time** screen to specify definite packetization rates for coders selected in the Voice/FAX Parameters screen (in the "Coder Options" group of fields). The Packetization Time screen is accessible under the "Advanced" options entry in the sidebar list of the main voip software screen. In dealing with RTP parameters, the Packetization Time screen is closely related to both Voice/FAX Parameters and to IP Statistics. It is located in the "Advanced" group for ease of use.

Accessing Packetization Time			
Pul	ldown		
. ■ MultiVOIP v	04		
Configuration Adv	vanced Phone Boo <u>k</u>		
	Packetization Time		
	0.111		
Shortcut/Icon	Sidebar		
none/none	Configuration Advanced Advanced Packetization Time Pone Book Statistics Save Setup Connection Help		

Packetization Time Screen

<u> </u> <u> </u> <u> </u> Configuration	Packetization Time		
Advanced Packetization Time	Select Channel Channel 1	-	
	Select Channel Channel G711 Alaw@64 Kbps: 60 G711 Jaw@64 Kbps: 60 G711 Jaw@64 Kbps: 60 G726 @16 Kbps: 60 G726@24 Kbps: 60 G726@24 Kbps: 60 G726@24 Kbps: 60 G726@40 Kbps: 60 G727@46 Kbps: 60 G727@24/16 Kbps: 60 G727@24 Kbps: 60 G727@24 Kbps: 60	G727@40/16 Kbps : G727@40/24 Kbps : G727@40/23 Kbps : G723.1@5.3 Kbps : G723.1@6.3 Kbps : G723.1@6.4 Kbps : NetCoder@6.4 Kbps : NetCoder@7.2 Kbps : NetCoder@7.2 Kbps :	60 ▼ 0½ 60 ▼ Cancel 60 ▼ Copy Channel 60 ▼ Default 60 ▼ Help 60 ▼ 60 ▼
	G727@32/16 Kbps : 60 G727@32/24 Kbps : 60	Netcoder@8.8 Kbps : Netcoder@9.6 Kbps :	
	G727@32 Kbp <u>s</u> : 60		

Packetization rates can be set separately for each channel.

The table below presents the ranges and increments for packetization rates.

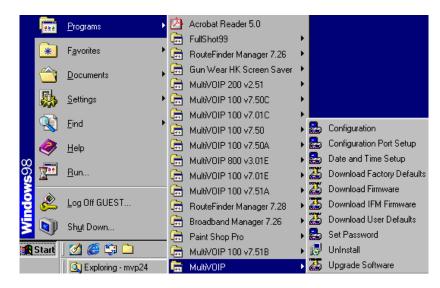
Packetization Ranges and Increments				
Coder Types	Range (in Kbps); {default value}		Increments (in Kbps)	
G711, G726, G727	5-120	{5}	5	
G723	30-120	{30}	30	
G729	10-120	{10}	10	
Netcoder	20-120	{20}	20	

Once the packetization rate has been set for one channel, it can be copied into other channels.

Packetization Time	
Select Channel Channel 1	
Packetization Rate	
G711 <u>A</u> law@64 Kbps : 5 💌 G727 <u>@</u> 40/16 Kbps : 5 💌	0 <u>K</u>
G711 U law@64 Kbps : 5 💌 G727@40/24 Kbps : 5 💌	<u>C</u> ancel
	Copy Channel
and the second s	/
Copy Channel Copy Channel 1 Packetization Parameters to : Copy to <u>A</u> ll	
Cha <u>n</u> nelsCancel	1
	/
6 7 8 9 10	<i>[</i>
🗆 11 🗖 12 🗖 13 🗖 14 🗖 15	
□ 16 □ 17 □ 18 □ 19 □ 20	

MultiVoip Program Menu Items

After the MultiVoip program is installed on the PC, it can be launched from the **Programs** group of the Windows **Start** menu (**Start** | **Programs** | **MultiVOIP** _____ | ...). In this section, we describe the software functions available on this menu.



Several basic software functions are accessible from the MultiVoip software menu, as shown below.

MultiVOIP Program Menu		
Menu Selection	Description	
Configuration	Select this to enter the Configuration program where values for IP, telephony, and other parameters are set.	
Configuration Port Setup	Select this to access the COM Port Setup screen of the MultiVOIP Configuration program.	
Date and Time Setup	Select this for access to set calendar/clock used for data logging.	

MultiVOIP Program Menu (cont'd)					
Menu Selection	Description				
Download Factory Defaults	Select this to return the configuration parameters to the original factory values.				
Download Firmware	Select this to download new versions of firmware as enhancements become available.				
Download IFM Firmware	Select this to download new versions of IFM firmware as enhancements become available. The Interface Module (IFM) is the telephony interface for analog MultiVOIP units (MVP130, MVP130FXS, MVP210, MVP410, MVP810). There is one IFM for each channel of the MultiVOIP unit. For each channel, the IFM handles the analog signals to and from the attached telephone, PBX or CO line.				
Download User Defaults	To be used after a full set of parameter values, values specified by the user, have been saved (using Save Setup). This command loads the saved user defaults into the MultiVOIP.				
Set Password	Select this to create a password for access to the MultiVOIP software programs (Program group commands, Windows GUI, web browser GUI, & FTP server). Only the FTP Server function <i>requires</i> a password for access. The FTP Server function also requires that a username be established along with the password.				
Uninstall	Select this to uninstall the MultiVOIP software (most, but not all components are removed from computer when this command is invoked).				
Upgrade Software	Loads firmware (including H.323 stack) and settings from the controller PC to the MultiVOIP unit. User can choose whether to load Factory Default Settings or Current Configuration settings.				

"Downloading" here refers to transferring program files from the PC to the nonvolatile "flash" memory of the MultiVOIP. Such transfers are made via the PC's serial port. This can be understood as a "download" from the perspective of the MultiVOIP unit.

When new versions of the MultiVoip software become available, they will be posted on MultiTech's web or FTP sites. Although transferring updated program files from the MultiTech web/FTP site to the user's PC can generally be considered a download (from the perspective of the PC), this type of download cannot be initiated from the MultiVoip software's Program menu command set.

Generally, updated firmware must be downloaded from the MultiTech web/FTP site to the PC before it can be loaded from the PC to the MultiVOIP.

Configuration Option

The "Configuration" option in the MultiVOIP Program menu launches the MultiVOIP Configuration software program.

Configuration Port Setup

The Configuration Port Setup option in the MultiVOIP Program menu brings up the **COM Port Setup** screen of the MultiVOIP configuration software.

COM Port Setup		
<u>S</u> e	lect Port COM1	<u> </u>
<u>B</u> a	ud Rate: 115200 💌	<u>C</u> ancel
- Modern Setup)	
	nit String ATS0=1&E5\$SB115200&D1	Help
Init <u>B</u>	esponse OK	
D	2ial String	
C <u>o</u> nnect R	esponse CONNECT	
H <u>a</u> ng	up String +++ATH0	
	ere is a Dial String specified in Modem Setup, Confi rams will try to initialize modem and dial this string.	guration

Date and Time Setup

The dialog box below allows you to set the time and date indicators of the MultiVOIP system.

Date and Time Settings	
<u>D</u> ate[mm/dd/yy]:	10/ 9/01
Time[hh:mm:ss] :	11:17:25 AM
Set	Cancel

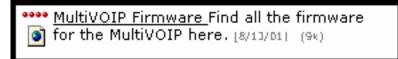
Obtaining Updated Firmware

Generally, updated firmware must be downloaded from the MultiTech web/FTP site to the user's PC before it can be downloaded from that PC to the MultiVOIP.

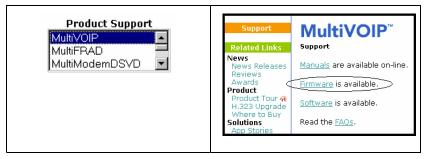
Note that the structure of the MultiTech web/FTP site may change without notice. However, firmware updates can generally be found using standard web techniques. For example, you can access updated firmware by doing a search or by clicking on **Support**.



If you conduct a search, for example, on the word "MultiVoip," you will be directed to a list of firmware that can be downloaded.



If you choose **Support**, you can select "MultiVoip" in the **Product Support** menu and then click on **Firmware** to find MultiVOIP resources.



Once the updated firmware has been located, it can be downloaded from the web/ftp site using normal PC/Windows procedures. While the next 3 screens below pertain to the MVP3010, similar screens will appear for any MultiVOIP model described in this manual.



781 KB of MVP301f.	EXE Copied	
8		
Saving: MVP3000x.EXE fr	om ftp.multitech.com	
Estimated time left: Download to: Transfer rate:	Not known (Opened so far 781 I C:\VoipSystem\MVP3000\\MV 260 KB/sec	KB) P301f.EXE
Close this dialog b	ox when download completes	
	Open Open Folder	Cancel

Generally, the firmware file will be a self-extracting compressed file (with .zip extension), which must be expanded (decompressed, or "unzipped") on the user's PC in a user-specified directory.

WinZip Self-Extractor - MVP30	1f.EXE	×
To unzip all files in MVP301f.EXE to folder press the Unzip button.) the specified	<u>U</u> nzip
Unzip to <u>f</u> older:	4	Run <u>₩</u> inZip
C:\Acme-Inc\MVP3000-firm	<u>B</u> rowse	<u>C</u> lose
verwrite files without prompting)	About
		<u>H</u> elp

Implementing a Software Upgrade

MultiVOIP software can be upgraded locally using a single command at the MultiVOIP Windows GUI, namely **Upgrade Software**. This command downloads firmware (including the H.323 stack), and factory default settings from the controller PC to the MultiVOIP unit.

When using the MultiVOIP Windows GUI, firmware and factory default settings can also be transferred from controller PC to MultiVOIP piecemeal using separate commands.

When using the MultiVOIP web browser GUI to control/configure the voip remotely, upgrading of software must be done on a piecemeal basis using the FTP Server function of the MultiVOIP unit.

When performing a piecemeal software upgrade (whether from the Windows GUI or web browser GUI), follow these steps in order:

- 1. Identify Current Firmware Version
- 2. Download Firmware
- 3. Download Factory Defaults

When upgrading firmware, the software commands "Download Firmware," and "Download Factory Defaults" must be implemented in order, else the upgrade is incomplete.

Identifying Current Firmware Version

Before implementing a MultiVOIP firmware upgrade, be sure to verify the firmware version currently loaded on it. The firmware version appears in the MultiVoip Program menu. Go to **Start | Programs | MultiVOIP _____ x.xx**. The final expression, x.xx, is the firmware version number. In the illustration below, the firmware version is 4.00a, made for the E1 MultiVOIP (MVP3010).

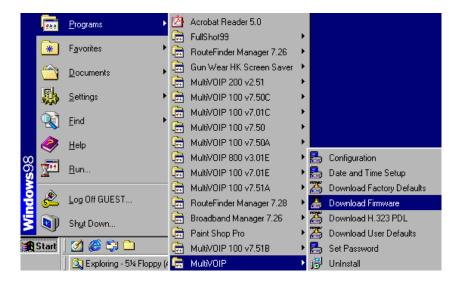


When a new firmware version is installed, the MultiVOIP software can be upgraded in one step using the **Upgrade Software** command, or piecemeal using the **Download Firmware** command and the **Download Factory Defaults** command. **Download Firmware** transfers the firmware (including the H.323 protocol stack) in the PC's MultiVOIP directory into the nonvolatile flash memory of the MultiVOIP.

Download Factory Defaults sets all configuration parameters to the standard default values that are loaded at the MultiTech factory. **Upgrade Software** implements both the **Download Firmware** command and the **Download Factory Defaults** command.

Downloading Firmware

- 1. The MultiVoip Configuration program must be off when invoking the **Download Firmware** command. If it is on, the command will not work.
- 2. To invoke the Download Factory Defaults command, go to **Start** | **Programs** | **MVP**____**x.xx** | **Download Firmware**.



3. If a password has been established, the **Password Verification** screen will appear.

Password Verification
Enter Configuration Password
Password : X****
O <u>K</u> <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Type in the password and click **OK**.

4. The **MultiVOIP** _____ - **Firmware** screen appears saying "MultiVOIP [model number] is up. Reboot to Download Firmware?"

MultiV0IP	- Firmware	×
MultiVOIP	is Up.Reboot to Downloa	ad Firmware
	OK Cancel	

Click OK to download the firmware.

The "Boot" LED on the MultiVOIP will light up and remain lit during the file transfer process.

5. The program will locate the firmware ".bin" file in the MultiVOIP directory. Highlight the correct (newest) ".bin" file and click **Open**.

Open				1	'×
Look jn: 🔁	MultiVOIP	• E	<u></u>	<u>r</u>	
mvpt1.bin	N				
	4				
File <u>n</u> ame:	mvpt1			<u>O</u> pen	
Files of <u>type</u> :	Code Files (*.bin)		•	Cancel	

6. Progress bars will appear at the bottom of the screen during the file transfer.

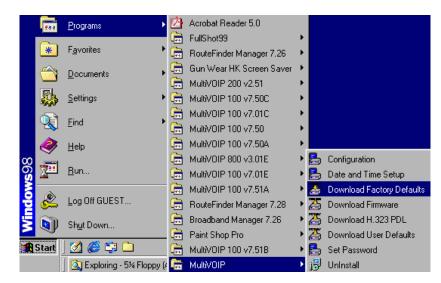
									•															
Γ																								
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dow	nloa	iding	l Cor	nfigu	iratio	on(P	ack	ets S	Sent	:2,4	Acks	s rec	eive	:d:2,	. Erro	ors:0	I):				Π			

The MultiVOIP's "Boot" LED will turn off at the end of the transfer.

7. The Download Firmware procedure is complete.

Downloading Factory Defaults

- 1. The MultiVoip Configuration program must be off when invoking the **Download Factory Defaults** command. If it is on, the command will not work.
- 2.To invoke the **Download Factory Defaults** command, go to **Start** | **Programs** | **MVP**____**x.xx** | **Download Factory Defaults**.



3. If a password has been established, the **Password Verification** screen will appear.

Password Verification
Enter Configuration Password
Password : X*****
O <u>K</u> CancelHelp

Type in the password and click **OK**.

4. The **MVP_____- Firmware** screen appears saying "MultiVOIP [model number] is up. Reboot to Download Firmware?"

MultiV01P	- Firmwa	- Firmware					
MultiV0IP	is Up.Reb	oot to Download	d Firmware				
	OK	Cancel					

Click **OK** to download the factory defaults.

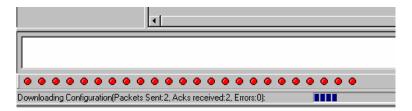
The "Boot" LED on the MultiVOIP will light up and remain lit during the file transfer process.

5. After the PC gets a response from the MultiVOIP, the **Dialog – IP Parameters** screen will appear.

Dialog	×
☐ IP Parameters	
Diff Serv Parameters	
Call Control PHB : 34	
VoIP Media PHB : 46	
☐ IP Parameters	
Enable DHCP	<u> </u>
IP Address : 192 . 168 . 3 . 143	<u>C</u> ancel
IP Mask : 255 . 255 . 255 . 0	Help
Gateway : · · ·	

The user should verify that the correct IP parameter values are listed on the screen and revise them if necessary. Then click **OK**.

6. Progress bars will appear at the bottom of the screen during the data transfer.



The MultiVOIP's "Boot" LED will turn off at the end of the transfer.

7. The Download Factory Defaults procedure is complete.

Downloading IFM Firmware

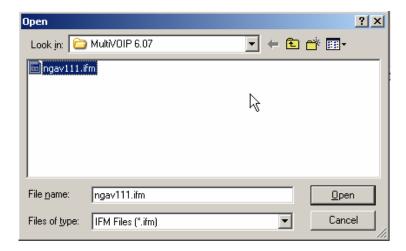
The Interface Module (IFM) is the telephony interface for analog MultiVOIP units (MVP130, MVP130FXS, MVP210, MVP410, MVP810). There is one IFM for each channel of the MultiVOIP unit. For each channel, the IFM handles the analog signals to and from the attached telephone, PBX or CO line. The IFM communicates with the main processor indicating the status of the telephone line. For example, it might indicate that a phone is off hook (FXS) or that an incoming ring is present (FXO). The IFM receives operating instructions from the voip's main processor. For example, the IFM might be instructed to ring the phone (FXS) or seize the line (FXO). The IFM contains a codec (coder/decoder) to convert the incoming audio to a PCM stream (pulse code modulation) which it sends to the DSP (digital signal processor). The IFM's codec also converts outgoing PCM to audio.

The firmware of the IFMs will change from time to time and you may need to upgrade the firmware on your MultiVOIP unit. To do so, follow these instructions.

- 1. In the **System Information** screen of the MultiVOIP Configuration software, check the version number of the IFM firmware already installed on the MultiVOIP unit. Write down the version number.
- 2. Exit the Configuration software program. The MultiVoip Configuration program must be off when invoking the **Download IFM Firmware** command. If it is on, the command will not work.
- 3.To invoke the **Download IFM Firmware** command, go to **Start** | **Programs** | **MVP**____**x.xx** | **Download IFM Firmware**.
- 4. A warning window will appear: "Downloading IFM Firmware will reboot the MultiVOIP. Do you want to continue?" Click **OK**.

MultiVOIP
Downloading IFM Firmware will Reboot the MultiVOIP. Do you want to continue?
OK Cancel

- 4. The "Boot" LED on the front panel of the MultiVOIP will come on.
- 5. The software will search for an IFM firmware file to use to upgrade the system. If the file found represents firmware newer than that already installed on the MultiVOIP (or if you want to overwrite the same version of firmware) click **Open**.

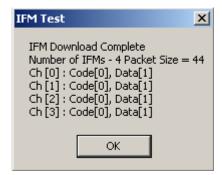


6. The **IFM Firmware Download** screen will appear. Select "Copy to All IFMs" and click **OK**. (Only in very special circumstances would different IFMs in the same voip be loaded with different IFM firmware.)

IFM Firmware Download	
Oownload Mode	
Copy To All IFMs	
IFM1 IFM2 IFM3 IFM4	
🗖 IFM5 🗖 IFM6 🗖 IFM7 🗖 IFM8	
OK Cancel	

7. The main MultiVOIP Configuration screen will appear. Progress bars can be seen at the bottom of the screen while files are being copied.

8. Then a completion screen entitled **IFM Test** will appear.



Click OK.

- 9. The MultiVOIP will reboot itself. When the reboot is complete, the MultiVOIP Configuration screen will close.
- 10. The IFM firmware downloading process is complete.

Setting and Downloading User Defaults

The **Download User Defaults** command allows you to maintain a known working configuration that is specific to your VOIP system. You can then experiment with alterations or improvements to the configurations confident that a working configuration can be restored if necessary.

1. Before you can invoke the Download User Defaults command, you must first save a set of configuration parameters by using the **Save Setup** command in the sidebar menu of the MultiVOIP software.

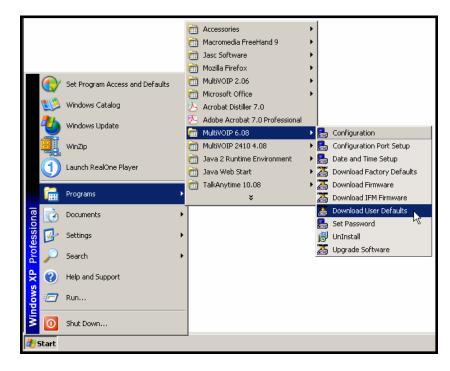


2. Before the setup configuration is saved, you will be prompted to save the setup as the User Default Configuration. Select the checkbox and click **OK**.

Save Current Setup as User Default Configuration					
MultiVOIP will be brought down.					
<u>O</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel	Help			

A user default file will be created. The MultiVOIP unit will reboot itself.

3. To download the user defaults, go to Start | Programs | MultiVOIP xxx | Download User Defaults.

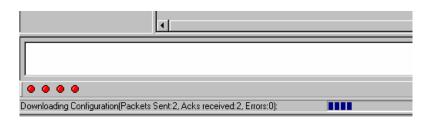


4. A confirmation screen will appear indicating that this action will entail rebooting the MultiVOIP.



Click OK.

5. Progress bars will appear during the file transfer process.



5. When the file transfer process is complete, the **Dialog-- IP Parameters** screen will appear.

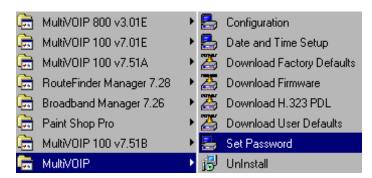
Dialog	×
IP Parameters Diff Serv Parameters Call Control <u>P</u> HB : 34 VolP Media PHB : 46	YPE-II
IP Parameters	0 <u>K</u>
IP Address : 192 . 168 . 3 . 143	<u>C</u> ancel
IP Mask : 255 . 255 . 255 . 0	Help
<u>G</u> ateway :	

6. Set the IP values per your particular VOIP system. Click **OK**. Progress bars will appear as the MultiVOIP reboots itself.

Setting a Password (Windows GUI)

After a user name has been designated and a password has been set, that password is required to gain access to any functionality of the MultiVOIP software. Only one user name and password can be assigned to a voip unit. The user name will be required when communicating with the MultiVOIP via the web browser GUI.

- **NOTE**: Record your user name and password in a safe place. If the password is lost, forgotten, or unretrievable, the user must contact MultiTech Tech Support in order to resume use of the MultiVOIP unit.
- 1. The MultiVoip configuration program must be off when invoking the **Set Password** command. If it is on, the command will not work.
- 2. To invoke the **Set Password** command, go to **Start** | **Programs** | **MVP_____ x.xx** | **Set Password**.



3. You will be prompted to confirm that you want to establish a password, which will entail rebooting the MultiVOIP (which is done automatically).

MultiV0IP	- Password 🛛 🛛 🛛	(
MultiVOIP	is Up.Reboot to set password			
	DK Cancel			

Click OK to proceed with establishing a password.

4. The **Password** screen will appear. If you intend to use the FTP Server function that is built into the MultiVOIP, enter a user name. (A User Name is not needed to access the local Windows GUI, the web browser GUI, or the commands in the **Program** group.) Type your password in the **Password** field of the **Password** screen. Type this same password again in the **Confirm Password** field to verify the password you have chosen.

NOTE: Be sure to write down your password in a convenient but secure place. If the password is forgotten, contact MultiTech Technical Support for advice.

Pass	word
	Password
	User Name :
	New Password :
	Reconfirm Password :
	OK <u>C</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

Click OK.

5. A message will appear indicating that a password has been set successfully.

MultiV0IP	- Password 🛛 🗙			
MultiVOIP	is Up.R	eboot to set pa	ssword	
	OK)	Cancel]	

After the password has been set successfully, the MultiVOIP will reboot itself and, in so doing, its **BOOT** LED will light up.

6. After the password has been set, the user will be required to enter the password to gain access to the web browser GUI and any part of the MultiVOIP software listed in the **Program** group menu. User Name and Password are both needed for access to the FTP Server residing in the MultiVOIP.

Password Verification
Enter Configuration Password
Password : xxxxxx
O <u>K</u> ancel <u>H</u> elp

When MultiVOIP program asks for password at launch of program, the program will simply shut down if **CANCEL** is selected.

The MultiVOIP program will produce an error message if an invalid password is entered.

MultiVOIP	\times
Invalid Password	
OK	

Setting a Password (Web Browser GUI)

Setting a password is optional when using the MultiVOIP web browser GUI. Only one password can be assigned and it works for all MultiVOIP software functions (Windows GUI, web browser GUI, FTP server, and all Program menu commands, e.g., Upgrade Software – only the FTP Server function requires a User Name in addition to the password). After a password has been set, that password is required to access the MultiVOIP web browser GUI.

NOTE: Record your user name and password in a safe place. If the password is lost, forgotten, or unretrievable, the user must contact MultiTech Tech Support in order to resume use of the MultiVOIP web browser GUI.

MultiVOIP 410 Configuration Advanced Phone Book	MultiTech Systems
Statistics Change Password Save & Reboot Logout Lego	Current Permission: ReadWrite Password Change User Name default OK Old Password New Password Reconfirm Password

Un-Installing the MultiVOIP Software

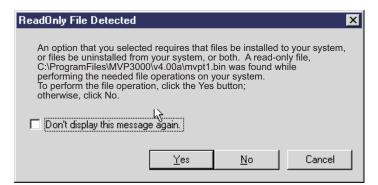
1. To un-install the MultiVOIP configuration software, go to **Start** | **Programs** and locate the MultiVOIP entry. Select **Uninstall MVP**_____ **vx.xx** (versions may vary).



2. Two confirmation screens will appear. Click **Yes** and **OK** when you are certain you want to continue with the uninstallation process.

-	
Confirm	File Deletion 🛛 🛛 🔀
?	Are you sure you want to completely remove the selected application and all of its components?
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o
Confirm	File Deletion
Do you	want to completely remove the selected application and all of its components?
	OK Cancel

3. A special warning message similar to that shown below may appear for the MultiVOIP software's ".bin" file. Click **Yes**.



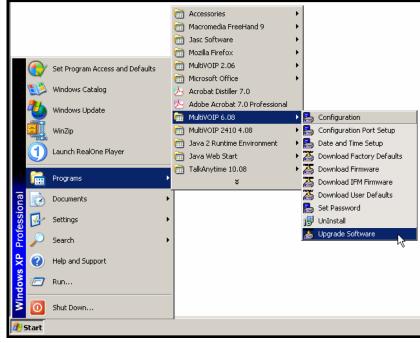
4. A completion screen will appear.



Click Finish.

Upgrading Software

As noted earlier (see the section *Implementing a Software Upgrade* above), the Upgrade Software command transfers, from the controller PC to the MultiVOIP unit, firmware (including the H.323 stack) and settings. The settings can be either Factory Default Settings or Current Configuration Settings.



NOTE: To upgrade a MultiVOIP from software version 6.04 or earlier, an ftp primer file must first be sent to the VOIP. This file is located in the Software/ftp Primer folder on the CD and the file name is "FTP_Primer.bin". Before uploading this file, it must be renamed "mvpt1ftp.bin". The VoIP will only accept files of this name. This is a safety precaution to prevent the wrong files from being uploaded to the VoIP. Once the primer file has been uploaded, upload the FTP firmware file. If you accepted the defaults during the software loading process, this file is located on your local drive at C:\Program Files\Multi-Tech Systems\MultiVOIP 6.08 where the X is the software number and the .08 is the version number of the MultiVOIP software on your local drive. Of course the firmware file is named 'mvpt1ftp.bin'. Important: You cannot go back to 6.04 or earlier versions using FTP. You must use 'upgradesoftware' via the serial port. Important: These ftp upgrade instructions do not apply to software release 6.05 and above.

FTP Server File Transfers ("Downloads")

MultiTech has built an FTP server into the MultiVOIP unit. Therefore, file transfers from the controller PC to the voip unit can be done using an FTP client program or even using a browser (e.g., Internet Explorer, Netscape, or FireFox, used in conjunction with Windows Explorer).

The terminology of "downloads" and "uploads" gets a bit confusing in this context. File transfers from a client to a server are typically considered "uploads." File transfers from a large repository of data to machines with less data capacity are considered "downloads." In this case, these metaphors are contradictory: the FTP server is actually housed in the MultiVOIP unit, and the controller PC, which is actually the repository of the info to be transferred, uses an FTP client program. In this situation, we have chosen to call the transfer of files from the PC to the voip "downloads." (Be aware that some FTP client programs may use the opposite terminology, i.e., they may refer to the file transfer as an "upload ")

You can download firmware, CAS telephony protocols, default configuration parameters, and phonebook data for the MultiVOIP unit with this FTP functionality. These downloads are done over a network, not by a local serial port connection. Consequently, voips at distant locations can be updated from a central control point.

The phonebook downloading feature greatly reduces the data-entry required to establish inbound and outbound phonebooks for the voip units within a system. Although each MultiVOIP unit will require some unique phonebook entries, most will be common to the entire voip system. After the phonebooks for the first few voip units have been compiled, phonebooks for additional voips become much simpler: you copy the common material by downloading and then do data entry for the few phonebook items that are unique to that particular voip unit or voip site. To transfer files using the FTP server functionality in the MultiVOIP, follow these directions.

1. **Establish Network Connection and IP Addresses**. Both the controller PC and the MultiVOIP unit(s) must be connected to the same IP network. An IP address must be assigned for each.

IP Address of Control PC	·	·	·	
IP Address of voip unit #1	·	·	·	
:	:	:	:	:
IP address of voip unit #n	·	·	·	

2. **Establish User Name and Password**. You must establish a user name and (optionally) a password for contacting the voip over the IP network. (When connection is made via a local serial connection between the PC and the voip unit, no user name is needed.)

MultiVOIP 410 v6.08 [Firmware - Sep 06 2006] - Microsoft Internet Explorer							
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew I	avorite " Address Address Address Address avoite av] (
MultiVOIP 410 Configuration Phone Book Statistics Change Passy Save & Reboo	MultiTech						
- Logout	Current Permission: Read/Write						
©- Help	Password Change User Name voip1 Old Password						

As shown above, the username and password can be set in the web GUI as well as in the Windows GUI.

3. **Install FTP Client Program or Use Substitute**. You *should* install an FTP client program on the controller PC. FTP file transfers can be done using a web browser (e.g., Netscape or Internet Explorer) in conjunction with a local Windows browser a (e.g., Windows Explorer), but this approach is somewhat clumsy (it requires use of two application programs rather than one) and it limits downloading to only one VOIP unit at a time. With an FTP client program, multiple voips can receive FTP file transmissions in response to a single command (the transfers may occur serially however).

Although MultiTech does not provide an FTP client program with the MultiVOIP software or endorse any particular FTP client program, we remind our readers that adequate FTP programs are readily available under retail, shareware and freeware licenses. (Read and observe any End-User License Agreement carefully.) Two examples of this are the "WSFTP" client and the "SmartFTP" client, with the former having an essentially text-based interface and the latter having a more graphically oriented interface, as of this writing. User preferences will vary. Examples here show use of both programs.

4. **Enable FTP Functionality**. Go to the **IP Parameters** screen and click on the "FTP Server: Enable" box.

	itization (802.)	1p) <u>F</u> rame	Type TYPE-II	•	
802.1p Parame	ters				
Priority-			. =	ר	0 <u>K</u>
Lall	Control	3-Excellent Effo	nt 💌		
VolP	'Media	6-Voice	-		<u>C</u> ano
	Others	0-Best Effort	•		Hel
V	LAN ID	1			
Gateway Name : E <u>n</u> able DHCF IP <u>A</u> ddress :	9 192 . 168	3 . 3 . 143 5 . 255 . 0	Diff Serv Para Call Contro ⊻olP Medi FTP Server	ы <u>Р</u> НВ : 34 а РНВ : 46	
IP Mask :		· ·	I ⊻ Ena <u>b</u> ie		
Gateway:	8				
<u>G</u> ateway :	, 				

5. Identify Files to be Updated. Determine which files you want to update. Six types of files can be updated using the FTP feature. In some cases, the file to be transferred will have "Ftp" as the part of its filename just before the suffix (or extension). So, for example, the file "mvpt1Ftp.bin" can be transferred to update the bin file (firmware) residing in the MultiVOIP. Similarly, the file "fxo_loopFtp.cas" could be transferred to enable use of the FXO Loop Start telephony interface in one of the analog voip units and the file "r2_brazilFtp.cas" could be transferred to enable a particular telephony protocol used in Brazil. Note, however, that before any CAS file can be used as an update, it must be renamed to CASFILE.CAS so that it overwrites and replaces the default CAS file.

File Type	File Names	Description		
firmware "bin" file	mvpt1Ftp.bin	This is the MultiVOIP firmware file. Only one file of this type will be in the directory.		
factory defaults	fdefFtp.cnf	This file contains factory default settings for user-changeable configuration parameters. Only one file of this type will be in the directory.		
CAS file fxo_loopFtp.cas, em_winkFtp.cas, r2_brazilFtp.cas r2_chinaFtp.cas		These telephony files are for Channel Associated Signaling. The directory contains many CAS files, some labeled for specific functionality, others for countries or regions where certain attributes are standard. Any CAS file used must first be renamed to "CASFILE.CAS."		
inbound phonebook	InPhBk.tmr	This file updates the inbound phonebook in the MultiVOIP unit.		
outbound phonebook	OutPhBk.tmr	This file updates the outbound phonebook in the MultiVOIP unit.		

6. **Contact MultiVOIP FTP Server**. You must make contact with the FTP Server in the voip using either a web browser or FTP client program. Enter the IP address of the MultiVOIP's FTP Server. If you are using a browser, the address must be preceded by "ftp://" (otherwise you'll reach the web GUI within the MultiVOIP unit).

Į	🙇 ftp:/	//192.	168.2.	2007 -	Microso	oft Inter	net Ex	plorer		
	<u> </u>	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	<u>G</u> o	»	<¦⊐ Back	* *	Address (tp://192.168.2.200/	•	∂Go

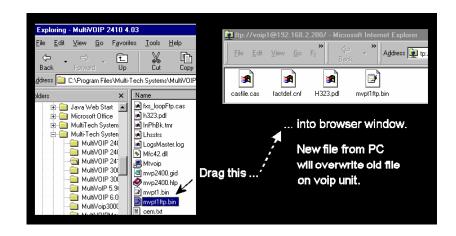
7. **Log In**. Use the User Name and password established in item #2 above. The login screens will differ depending on whether the FTP file transfer is to be done with a web browser (see first screen below) or with an FTP client program (see second screen below).

Login As				×
? >			r anonymously. Er ess Login to contir	
	FTP Server:	192.168.2.200		
	<u>U</u> ser Name:	voip1		•
	Password:			
	After you login, y adding it to your		this FTP server e	asily by
	Login <u>A</u> nony	vmously	Save Passw	ord
			<u>L</u> ogin	Cancel

🧭 SmartFTP v1.0 Build 969	
ETP Commands View Tools	s F <u>a</u> vorites <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp
🛛 🥹 🕅 🧏 😰 🙆 👘 🕫	; 📑 🕞 🕥 🎕 🛤 - 🛛 💐 🐂 - 🛛 🐥 –
Address 💿 🔹 💽 192.168.2.20	00 💽
Login username Pass	sword Port 21 Anonymous
Name	Enter Login Information
	FTP Login voip1 Password
	Proxy Login Password
192.168.2.200 mvp24-402 Fr-m mvp24-bam	OK <u>C</u> ancel

8. **Invoke Download**. Downloading can be done with a web browser or with an FTP client program.

- 8A. Download with Web Browser.
 - 8A1. In the local Windows browser, locate the directory holding the MultiVOIP program files. The default location will be C:\Program Files \Multi-Tech Systems \MultiVOIP xxxx yyyy (where x and y represent MultiVOIP model numbers and software version numbers).
 - 8A2. Drag-and-drop files from the local Windows browser (e.g., Windows Explorer) to the web browser.



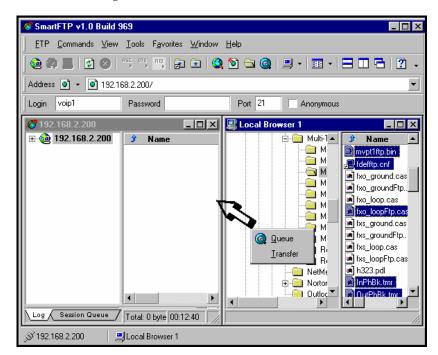
You may be asked to confirm the overwriting of files on the MultiVOIP. Do so.

Confirm F	ïle Replace	X			
÷,	This folder already contains a file called 'mvpt1ftp.bin'.				
	Would you like to replace the existing file				
	0 bytes (0 bytes) Tuesday, January 01, 1980 12:00 PM				
	with this one?				
	1.79 MB (1,881,364 bytes) Monday, September 09, 2002 7:41 PM				
	Yes to <u>A</u> ll <u>N</u> o Cancel				

File transfer between PC and voip will look like transfer within voip directories.

Copying	
	e
Copying 'fdefftp.cnf'	
From 'C:\Program Files\Multi-Tech Systems	\MultiVOIP 2410 4.03' to '/'
	Cancel

- 8B. Download with FTP Client Program.
 - 8B1. In the local directory browser of the FTP client program, locate the directory holding the MultiVOIP program files. The default location will be C:\Program Files \Multi-Tech Systems \MultiVOIP xxxx yyyy (where x and y represent MultiVOIP model numbers and software version numbers).
 - 8B2. In the FTP client program window, drag-and-drop files from the local browser pane to the pane for the MultiVOIP FTP server. FTP client GUI operations vary. In some cases, you can choose between immediate and queued transfer. In some cases, there may be automated capabilities to transfer to multiple destinations with a single command.



Some FTP client programs are more graphically oriented (see previous screen), while others (like the "WS-FTP" client) are more text oriented.

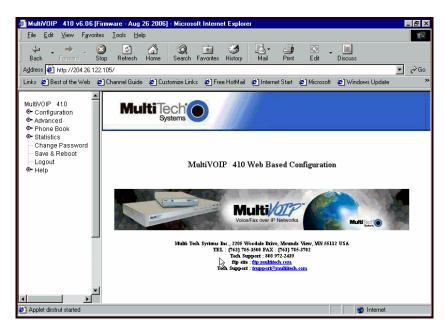
FTP WS_FTP LE 192.168.2.200					_ 🗆 ×
Local System		Remo	te Site		
C:\Program Files\Mul	ti 🔻				
Image: Constraint of the second se	Exec A		Name asfile.cas actdef.cnf 323.pdl vpt1ftp.bin	Date	ChgDir MkDir View Exec Hename Delete Refresh Dirlnfo
	• Bina	arv			
150 Here it comes Received 52 bytes in 1.0 secs, (5 226 Transfer OK, Closing connect	528.99 bps), trar	-	eded		• •
<u>C</u> lose Ca <u>n</u> cel <u>L</u> o	ogWnd	<u>H</u> elp	<u>O</u> ptions	About	E <u>x</u> it

9. **Verify Transfer**. The files transferred will appear in the directory of the MultiVOIP.



10. **Log Out of FTP Session**. Whether the file transfer was done with a web browser or with an FTP client program, you *must* log out of the FTP session before opening the MultiVOIP Windows GUI.

Web Browser Interface



You can control the MultiVOIP unit with a graphic user interface (GUI) based on the common web browser platform. Qualifying browsers are InternetExplorer6, Netscape6, and Mozilla FireFox 1.0.

MultiVOIP Web Browser GUI Overview			
Function	Remote configuration and control of MultiVOIP units.		
Configuration Prerequisite	Local Windows GUI must be used to assign IP address to MultiVOIP.		
Browser Version Requirement	Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher; or Netscape 6.0 or higher; or Mozilla FireFox 1.0 or higher.		
Java Requirement	Java Runtime Environment version 1.4.0_01 or higher (this application program is included with MultiVOIP)		
Video Usability	large video monitor recommended		

The initial configuration step of assigning the voip unit an IP address must still be done locally using the Windows GUI. However, all additional configuration can be done via the web GUI.

The content and organization of the web GUI is directly parallel to the Windows GUI. For each screen in the Windows GUI, there is a corresponding screen in the web GUI. The fields on each screen are the same, as well.

The Windows GUI gives access to commands via icons and pulldown menus whereas the web GUI does not.

& MultiYoIP-MultiYOIP 410 v6.08.CY (Firmware : Aug 04 2005)	
Configuration Advanced Phone Book Statistics Download Connection 7Help	
- Supplementary Services Others Others	OK (ancel Help
	in: It

The web GUI, however, cannot perform logging in the same direct mode done in the Windows GUI. However, when the web GUI is used, logging can be done by email (SMTP).

The graphic layout of the web GUI is also somewhat larger-scale than that of the Windows GUI. For that reason, it's helpful to use as large of a video monitor as possible.

The primary advantage of the web GUI is remote access for control and configuration. The controller PC and the MultiVOIP unit itself must both be connected to the same IP network and their IP addresses must be known.

In order to use the web GUI, you must also install a Java application program on the controller PC. This Java program is included on the MultiVOIP product CD.). Java is needed to support drop-down menus and multiple windows in the web GUI.

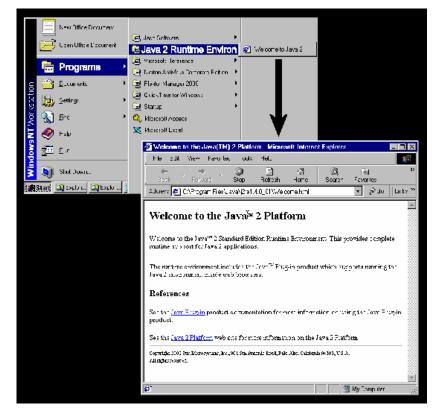
To install the Java program, go to the **Java** directory on the MultiVOIP product CD. Double-click on the EXE file to begin the installation. Follow the instructions on the Install Shield screens.



During the installation, you must specify which browser you'll use in the **Select Browsers** screen.

InstallShield Wizard	×
Select Browsers	
Java (TM) Plug-in will be the default Java runt	ime for the following browser(s):
Microsoft Internet Explorer	
Netscape 6	
You may change th Panel InstallShield	ne default in the Java(TM) Plug-in Control
	< Back Next Cancel

When installation is complete, the Java program becomes accessible in your **Start | Programs** menu (Java resources are readily available via the web). However, the Java program runs automatically in the background as a plug-in supporting the MultiVOIP web GUI. No overt user actions are required.



After the Java program has been installed, you can access the MultiVOIP using the web browser GUI. Close the MultiVOIP Windows GUI. Start the web browser. Enter the IP address of the MultiVOIP unit. Enter a password when prompted. (A password is needed here only if password has been set for the local Windows GUI or for the MultiVOIP's FTP Server function. See "Setting a Password --Web Browser GUI" earlier in this chapter.) The web browser GUI offers essentially the same control over the voip as can be achieved using the Windows GUI. As noted earlier, logging functions cannot be handled via the web GUI. And, because network communications will be slower than direct communications over a serial PC cable, command execution will be somewhat slower over the web browser GUI than with the Windows GUI.

SysLog Server Functions

MultiTech has built SysLog server functionality into the software of the MultiVOIP units. SysLog is a *de facto* standard for logging events in network communication systems.

The SysLog Server resides in the MultiVOIP unit itself. To implement this functionality, you will need a SysLog client program (sometimes referred to as a "daemon"). SysLog client programs, both paid and freeware, can be obtained from Kiwi Enterprises, among other firms. Read the End-User License Agreement carefully and observe license requirements. See www.kiwisyslog.com. SysLog client programs essentially give you a means of structuring console messages for convenience and ease of use.

MultiTech Systems does not endorse any particular SysLog client program. SysLog client programs by qualified providers should suffice for use with MultiVOIP units. Kiwi's brief description of their SysLog program is as follows:

> "Kiwi Syslog Daemon is a freeware Syslog Daemon for the Windows platform. It receives, logs, displays and forwards Syslog messages from hosts such as routers, switches, Unix hosts and any other syslog enabled device. There are many customizable options available."

Before a SysLog client program is used, the SysLog functionality must be enabled within the MultiVOIP in the **Logs** menu under **Configuration**.

	Logs
	Console Message Settings
	Enable Console Messages OK
	Logs
	Turn Off Logs
	SysLog Server
/	Enable
	Port : 514
	Online Statistics Updation Interval 5 Sec

The IP Address used will be that of the MultiVOIP itself.

In the **Port** field, entered by default, is the standard ('well-known') logical port, 514.

Configuring the SysLog Client Program. Configure the SysLog client program for your own needs. In various SysLog client programs, you can define where log messages will be saved/archived, opt for interaction with an SNMP system (like MultiVoipManager), set the content and format of log messages, determine disk space allocation limits for log messages, and establish a hierarchy for the seriousness of messages (normal, alert, critical, emergency, etc.). A sample presentation of SysLog info in the Kiwi daemon is shown below. SysLog programs will vary in features and presentation.

File View He	ei p		A DIST CONTRACTOR AND A DIST.		
🕑 😭 😣	🛆 🔯 🗖	isplay 00 (Default)	-		
Date	Time	Priority	Hostname	Message	1
09-18-2002	17:02:08	Syslog.Warning	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0020	
09-18-2002	17:02:07	Local0.Debug	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0019	
09-18-2002	17:02:06	Local5.Alert	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0018	
09-18-2002	17:02:06	System4.Debug	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0017	
09-18-2002	17:02:04	Local3.Info	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0016	
09-18-2002	17:02:03	Lpr.Critical	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0015	
09-18-2002	17:02:02	System4.Notice	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0014	
09-18-2002	17:02:01	System1.Critical	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0013	
09-18-2002	17:02:00	User.Warning	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0012	-
09-18-2002	17:01:59	System2.Info	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0011	
09-18-2002	17:01:58	Local6.Critical	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0010	
09-18-2002	17:01:57	Local4.Emerg	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0009	
09-18-2002	17:01:56	UUCP.Debug	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0008	
09-18-2002	17:01:55	Local4.Info	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0007	
09-18-2002	17:01:54	User.Error	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0006	
09-18-2002	17:01:53	Local3.Notice	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0005	
09-18-2002	17:01:52	Kernel.Info	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0004	
09-18-2002	17:01:51	News.Info	127.0.0.1	This is Syslog test message number 0003	
09-18-2002	17-01-50	Sustem3 Critical	127 0 0 1	This is Suslag test message number NNN2	

Chapter 9 Warranty, Service, and Tech Support

Limited Warranty

Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. ("MTS") warrants that its products will be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of two years from the date of purchase, or if proof of purchase is not provided, two years from date of shipment. MTS MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. This warranty does not apply to any products which have been damaged by lightning storms, water, or power surges or which have been neglected, altered, abused, used for a purpose other than the one for which they were manufactured, repaired by the customer or any party without MTS's written authorization, or used in any manner inconsistent with MTS's instructions.

MTS's entire obligation under this warranty shall be limited (at MTS's option) to repair or replacement of any products which prove to be defective within the warranty period, or, at MTS's option, issuance of a refund of the purchase price. Defective products must be returned by Customer to MTS's factory – transportation prepaid.

MTS WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES WILL ITS LIABILITY EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS.

Repair Procedures for U.S. and Canadian Customers

In the event that service is required, products may be shipped, freight prepaid, to our Mounds View, Minnesota factory:

Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. 2205 Woodale Drive Mounds View, MN 55112 Attn: Repairs, Serial # _____

A Returned Materials Authorization (RMA) is not required. Return shipping charges (surface) will be paid by MTS.

Please include, inside the shipping box, a description of the problem, a return shipping address (it must be a street address, not a P.O. Box number), your telephone number, and if the product is out of warranty, a check or purchase order for repair charges.

For out-of-warranty repair charges, go to <u>www.</u> multitech.com/documents/warranties

Extended two-year overnight replacement service agreements are available for selected products. Please call MTS at (888) 288-5470, extension 5308, or visit our web site at <u>www.multitech.com/programs/orc</u> for details on rates and coverages.

Please direct your questions regarding technical matters, product configuration, verification that the product is defective, etc., to our Technical Support department at (800) 972-2439 or email <u>tsupport@multitech.com</u>. Please direct your questions regarding repair expediting, receiving, shipping, billing, etc., to our Repair Accounting department at (800) 328-9717 or (763) 717-5631, or email <u>mtsrepair@multitech.com</u>.

Repairs for damages caused by lightning storms, water, power surges, incorrect installation, physical abuse, or used-caused damages are billed on a time-plus-materials basis.

Technical Support

Multi-Tech Systems has an excellent staff of technical support personnel available to help you get the most out of your Multi-Tech product. If you have any questions about the operation of this unit, or experience difficulty during installation you can contact Tech Support via the following:

Contacting Technical Support

Country	By E-mail	By telephone
France	support@multitech.fr	(33) 1-64 61 09 81
India	support@ multitechindia.com	(91) 124-340778
U.K.	support@ multitech.co.uk	(44) 118 959 7774
U.S. & Canada	tsupport@ multitech.com	(800) 972-2439
Rest of World	support@ multitech.com	(763) 785-3500

Internet: <u>http://www.multitech.com/</u>_forms/email_tech_support.htm

Please have your product information available, including model and serial number.

Chapter 10: Regulatory Information

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EMC, Safety, and R&TTE Directive Compliance

The CE mark is affixed to this product to confirm compliance with the following European Community Directives:

Council Directive 89/336/EEC of 3 May 1989 on the approximation of the laws of Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility, and

Council Directive 73/23/EEC of 19 February 1973 on the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits,

and

Council Directive 1999/5/EC of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity.

FCC Declaration

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a **Class A** digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference.

(2) This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Industry Canada

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A

respecte toutes les exigences du

Reglement Canadien sur le matériel brouilleur.

FCC Part 68 Telecom

- 1. This equipment complies with part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission Rules. On the outside surface of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC registration number. This information must be provided to the telephone company.
- 2. As indicated below, the suitable jack (Universal Service Order Code connecting arrangement) for this equipment is shown. If applicable, the facility interface codes (FIC) and service order codes (SOC) are shown.
- 3. An FCC compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided with this equipment. This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a compatible modular jack that is Part 68 compliant. See installation instructions for details.
- 4. If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. If advance notice is not practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible.
- 5. The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operation, or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens, the telephone company will provide advance notice to allow you to make necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.
- 6. If trouble is experienced with this equipment (the model of which is indicated below), please contact Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. at the address shown below for details of how to have repairs made. If the equipment is causing harm to the network, the telephone company

may request you to remove the equipment form t network until the problem is resolved.

7. No repairs are to be made by you. Repairs are to be made only by Multi-Tech Systems or its licensees. Unauthorized repairs void registration and warranty.

8. Manufacturer:
Trade name:
Model number:
FCC registration number:
Modular jack (USOC):
Service center in USA:

Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. MultiVOIP MVP-810/410/210 US: AU7DDNAN46050 RJ-48C Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. 2205 Woodale Drive Mounds View, MN 55112 Tel: (763) 785-3500 FAX: (763) 785-9874

Canadian Limitations Notice

Notice: The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements. The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

Repairs to certified equipment should be made by an authorized Canadian maintenance facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

Caution: Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

WEEE Statement

(Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment)

July, 2005

The WEEE directive places an obligation on EU-based manufacturers, distributors, retailers and importers to take-back electronics products at the end of their useful life. A sister Directive, ROHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) compliments the WEEE Directive by banning the presence of specific hazardous substances in the products at the design phase. The WEEE Directive covers all Multi-Tech products imported into the EU as of August 13, 2005. EU-based manufacturers, distributors, retailers and importers are obliged to finance the costs of recovery from municipal collection points, reuse, and recycling of specified percentages per the WEEE requirements.

Instructions for Disposal of WEEE by Users in the European Union

The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, it is the user's responsibility to dispose of their waste equipment by handing it over to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product.

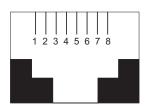


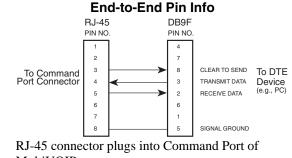
Appendix A: Cable Pinouts

Appendix A: Cable Pinouts

Command Cable

RJ-45 Connector





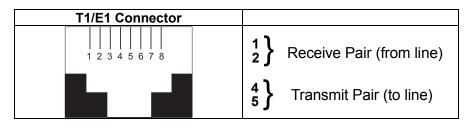
MultiVOIP. DB-9 connector plugs into serial port of command PC (which runs MultiVOIP configuration software).

Ethernet Connector

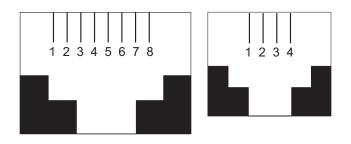
The functions of the individual conductors of the MultiVOIP's Ethernet port are shown on a pin-by-pin basis below.

RJ-45 Ethernet Connector	Pin	Circuit Signal Name
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 6	TD+ Data Transmit Positive TD- Data Transmit Negative RD+ Data Receive Positive RD- Data Receive Negative

T1/E1 Connector



Voice/Fax Channel Connectors



	Pin Functions (E&M Interface)			
Pin Descr Function				
1	М	Input		
2	Е	Output		
3	T1	4-Wire Output		
4	R	4-Wire Input, 2-Wire Input		
5	Т	4-Wire Input, 2-Wire Input		
6	R1	4-Wire Output		
7	SG	Signal Ground (Output)		
8	SB	Signal Battery (Output)		

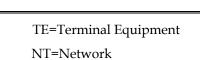
Pin Functions (FXS/FXO Interface)						
FXS Pin	FXS Pin Description FXO Pin Descrip					
2	N/C	2	N/C			
3	Ring	3	Tip			
4	Tip	4	Ring			
5	N/C	5	N/C			

ISDN BRI RJ-45 Pinout Information

The S/T interface uses an 8-conductor modular cable terminated with an 8-pin RJ-45 plug. An 8-pin RJ-45 jack located on the terminal is used to connect the terminal to the DSL (Digital Subscriber Loops) using this modular cable.

The table below shows the Pin Number, Terminal Pin Signal Name and Network Pin Signal name for the S/T interface.

Pin	TE Signal		NT Signal	Pin	
1	Not used		Not used	1	
2	Not used		Not used	2	
3	Tx+		Rx+	3	
4	Rx-		Tx-	4	
5	Rx+		Tx+	5	
6	Tx-		Rx-	6	
7	Not used		Not used	7	
8	Not used Not used 8				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8					



ISDN Interfaces: "ST" and "U"

The MVP410ST and MVP810ST are ISDN-BRI voip units that use an S/T outlet interface. You will need an NT1 device to connect these units to any network equipment that has the "U" ISDN interface. In the UK, and in many European countries, the telco supplies an NT1 device for ISDN-BRI service.

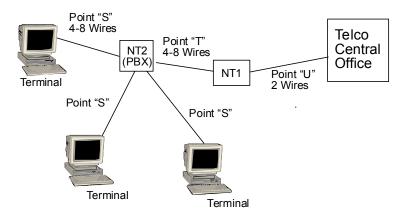
An ISDN Basic Rate (BRI) U-Loop consists of two conductors from the telco central office to the customer premises. The equipment on both sides of the U-loop accommodates the extensive length of the U-loop and the noisy environment in which it may operate. At the customer premises, the U-loop is terminated by an NT1 (network termination 1) device. An NT1 device makes an end-user's 4-wire terminal equipment compatible with the telco's 2-wire twisted pair ISDN-BRI line.

The NT1 drives an S/T bus. The S/T bus is usually made up of 4 wires, but in some cases may be 6 or 8 wires.

"S" and "T" refer to connection points in the ISDN specification.

When a PBX is present, *S* refers to the connection between the PBX and the terminal. ("Terminal" can mean any sort of end-user ISDN device: data terminals, telephones, FAX machines, voip units, etc.)

Point *T* refers to the connection between the NT1 device and customer supplied equipment. Terminals can connect directly to the NT1 device at point *T*, or there may be a PBX (private branch exchange, i.e., a customer-owned telephone exchange). The figure below shows "S" and "T" connection points in an ISDN network.



Appendix B: TCP/UDP Port Assignments

Well Known Port Numbers

The following description of port number assignments for Internet Protocol (IP) communication is taken from the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) web site (www.iana.org).

"The Well Known Ports are assigned by the IANA and on most systems can only be used by system (or root) processes or by programs executed by privileged users. Ports are used in the TCP [RFC793] to name the ends of logical connections which carry long term conversations. For the purpose of providing services to unknown callers, a service contact port is defined. This list specifies the port used by the server process as its contact port. The contact port is sometimes called the "wellknown port". To the extent possible, these same port assignments are used with the UDP [RFC768]. The range for assigned ports managed by the IANA is 0-1023."

Well-known port numbers especially pertinent to MultiVOIP operation are listed below.

Port Number Assignment List

Well-Known Port Numbers

Function	Port Number
telnet	23
tftp	69
snmp	161
snmp tray	162
gatekeeper registration	1719
H.323	1720
SIP	5060
SysLog	514

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T1	
Add Prefix (outbound) field	
E1	254
T1	
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E1	
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Add Prefix	
Channel Number	
Description (callee location)	
Enable (Call Forwarding)	
Forward Condition	

Forward Destination 220
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Advanced button214Description213Destination Pattern213IP Address213Protocol Type213
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